T[WO] CENTS gets [you] the latest news in the big[gest] southern paper

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

ALL THE NEWS for two cents is what The Constitution is now offering.

PRICE TWO CENTS — VOL. XXXIV ATLANTA, GA., SATURDAY, MORNING, NOVEMBER 9 1901—TWELVE PAGES. — PRICE TWO CENTS

CARNEGIE LIBRARY OF ATLANTA.

THREE OF THE ESCAPES DIE FULL OF LEAD

Five of the Leavenworth Convicts Who Gained Liberty Found in a Barn.

REFUSED TO SURRENDER AND RAN FOR THEIR LIVES

Running Duel Between Pursuers and Fugitives—Three of the Convicts Killed and Other Two Captured—The Warden Talks.

Leavenworth, Kans., November 8.—Five of the twenty-six convicts who escaped from the stockade of the federal prison here yesterday afternoon have been accounted for. These three of the five are dead:

JAMES HOFFMAN, aged 20, white.

J. J. POFFENHOL, aged 25, white; a soldier convict.

JOHN GREEN, aged 21, white.

The fourth, Willard Drake, white, aged 19, is wounded and recaptured, and the fifth, Fred Moore, aged 16, a negro, is recaptured, unhurt.

The five men were discovered in the barn of Fay Weishaar, a quarter of a mile from Nortonville, Kans., about 3 o'clock this afternoon. Weishaar went into the barn and was ordered out at the point of guns. He rushed to Nortonville and gathered a wagon load of men, who, with revolvers, shotguns and a few winchesters, hastened to the scene. The convicts saw the men coming and rushed from the barn. They had two shotguns and revolvers. The posse pursued them, and a running duel resulted. The convicts were at a disadvantage, and their shots had no effect, while at every volley from the posse one of the convicts fell. After two of them fell, two of the others gave themselves up, one being wounded, the other unhurt. The fifth was fully 200 yards away, when a man with a winchester drew a bead on him and fired. He was evidently hit, but tried to go on, and a volley was fired at him and he fell dead. None of the citizens were hurt.

Reports come from numerous points today of the arrest of men supposed to be the fugitive convicts, but none of the suspects have been identified.

The oldest of the fugitives is aged 28 years. Quinn Fort, who was killed yesterday, was 19 years old. One of the convicts still at large is a military prisoner, and the remainder were serving terms for robbery or assault. One is an Indian and two are negroes. Nearly all came from Oklahoma and Indian Territory, and they are supposed to be making for that country. They are hardy men, used to firearms and horses. Some have obtained both, but others are afoot and defenseless.

Warden McClaughey says he will capture every one of the men. In the districts around the city every road and river crossing that the fugitives might be expected to use is guarded by armed men, the farmers having turned out to earn the $60 reward that will be paid for the return of each convict. Those of the men that are armed are likely to be shot on sight.

Two more convicts—Donald Norie and R. L. Davenport—were captured today in a field 2 miles north of Jarbalo. They were hiding in a ravine and, being unarmed, they surrendered without resistance.

MACCABEES WILL NOT LOSE.

Surety Company Will Pay Amount of Thompson's Bond.

Port Huron, Mich., November 8.—The Fidelity and Deposit Company, of Maryland, which carried the bond of Charles D. Thompson, the self-confessed defaulting supreme finance keeper of the supreme tent of the Knights of the Maccabees, before being released last July, is liable for any loss which the order may have sustained by the defalcation. Representatives of the company, it is said, have informed Maccabbee officials that the loss will be paid. Therefore it is now probable that Thompson will be arrested tomorrow. It was announced today that Thompson's shortage was $60,000 instead of $57,000.

LATEST MARYLAND RETURNS.

Senate Stands Democrats 17, Republicans 9.

Baltimore, November 8.—Almost complete official returns show that Joshua W. Hering, democratic state comptroller, has been reelected by a plurality of 548 votes over Herman S. Platt, republican. Thomas Parran, republican, has been elected clerk of the court of appeals by a plurality of 1,258 over J. Frank Turner, the democratic incumbent. In the counties Mr. Turner had a plurality of 2,508, but was defeated in the city. The official count in Caroline county elects Jefferson, democrat, to the house by a majority of 4, in place of Stevens, republican, who was reported yesterday to have been elected by a majority of 1. This, however, is counter-balanced in Kent county by the election to the house of Kendall, republican, by a majority of 31 over Johnson, democrat, heretofore reported elected by a majority of 5. The official count in the counties gives the democrats forty-eight members in the house and the republicans twenty-nine. This would enable the democrats to organize the house, even if the official count in Baltimore city should show that the republicans had elected a solid delegation of eighteen members, which is improbable.

The indications are that three democrats have been elected delegates from Baltimore city, but at the rate at which the official count is progressing, it probably will be two days at least before a decision is reached. The senate, according to the official returns, will stand: Democrats, 17; republicans, 9.

GENERAL WHEELER TO QUIT THE SOUTH



GENERAL JOE WHEELER.

Will Be Head of a New Arms Company To Be Organized in Philadelphia---Other Army Officers in the Company.

PHILADELPHIA, November 8.—A company, of which General Joseph Wheeler is a director, is contemplating the establishment of a plant in this city for the manufacture of a new firearm. The general is here and purposes making Philadelphia his home. The chief merits claimed for the new weapon are freedom from recoil and in the rifle automatic action in loading and firing.

The United States board of ordnance and fortification, it is said, has had tests made and given appropriations in order to conduct the tests and to apply the device to artillery. Army officers are interested in the company.

HANNA VISITS WHITE HOUSE

First Time Since the Death of President McKinley.

Washington, November 8.—Senator Hanna, of Ohio, today made his first visit to the white house since the death of the late President McKinley. He was accompanied by John G. Milburn, of Buffalo, at whose residence McKinley died. The president received both of them cordially and when the members of the cabinet assembled, shortly after their arrival, he took them into the cabinet room, where they shook hands with the cabinet officers.

Senator Hanna's visit was in connection with the McKinley memorial project.

President Roosevelt had as his guests at dinner tonight Senator Hanna and John G. Milburn, of Buffalo.

TO LET UP ON APPOINTMENTS.

President Roosevelt Will Wait Until Congress Meets.

Washington, November 8.—President Roosevelt has decided not to make any more appointments of importance until congress meets. All recess appointees must be reappointed upon the assembling of congress, and the president thinks that all the larger appointments should be held up until he can send the names directly to the senate. No immediate action, therefore, will be taken in the case of the appraisership and collectorship of the port of New York. Such action as will be taken has not been determined definitely, but if the present inclination of the president prevails, both Appraiser Wakeman and Collector Bidwell will be succeeded by other appointees.

REPORT HAS BEEN DENIED.

President Scrysmer Says Panama Has Not Been Captured.

Washington, November 8.—The state department today received a message from President Scrymser, of the cable company which connects at Colon, denying the reported capture of Panama. There are about 1,000 insurgents within fifteen miles of Panama.

The state department, in view of the continued reports of insurgents movements near Panama, through its consul on the isthmus, has taken steps to warn the public that under no conditions must there be interference with free transit across the isthmus.

FRIGHTENED BY EXPLOSION.

Robbers Run Away, Leaving Money in the Vault.

Darien, Wis., November 8.—Three robbers made a bold attempt early today to loot the Farmers' State bank here, but were foiled by an overcharge of nitroglycerine. The vault was wrecked and the front of the building blown out. In the vault was $5,000 in cash and $20,000 in negotiable securities, but the robbers were so alarmed by the explosion that without stopping to secure any plunder, they jumped into a vehicle in waiting and drove away at top speed.

Yankton, S. Dak., November 8.—The bank of Scotland, S. Dak., was robbed today of $5,000. The safe was blown, and the entire contents carried away. The explosion aroused citizens, who hurried to the bank building, just in time to see the two robbers making their escape on horses.

ALL SWITCHMEN RESPONDED.

Order for Strike on Denver and Rio Grande Obeyed.

Denver, Colo., November 8.—Advices received by Grand Master Frank E. Hawley, of the Switchmen's Union of America, who is in charge of the strike on the Denver and Rio Grande, called into effect last evening, indicate that the strike order has been obeyed by every switchman employed on the Rio Grande system, numbering 235 men. Mr. Hawley, in an interview, stated that the switchmen did not expect assistance from the other trainmen orders.

London Fog Lifts.

London, November 8.—The fog has lifted and numerous vessels damaged in collision have been arriving at various ports. No serious fatalities are reported.

FOUND DEAD IN BATH ROOM

Mrs. White Slipped and Her Head Struck Marble Basin.

New York, November 8.—Mrs. Archibald S. White, wife of the president of the National Salt Company, was found dead in the bath room of her residence on West Eighty-sixth street today.

Mrs. White lost her life as the result of a most unusual accident. A slip on the floor of the bath room caused her to fall backward, her head striking the edge of a marble basin and fracturing her skull. Mrs. White's maid went to her room some time after the accident. Not finding her mistress, the maid went to the bath room, where Mrs. White lay on the floor dead. Mrs. White was about 40 years old. She was a Miss Rigney, of Brooklyn and was married about ten years ago. One child, a daughter, 8 years old, survives her.

CALLAHAN IS TURNED LOOSE.

Jury Says He Did Not Kidnap Young Eddie Cudahy.

Omaha, Neb., November 8.—The jury in the case of James Callahan, after being out thirty-six hours, brought in a verdict tonight, finding the defendant not guilty, and the prisoner was discharged. This is the last echo in the Cudahy kidnaping case, and is practically the second time Callahan has been acquitted of the kidnaping charge.

It was remarked that there is now little to prevent Pat Crowe from coming to Omaha. The evidence on which Callahan has been tried would probably prevail in case of Crowe being tried on the same charges, and County Attorney Shields tonight gave it as his opinion that Crowe would return.

CONTEMPT CASE CONCLUDED.

Judge Reserves His Decision Until Next Tuesday.

Chicago, November 8.—The contempt case against the editors of Hearst's Chicago American was concluded today, and Judge Hanecy reserves his decision until Tuesday next. Judge Shope, on behalf of Judge Hanecy, closed his argument with a lengthy interpretation of the law in such cases. Every inch of standing room was occupied, chiefly by lawyers.

IDENTIFIED AS LONGBAUGH.

Man Held at St. Louis Said To Be Train Robber.

St. Louis, November 8.—The Post-Dispatch says that the man arrested Tuesday, suspected of being one of the robbers who held up the Great Northern express train near Wagner, Mont., last July, was positively identified today as Harry Longbaugh, who is known to have been one of the participants in the robbery.

The identification was made by a St. Louis business man, who was prosecuting attorney in Cook county, Wyoming, in 1887, when Longbaugh was arrested as a member of a gang of horse thieves and convicted. The man asked the police to withhold his name. Longbaugh was visibly startled when confronted by the St. Louis man.

The prisoner still refused either to admit or deny his identity after the interview.

ON THE WAY TO CHARLESTON.

New York State Commission Leave for the Exposition.

New York, November 8.—The New York state commission to the South Carolina Interstate and West Indian exposition, appointed by Governor Odell last spring to represent the state at that exposition and to construct and maintain the New York state building there, left for Charleston this afternoon on the Clyde steamship Comanche. The members of the commission are: S. Christy Mead, president, who is the assistant secretary of the Merchants' Association of New York; Simon Hess, Harrison Beatty and James B. Townsend, who is the secretary of the commission as well as the art director of the exposition. They were accompanied by W. A. Wheeler, the assistant secretary, who will be in charge of the New York state building throughout the exposition.

Russian Bank Fails.

St. Petersburg, November 8.—Two banks have failed at Riga. A banker, named Smolian, attempted to commit suicide.

FRANCE GETS WHAT IT WANTS FROM TURKEY

Sultan Yields to Everything Demanded of Him by the Frenchmen.

COMPLETE TRIUMPH OF THE CHRISTIANS

Turks Authorize Reconstruction of Schools and Other Buildings Destroyed During the Armenian Massacres and Takes Off Taxes.

Paris, November 8.—France has scored a complete triumph in the Turkish dispute. The foreign office this morning received advices announcing that the sultan has yielded to the entire demands formulated by the French government, and only the question of form regarding the execution of the agreement remains to be settled. This may be done within the next twenty-four hours or it is expected, at the latest, in two or three days. Then Admiral Caillard will relinquish his occupation of the island of Mitylene.

The Temps prints a dispatch from Constantinople dated today which says that the sultan, in accepting the French demands, firstly, authorizes the working of the French schools, hitherto unrecognized; secondly, he recognizes, officially, the existence of the religious and hospitable institutions already founded and accords them customs immunity and exemption from certain taxes, and thirdly, he authorizes the reconstruction of the schools and hospitable institutions destroyed at the time of the Armenian troubles, of which a detailed list is attached to the French note.

Tewfik Pasha, the Turkish foreign minister, has announced that the recognition of the Chaldean patriarch, demanded by France, has been already accorded.

ASKS THEM TO STATE AMOUNT.

Consul Dickinson's Reply to the Note of the Brigands.

Sofia, Bulgaria, November 8.—The government last night caused the arrest of a man who was visiting United States Consul General Dickinson, and searched him, presumably thinking he was an emissary of the brigands, and expecting to seize a communication from or to Miss Stone, the American missionary. The man was subsequently released. This action of the authorities was, seemingly, a deliberate attempt to frighten delegates who might visit Mr. Dickinson. Mr. Dickinson, in his reply to Miss Stone's letter, urged the brigands to still further reduce their demands and accept the amount subscribed. It is believed the brigands will agree to this, as they are now beginning to feel hard pressed and want money for current expenses, such as bribery of officials, peasants and others.

GAMBLER KILLS A BANDIT.

Three Masked Men Hold Up an Arizona Den.

Phenix, Ariz., November 8.—One bandit was killed and one injured as the result of an attempt by three masked robbers to hold up the gambling house of Deel & Co. last night at Naco, an Arizona border town. The dead bandit has been identified as Will Cravens, of Dogs Springs, N. Mex. A group of gamesters and loungers obeyed when the desperadoes entered the saloon at a late hour and ordered "hands up." Cravens approached the roulette and proceeded to fill a bag with the bank cash, amounting to several thousand dollars. E. Ellis drew a revolver before the movement was detected by the robbers and Cravens fell dead when he shot.

LAMP EXPLOSION THE CAUSE.

Four Deaths by Accident at South Norwalk, Conn.

South Norwalk, Conn., November 8.—Mrs. Guy Deninbera and her infant child, who were severely burned in a fire which consumed their home on Chapel street last night, died today. This makes four deaths the record of the fire, two of the Deninbera children having perished in the house. An explosion of a lamp, which spread burning oil over the family group while at supper was the cause of the tragedy.

PAN-AMERICAN CONFERENCE.

International Sanitary Regulations Discussed.

Mexico City, November 8.—The Mexican delegation at this morning's session of the Pan-American conference presented a project on international sanitary regulations. The project reviews the recent scientific discoveries.

The Brazilian delegation this morning presented a project of the treaty whereby arbitration is proclaimed not as obligatory, but as a regular means of settling international controversies among the republics of America.

INVITATIONS TO ADMIRAL.

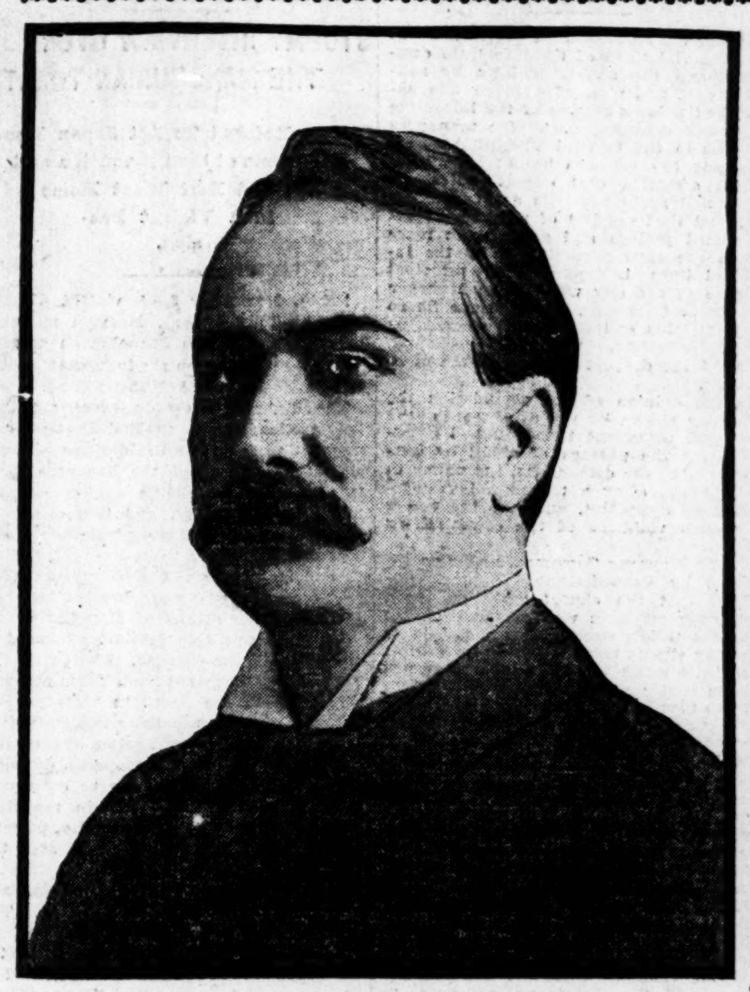
Vicksburg and Hot Springs Want a Visit From Schley.

Vicksburg, Miss., November 8.—A telegram was addressed by Mayor Trowbridge today to Rear Admiral Schley inviting him to visit this city on the occasion of his tour to Memphis in January.

Hot Springs, Ark., November 8.—At a special session of the city council tonight an invitation was extended to Admiral Schley to visit Hot Springs and remain as long as is his pleasure the guest of the valley. Mayor Belding will communicate the invitation at once.

...the de-... [illegible], has been out cam-... [illegible] Ohio, and Saturday night he

RUCKER MAY LOSE JOB TO MR. T. H. MARTIN



T. H. MARTIN, OF ATLANTA.

Statement Made from Authoritative Source in Washington That T. H. Martin Will Be Made Collector of Internal Revenues.

Washington, November 8.—(Special.)—From an almost authoritative source the statement was made today that T. H. Martin, of Atlanta, Ga., will be appointed collector of internal revenues of Georgia to succeed Henry A. Rucker, the incumbent.

The announcement that Rucker, the negro collector, is to be removed is no surprise, since there has been a persistent rumor to that effect since President Roosevelt held his first conferences with prominent Georgia white republicans here. When it was learned here yesterday that Mr. Martin had resigned two important positions in Atlanta it was an open secret that he had done so in order to accept the collectorship. The official appointment, though it may not be made for some time, is believed here to be only a question of time.

It is understood that Mr. Martin's name was presented to the president when he first announced his intention of placing the best available men in office and displayed an evident inclination to relieve certain sections of negro office holders. It is said that Mr. Martin's name was at first put forward by a prominent Georgian who had not at that time consulted Mr. Martin. Later the matter was taken up by other Georgians, and a strong and what now seems to be a successful effort was made to secure the appointment. A number of other names have been suggested to the president, but there is every reason to believe that Mr. Martin has been decided upon as the appointee, and his resignation from important positions only serves to add strength to the rumors.

When the foregoing special was received from Washington last night it was too late to communicate with Mr. Martin for a statement concerning the rumors that are afloat in Washington as to his appointment. The appointment, if it is made, is one that will doubtless meet with the approval of the white republicans of Georgia. Mr. Martin is well known as one of the most prominent as well as one of the most active republicans in this section. In 1896 he organized the McKinley club of Fulton county and made a strong fight in the interest of the gold standard.

Mr. Martin has been closely and actively identified with all movements for the advancement of the interests of this city and this section, and has been secretary of the successful state fairs held here every fall. He was for a long period secretary of the Business Men's League of Atlanta, and when that organization was consolidated with the Atlanta chamber of commerce he became secretary of the two organizations, and retained the position until his resignation, which was announced in The Constitution Thursday.

Mr. Martin's success in the many undertakings with which he has been identified has been largely due to his remarkable executive ability, and he is well equipped for the work that would fall to him as collector of internal revenues, should he be named.

The announcement that Rucker will probably be removed will doubtless come as a distinct shock in the circle of Atlanta office holding republicans, and the rumor will doubtless be denied. However, the special received by The Constitution is from such a source as to make it almost a positive statement.

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS

FORECAST.

Fair Saturday and Sunday; variable winds.

YESTERDAY'S TEMPERATURE.

Highest temperature	65	Normal temperature	57
Lowest temperature	41	Precipitation for past 24 hours	.00
Mean temperature	53	Excess since January 1	7.95
Deficiency since 1st of January	.58		

LOCAL.

House of representatives passes dispensary or anti-barroom bill of Hon. Seaborn Wright, of Floyd.

Bill to be introduced in house today will seek to place additional taxation on all insurance companies doing business in Georgia.

Mandamus proceedings to compel city to permit construction of Monnish residence on Peachtree street will be heard today.

Information reaches Atlanta from Washington, D. C., to the effect that Rucker, the negro collector of internal revenues, will be succeeded by T. H. Martin.

GEORGIA

Two hotels at Oconee Springs, the one owned by Dr. DeJarnette and the W. J. Northen house, were wholly destroyed by fire Thursday night, all the furniture in the DeJarnette house being consumed. Arrangements for immediate rebuilding have been made.

Rome's cotton receipts up to date have been 15,000 bales, a decided increase over the Rome market up to the same date last year.

Felton Mitchell, while out hunting yesterday near Rome, was shot in the face and painfully wounded by his friend and companion, Hamilton Yancey, Jr.

The Georgia editors now in Savannah visiting the State fair are entertained by Colonel J. H. Estill at his country home on the Isle of Hope.

The Woman's Club at Covington entertain the citizens with its annual flower show, the exhibition being one of excellence.

SOUTHERN.

Sheriff of Sevier county accepts bond for Robert L. Catlett, charged with having a hand in a murder committed in 1896, as a condition upon which the fugitive surrenders.

State of Texas makes a demand upon national interior department for $88,699, money expended by the Lone Star State upon Greer county, which is now a part of Oklahoma.

Lamp explodes in a baggage car on the Florida fast mail near Columbia, S. C., and the train dashes into the station in full blaze. Local fire department extinguished the flames.

In Madison, Fla., Will Jones, the negro who killed three men a few weeks ago, is hanged by the sheriff in the presence of a large crowd.

Helen Hutton, a leader in her social set in Decatur, Ala., blows her brains out because the young man to whom she was engaged did not appear at the wedding hour.

DOMESTIC.

Three of the convicts who escaped from the federal prison at Leavenworth, Kans., were killed by their pursuers yesterday.

General Wheeler will move to Philadelphia, where he will be at the head of an arms company.

Senator Hanna dined with the president last night. His object in visiting the white house was to talk about the proposed McKinley memorial with Mr. Roosevelt.

Evidence against Jane Toppan, alleged poisoner, is accumulating and prosecution says she will be convicted.

FOREIGN.

Turkey has yielded to the demands of France, agreeing to all the terms.

Consul Dickinson has asked the brigands to reduce the amount asked f[or] the release of Miss Stone.

The duke of Cornwall has been created prince of Wales.

RENTAL FUND ASKED FOR TO BUILD DEPOT

New Bill Proposes Use of One-Half Rental from Western and Atlantic.

COMMISSION IN CHARGE IS GIVEN FULL POWER

Cases Against Representatives of Railroads Will Be Heard This Afternoon at 2:30 O'clock by Recorder Nash Broyles.

As announced exclusively in The Constitution several days ago, a bill providing for the erection of a new depot in Atlanta by the state will be introduced in the legislature today or Monday.

There is great interest in the matter, and a general belief prevails that the bill will be passed. It was presented to the depot committee yesterday morning, but its publication was not permitted. The introduction of the bill seems to bring the depot problem nearer a solution than it has been during the past year. While the members of the committee will not give it to the press, a complete outline of the measure has been obtained.

Provisions of New Bill.

The bill providing for the erection of a new union passenger station to be introduced in the legislature within the next few days will provide for the appointment of a permanent commission to take charge of the matter of building. The idea is to appoint a commission just as was done in the case of the present capitol building, provide an appropriation for the purpose, and have the work done under the supervision and direction of this commission. It is proposed to give plenary power to the commission.

As to the appropriation for building the depot, the bill will provide that it shall be made from any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the idea being, as has been stated, to use one-half of the Western and Atlantic rental for three or four years as may be found necessary, or such other money in the treasury as may come within the scope of the appropriation feature of the bill. It is said that in the case of the present capitol building there was only $55,000 on hand that could be used when the work was started. The money was gradually secured thereafter in accordance with the appropriation.

The bill will state that in no case shall there be any increase in taxation for the purpose of raising the money to build the depot. The idea is to secure the money without raising it by taxation from some fund coming into the treasury from other sources as stated.

"The committee has concluded," said one of its prominent members yesterday, "that the state ought to go ahead and build a depot on its own property, without asking the railroads anything about it. That's what we will recommend, and our bill will provide for carrying out that idea. When the depot is built I don't think there will be any doubt about the railroads using it. They will all use it, and will be glad to do so, just as they are doing now. The state's property is at stake, and this is the only proper thing for us to do, and we ought to do it right now. The state ought to have a new depot, and its property ought to be protected. We are going to push the matter in the house and senate, and I feel confident it will meet with success."

Cases Before Recorder.

This afternoon at 2:30 o'clock Judge Nash Broyles will hear the cases of those railroad officials who were summoned to answer the charge of maintaining a nuisance in the dingy depot.

The summons recite the fact that the depot is a hot bed of disgusting odors; the breeding place of countless disease germs and multitudinous microbes of rare and awful species, and, generally speaking, a death-dealing place not fit for the habitation of mortal man.

Who is responsible for this condition of affairs will be decided by Judge Broyles this afternoon. Those who have been summoned to appear at the police court are C. A. Wickersham, J. M. Egan, E. Berkley, J. S. B. Thompson, T. K. Scott and C. E. Harman.

The trial is expected to be one of unusual interest. Many intricate points of law will be involved and the case of the city and that of the various railroad officials will be bitterly contested. City Attorney Mayson will represent the city's interests and the defendants will be surrounded by an array of legal talent.

For Gents, Not Gentlemen.

Was it humor, unconscious and excruciatingly funny, that prompted the city attorney to use the word "gents" in connection with the male toilet room; or was it a serious, sober fact that he sought to set forth? Probably it was the latter! At all events the fact is apparent. The toilet room is no place for a gentleman. Perhaps a "gent" may venture there with impunity, but a gentleman would shun the place as he would the plague!

It is a sad fact to relate that the railroads in charge of the depot have actually gotten so poor that they cannot afford to furnish soap! All day yesterday the "gents" toilet room was without this useful article. A passenger who came in from a long trip, covered with dust and cinders, was compelled either to wash his hands in cold water or wait until he arrived at some place less poverty stricken.

This fact is really a sad reflection on the public-spiritedness of the city of Atlanta. Recognizing the poverty of th[e] railroads that enter the depot, it is rea[sonable] up to some charitably-inclined ph[ilan]thropist to supply the toilet room [illegible] [su]fficient amount of soap each [illegible] multitudes who ar[rive] [illegible] [on]ce clean city!

[Adjacent page, partly visible at left edge:]

[SPEC]IAL NOTICES

[Pa]uck, 42 Peachtree Street. [P]aper, painting, paper hanging.

MEETING.

Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 7, 1901. [Annu]al meeting of the stockholders [of the Ta]tahala Marble and Talc Com[pany will] be held at noon Tuesday, No[vember ...,]at 215 Prudential building, [Atlant]a. W. H. PATTERSON, Secretary.

[F]UNERAL NOTICE.

The friends and acquaintances [of Mr.] and Mrs. William D. Grant, [Mr. an]d Mrs. John W. Grant and Mr. [and Mr]s. John M. Slaton are invited [to atte]nd the funeral of Mr. William [Gra]nt at the residence, No. 427 [Peacht]ree street, on Friday after[noon a]t 2:30 o'clock. Interment at [Oakland] cemetery. The following gen[tlemen] are requested to act as pall[bearers] and to meet at the residence [at ...] p. m.: A. L. Waldo, Hugh [Inm]an, R. M. Clayton, Forrest [Adair,] Thomas H. Morgan, J. H. [...]n, James L. Dickey and [...] F. Whitner.

[T]HE WEATHER.

[Washingto]n, November 7.—Forecast for Saturday: [N]orth and South Carolina and East[ern ...]—Fair Friday and Saturday; light [...]th winds. [...]Fair Friday; colder in southwest [...]urday fair; fresh winds, shifting [n]orthwest. [Fl]orida—Fair Friday and Saturday; [...]y southerly. [...]nd Mississippi—Fair Friday and [va]riable winds. [...] and Eastern Texas—Fair Friday [...]y; light southerly winds. [...]Texas—Fair Friday; warmer in [...]tion; Saturday fair; winds mostly

[Fro]m Various Stations.

[STA]TIONS.	Temperature 7 p. m.	Highest Temperature.	Rainfall in past 12 hours.
...r	66	74	.00
...ar	54	64	.00
...dy	44	56	T
...art cloudy	56	62	.00
...ar	54	62	.00
... clear	62	68	.00
...ar	38	54	T
...cloudy	40	54	.00
...ti, clear	72	74	.00
...dy	42	48	T
... clear	44	60	.00
...oudy	68	70	.06
...	32	36	.00
... clear	60	70	.00
... cloudy	66	76	.00
... clear	46	46	.00
...lear	74	76	.00
...ear	58	66	.00
...ar	58	68	.00
...	60	66	.00
... clear	60	68	.00
... clear	62	70	.00
...art cloudy	48	50	.00
...r	48	62	.00
...	38	42	.00
...ar	66	76	.00
...ar	50	62	.00
...clear	52	66	.00
...	46		.00
...ar	24	32	.00
...rt cloudy	58	66	.00
...y	64	74	.00
...ar	66	74	.00
...clear	50	60	.00

[T] trace of rain or snow. J. B. MARBURY, Local Forecast Official.

[Business] Men go to [Ke]lander's Hotel. [...] MARIETTA STREET. [S]uperior location and accommodation

[Arrival a]nd Departure of Trains. [CENTRAL] OF GEORGIA RAILWAY. ... [ATLANTA] AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD. ... [SEABOAR]D AIR LINE RAILROAD. ... [GE]ORGIA RAILROAD. ... [ATLANTA AN]D WEST POINT RAILROAD. ... [K]NOXVILLE AND NORTHERN. ... [Oth]er trains daily except Sunday.

[Sou]thern Railway, [...]r Its Great Through [and] Dining Car Service. [C]OACHES AND SLEEPERS [AL]L DIRECTIONS. [Shortest and Quicke]rd Route To the East.

FIRES ON THE MOUNTAIN TOPS

Trepidation of the People at Guaymas, Mexico, Is Great.

YAQUI INDIANS ARE THREATENING TROUBLE

In a Fight With Mexican Cavalry Several Indians Were Killed and the Tribe Is Preparing To Wage War on Mexicans.

Denver, Colo., November 8.—A special to The News from Tucson, Ariz., says that great fires are built along every night by the Yaquis in the mountains near Guaymas Mex. In the recent fight between the Yaquis and the Mexican cavalry a number of Indians were killed and their comrades are now holding weird ceremonies over the bodies, which they took to the highest point on the mountains surrounding Guaymas. From Cerro mountain they watch the approach of posses and are able to fight to advantage. The Yaquis make raids nightly on fanches They have an abundance of horses and ammunition, and seem disposed to continue fighting. The Guaymas people fear attack at night, and posses have been stationed outside of the city to arouse the people in case the Indians come. The situation is more serious than it has been for some time.

OGDEN AND THE EDUCATORS.

Dinner Given By Him at the Waldorf-Astoria Last Night.

New York, November 8.—Robert C. Ogden, president of the Southern Educational conference, gave a dinner tonight in honor of the members of the executive board of that organization, now in session in this city, at the Waldorf-Astoria. About eighty guests were present, among whom were Bishop Doane, of Albany, and Dr. G. S. Dickerson, of New Haven, Conn. The members of the board present were: J. L. M. Curry, Washington, D. C.; Dr. C. W. Dabney, president of the University of Tennessee; Dr. E. A. Alderman, president of Tulane university, New Orleans; Dr. C. D. McIver, president of the North Carolina state college for women; Dr. P. B. Frissell, principal of Hampton institute; the Rev. Wallace Buttrick, Albany, and George Foster Peabody. President Ogden was one of the principal speakers of the evening.

OPPOSED TO TARIFF REVISION.

Payne and Others of Committee Disagree With Babcock.

Washington, November 8.—Representative Sereno E. Payne, chairman of the ways and means committee of the house, and republican leader of that body, saw the president again today in company with Representative Steele, who is also a member of the committee. The meeting today followed a conference which they had with the president yesterday. The president discussed with them matters of reciprocity, revenue and tariff, which may come before their committee at the approaching session of congress, and yesterday read to them the portion of his message covering these subjects. Mr. Payne and some of his colleagues on the committee are very firmly opposed to tariff revision at this time, disagreeing entirely with the views of Mr. Babcock, of Wisconsin, who favors revision on certain lines.

PAUNCEFOTE TALKS WITH HAY

Conversation About Preparation of the Treaty.

Washington, November 8.—Lord Pauncefote, the British ambassador, had a half hour's talk to day with Secretary Hay in regard to the preparation of the new Hay-Pauncefote treaty. It is expected that in view of the progress that has been made, the convention may be concluded, so far as the executive branch of the government is concerned, the latter part of next week.

Knows No Distinction.

Rich and Poor Alike Suffer from Catarrh in This Climate.

All observant physicians have noticed the enormous increase in catarrhal diseases in recent years, and the most liberal and enlightened have cheerfully



given their approval to the new internal remedy, Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, as the most successful and by far the safest remedy for catarrh yet produced.

One well known catarrh specialist, as soon as he had made a thorough test of this preparation discarded inhalers, washes and sprays and now depends entirely upon Stuart's Catarrh Tablets in treating catarrh, whether in the head, throat or stomach.

Dr. Risdell says: "In patients who had lost the sense of smell entirely and even where the hearing has begun to be affected from catarrh, I have had fine results after only a few weeks' use of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets. I can only explain their action on the theory that the cleansing and antiseptic properties of the tablets destroy the catarrhal germs wherever found, because I have found the tablets equally valuable in catarrh of the throat and stomach as in nasal catarrh."

Dr. Estabrook says Stuart's Catarrh Tablets are especially useful in nasal catarrh and catarrh of the throat, clearing the membranes of mucous and speedily overcoming the hawking, coughing and expectorating.

Any sufferer from catarrh will find Stuart's Catarrh Tablets will give immediate relief, and being in tablet form and pleasant to the taste, are convenient and always ready for use, as they can be carried in the pocket and used at any time as they contain no poisonous drugs, containing only the cleansing antiseptic properties of Eucalyptus bark, Guaiacol, bloodroot, Hydrastin.

Druggists sell the ... complete treatment ...

SHOWS LAWS ARE VIOLATED

Interstate Commerce Commission in Session at Chicago.

SOME INTERESTING EVIDENCE

Export Rates on Grain Are Constantly Cut and Tariffs Seldom Maintained.

Chicago, November 8.—Evidence of flagrant violations of the interstate commerce and the anti-trust laws by railroads east and west of Chicago was adduced at today's session of the interstate commerce commission. Traffic managers of lines in the Central Freight Association and the Western Trunk Line committee admitted that export rates on grain and grain products are constantly cut, and that officials of the roads meet at stated periods and agree upon rates which are then promulgated by the individual lines interested. The principal witness of the day was Traffic Manager George J. Grammar, of the Lake Shore road, and his recitation of the conditons of affairs relative to grain, eastbound, aroused the deepest interest of the commission.

In the opinion of the commission the condition shown by the evidence is the strongest argument that could be adduced for the passage of a bill by congress giving the commission the power to make rates, after a thorough investigation upon complaint, and also the power to punish violators of the commission's rulings.

Traffic Manager Grammar, under examination by Commissioner Prouty, admitted that the export rates on grain and grain products were constantly cut; that the tariffs were seldom maintained; that the export rates were always secret; that little grain had been moving as domestic grain; that an association existed, the members of which met at regular periods and in violation of the anti-trust law agreed upon rates and percentages, and kept a record of the same. When asked why the roads did not publish their export rates the same as domestic rates, he replied that if they did the press of the country would charge that the railroads were favoring foreign countries and foreign markets at the expense of the home markets and producers

J. T. Hudson, traffic manager of the Illinois Central, and several prominent mill owners testified regarding the discrepancy between grain and flour rates claiming that the railroads had practically closed the European markets to American flour.

It transpired during the investigation that the commission is interested in the preparation of a measure which is to be a modification of the Cullom bill, and which will be introduced at the next session of congress. It was also asserted that the result of the evidence taken by the commission here and in New York city will be given to congress in the form of a report and petition for the remedial legislation sought.

Malaria Makes Impure Blood.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic cures Malaria. 50c.

WHAT RUSSIA ASKS OF CHINA.

Translation of Text of the Manchurian Treaty.

London, November 9.—The Hankow correspondent of The Times supplies what he alleges is a correct translation of the authentic text of the Manchurian convention proposed by Russia. The convention stipulates for the gradual withdrawal of the Russian forces within three years, "provided no other rebellion occurs and the powers do not interfere."

The number and stations of the Chinese garrisons must be settled in concert with the Russian military authorities, and Russian assent must be obtained for any railway construction in southern Manchuria.

"No mention is made in the text sent by the grand council to the southern viceroys of mining, commercial or other exclusive privileges," says the correspondent, "and the viceroys believe the convention contains other clauses which the grand council is not willing to disclose."

MORGAN IS AFTER MORE SHIPS.

Negotiating for the Purchase of Eighteen Steamers.

London, November 9.—The Berlin correspondent of The Daily Mail gives currency to a report that Herr Albert Ballin, of the Hamburg American line, is in London negotiating for the sale of eighteen steamers to J. Pierpont Morgan.

LARGE FIRE AT BRADFORD, PA.

Dozen Buildings, City Hall Among Them, Burned.

Bradford, Pa., November 8.—One of the worst fires in the history of this city occurred this morning. It originated in the livery stable of Frank P. Beamer, and consumed a dozen buildings, including the $35,000 city hall. The loss is estimated at $150,000.

Golf Tournament.

Cincinnati, November 8.—At the open golf tournament at Grandin road link here today the sixteen men who made the lowest scores in the qualifying round yesterday competed for the Queen City cup. Among those who scored were:

Judge Jackson, Cincinnati, defeated C. H. Kirk, Nashville, 1 up.

J. P. Lupton, Chattanooga, defeated B. H. Hollister, Cincinnati, 2 up.

J. T. Duncan, Chattanooga, defeated J. A. Hardie, Birmingham, 1 up (19 holes).

In the second round A. B. Thrasher, of Dayton, won from Duncan, 5 up and 4 to play. J. P. Lupton, of Chattanooga, defeated Judge Jackson, of Cincinnati, 1 up.

In the semi-finals Lupton will play against Thrasher.

In the first round of the Grandin road cup H. H. Lurton, Nashville, defeated W. K. Benton, Cincinnati, 2 up and 1 to play.

In the second round Frank Thompson, of Cincinnati, beat Lurton 4 up and 3 to play.

BASEBALL IN CHATTANOOGA.

Association, With $2,500 Capital, Is To Be Organized.

Chattanooga, Tenn., November 8.—(Special.)—A meeting of the promoters of next year's baseball team was held tonight. It was decided to capitalize the local association at $2,500, in shares of $100 each. A committee was appointed to raise the capital stock at once. A meeting will be held next week to organize the association and perfect plans for next season.

Architect Green Dead.

Columbus, Ga., November 8.—(Special.) A telegram today from Boston brought news of the death of Stephen Green, architect and engineer and the head of Green, Lockwood & Co. He was the engineer for the mill of the Columbus Manufacturing Company, and also several other Georgia mills. He was widely known throughout the south.

Arbitrators Sustained.

Managua, Nicaragua, November 8, via Galveston, Tex.—The appellate division of the supreme court sustains the arbitrators in declaring that the English company which had obtained the concession forfeited the right to exclusive navigation of the San Juan river in Nicaragua.

WHAT CAUSED LI HUNG'S DEATH

He Got Into a Violent Passion at a Meeting and Had a Hemorrhage.

STORMY INTERVIEW OVER THE MANCHURIAN TREATY

Russia Refused To Let Japan Know the Terms of the Convention and the Old Earl Went Home in a Violent Passion.

Pekin, November 8.—A violent dispute with M. Paul Lessar, Russian minister to China, over the Manchurian treaty, appears to have been the immediate cause of the death of Li Hung Chang.

The diplomatic events preceding this tragic climax have enabled Japan for a moment to frustrate the designs of Russia. A fortnight ago the Japanese legation secured a reliable outline of the terms of the treaty, and thereupon demanded that the Chinese plenipotentiaries officially lay before them the text, basing this demand upon the allegation that Japanese interests were involved in any change in the status of Manchuria.

The Chinese plenipotentiaries refused to comply with the demand. Thereupon the Japanese government from Tokio communicated with the southern viceroys and induced them to use their influence with the empress dowager against the treaty. In the meantime the empress dowager instructed Li Hung Chang to communicate the treaty, after certain modifications, to the ministers of the powers, and if they did not object, to sign the same.

Li Hung Chang visited M. Lessar and explained to him the instructions. The Russian minister strongly objected to revealing the text of the treaty to the ministers of the other powers, and a stormy interview ensued. Li Hung Chang went home in a violent passion and had a hemorrhage, which the doctors attributed to the over-exertion of a weakened system.

While these things were happening in Pekin the southern viceroys sent to the dowager empress a memorial against the treaty. She then countermanded the order to sign.

ECZEMA; NO CURE, NO PAY.

Your druggist will refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Ringworm, Tetter, Old Ulcers and Sores, Pimples and Blackheads on the face, and all skin diseases. 50c.

PROMOTED AFTER HIS DEATH.

Li Hung Chang Made a Marquis—His Successor Appointed.

Pekin, November 8.—An imperial edict has arrived here appointing Yuan Shi Kai, governor of Shan Tung province, to be governor of the province of Chi Li, and appointing Wang Wen Shao, who is vice president of the foreign office and a member of the cabinet, to succeed Li Hung Chang as plenipotentiary. They are both ordered to come to Pekin forthwith. Another edict creates Li Hung Chang a marquis and bestows on him the new name of Li Wen Chung, by which he will be known in history.

Malaria Causes Biliousness.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic removes the cause.

KRAUS, THE SCULPTOR, DEAD.

Mind Became Unbalanced Over the Crumbling of a Model.

Hyde Park, Mass., November 8.—Announcement was made here today of the death of Adolph F. Kraus, the famous sculptor, which took place at the Danvers Insane hospital last night. Mr. Kraus had been receiving treatment at the institution since last July. He was 51 years of age. A widow, four sons and two daughters survive. The disappointment of his ambition to produce a masterpiece is said to have caused his mind to give way. He had partially completed a model in clay of a heroic figure of Belshazzar at the moment of seeing the handwriting on the wall, when it began to crumble and Kraus was compelled to abandon the work. His mind became unbalanced soon afterwards.

CREATED PRINCE OF WALES.

Duke of Cornwall and York Raised Yesterday.

London, November 8.—The duke of Cornwall and York has been created prince of Wales and earl of Chester.

Is Your Vocation Satisfactory?

IF NOT,
Clip and mail the attached
COUPON
and you will get a pointer which may lead to a
SUCCESSFUL BUSINESS CAREER.

No Getrichquick Scheme.

ONLY
INTELLIGENT
MEN
WHO CAN GIVE BOND

CLIP HERE.

ADDRESS
P. O. BOX 792,
ATLANTA, GA.

Name _____
Address _____
Occupation _____
Age _____

Salt Rheum

It may become chronic.

It may cover the body with large, inflamed, burning, itching, scaling patches and cause intense suffering. It has been known to do so.

Do not delay treatment.

Thoroughly cleanse the system of the humors on which this ailment depends and prevent their return.

The medicine taken by Mrs. Ida E. Ward, Cove Point, Md., was Hood's Sarsaparilla. She writes: "I had a disagreeable itching on my arms which I concluded was salt rheum I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and in two days felt better. It was not long before I was cured and I have never had any skin disease since."

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Promises to cure and keeps the promise. It is positively unequaled for all cutaneous eruptions. Take it.

RETIRE PREFERRED SHARES.

Plan in Settlement of Northern Pacific Situation.

New York, November 8.—The Evening Post says that it was said today so much progress has been made in the details of the settlement of the Northern Pacific and Burlington situation that it will not be necessary to hold many more joint conferences. It is believed that at the Union Pacific railway directors' meeting, held in this city this week, the whole plan, as it affects that company's interests, was laid before the meeting, though it could not be learned today whether any official statement will be made. A large number of the reorganized board of directors of the Burlington railway, probably a half, will, it is understood, represent the Union Pacific railway directly, and that company will, in any event, have a half voting interest in Burlington railway affairs. There will, of course, be no extension to Salt Lake city to meet Senator Clark's road, or to any other point not fully countenanced by the Union Pacific representatives in Burlington's board. It is believed further that the agreement includes the transfer of all the Northern Pacific shareholdings of the Union Pacific interests to the new company to be organized by President J. J. Hill, of the Great Northern, and which will hold the control of that company and the Northern Pacific. Mr. Hill will be the dominating influence in this new corporation, and thus of the two Northwestern railways.

The plan embraces the retirement of the Northern Pacific preferred shares, this plan being now practicable, through the turning over of the Northern Pacific holdings of the Union Pacific. It is believed that the Northern Pacific preferred shares will be retired by issue of a bond, although this is a detail in the new organization of the Hill financial company which remains to be settled.

Better for the Blood than Sarsaparilla for those living in the Malaria Districts. Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic.

NEGRO HANGED IN FLORIDA.

Slayer of Three Men Is Publicly Executed at Madison.

Madison, Fla., November 8.—Will Jones, a negro desperado, who recently killed three men in one day, two blacks and one white and shot several other members of the sheriff's posse, was publicly hanged here shortly before noon today. Several hundred people witnessed the execution among whom were a number of negroes. There was no excitement, though extra guards had been provided. The desperado showed no weakening of nerve and made no confession or speech of repentance. The execution was successful to a marked degree. The neck was broken by the drop and the murderer was dead in fourteen minutes from the time the trap was sprung.

WERE MARRIED IN COLUMBUS.

Farmer Mennefee and Miss Winghard Are Married.

Columbus, Ga., November 8.—(Special.) J. W. Mennefee, a farmer of Montgomery county, Alabama, and Miss Clyde Winghard, of the same county, who has been attending the Alabama Normal school at Troy, came to Columbus tonight, procured a license and were married. The bride is a mere girl, seemingly not over 16 years of age. Today Mennefee, who is several years the girl's senior, being 30 or 35 years of age, went to the Troy street fair. While there he met his sweetheart and planned and executed a successful elopement.

A RUNNING TRAIN ON FIRE.

Lamp in a Mail Car, Near Columbia, S. C., Explodes.

Columbia, S. C., November 8.—(Special) The Florida fast mail dashed into the Gervais street depot tonight from Savannah a mass of flames and the fire alarm was sent in. In a few minutes engines were pumping water into the burning mail and baggage cars. A lamp exploded in the mail car 2 miles from town and the fire spread to the baggage car. The employees hastily vacated their post. The mail loss is not yet known.

BURNSVILLE DEPOT BURNS.

Two Tramps Are Now Under Arrest in an Alabama Town.

Selma, Ala., November 8.—(Special.)—The passenger and freight depot of the Southern railway at Burnsville, 9 miles north of here, together with a large quantity of freight belonging to the farmers of that section, was destroyed at an early hour this morning. The loss is estimated at $8,000. Two tramps who have been seen around the depot for the past two days were arrested this morning. It is thought the conflagration was caused by fire they had made to keep warm.

Freight Train Broke in Two.

Huntsville, Ala., November 8.—(Special.) An eastbound through freight on the Southern railway broke in the middle at Bellemina this evening and several cars were derailed. The track was blocked for four hours.

Silver for the Battleship.

Newport News, Va., November 8.—Final arrangements for the presentation of the silver service to the battleship Illinois at Old Point have been made. The ceremony will take place Saturday, November 16. The governor's party and Illinois delegation will reach here Friday evening.

Roosevelt Buys a Drawing.

London, November 9.—President Roosevelt has purchased the original drawing of Bernard Partridge's recent Punch cartoon representing him as a Rough Rider.

Made No Changes.

Louisville, Ky., November 8.—After a two days' session at the Galt house the Southeastern Mississippi Valley Freight Association adjourned tonight without having made any changes in the grain rates to southeastern territory.

MORE SHIPS TO SAIL THE SEAS

Growth of American Tonnage During the Past Year Is Shown in Report.

BUT AMERICANS ARE STILL BEHIND OTHERS

Registered Vessels Increased Over 62,000 Tons and Only Carried 8.2 Per Cent of Our Imports and Exports.

Washington, November 8.—The report of Mr. Chamberlain, the United States commissioner of navigation, states that the past fiscal year has been the third successive year of notable prosperity and growth in American shipping, exceeding the two previous years. The extent and nature of work under way or projected in ship yards promises an even greater growth for the current fiscal year.

American tonnage has now attained practically the former maximum of 1861. The figures of 1901, compared with 1861, show an increase in coasting trade vessels from 2,704,544 tons to 4,582,688 tons (two-thirds of this increase being on the Great Lakes), a decrease in foreign trade vessels from 2,496,894 tons to 879,595 tons, and a decrease in whaling and fishing from 338,375 tons to 61,940 tons.

Of our total tonnage 3,623,201 tons are wooden vessels, and only 1,901,017 tons are iron or steel. In 1900 Great Britain launched 1,440,000 tons of steel vessels.

Although registered American vessels increased 62,435 tons during the year, American vessels carried only 8.2 per cent of our exports and imports, the smallest percentage in our history.

Our fleet of ocean steamers in foreign trade, the report says, is too small to be compared with that of foreign nations. It is compared with the fleets of four large British and German steamship corporations, each of which exceeds the American fleet in tonnage, mileage and business.

The tonnage built and documented in the United States during the past fiscal year comprised 1,580 vessels and 483,469 gross tons.

The steel vessels under construction or under contract during the current fiscal year will much exceed similar tonnage built in any previous year. The bureau is advised of eighty-nine such merchant vessels of 355,645 gross tons, to be valued at about $36,000,000. Beside these seventy-one naval vessels of 281,148 tons displacement are building at contract prices of $78,000,000. In this work forty-four plants, with a capital of about $68,000,000, employing about 46,000 men, are engaged.

The building of ten trans-Atlantic steamers presumably rests on anticipated legislation by congress. Six for the Atlantic Transport line are building from the same plans used in building steamers in England for the same company. The American cost of a steamer of the Minnehaha type will be $1,846,000, the British cargo steamers will be $729,000, for which the British price ranges from $534,000 to $486,000.

The difference in wages on American and foreign vessels is considered in detail. In illustration, the pay roll (including master) of 380 men on the steamer St. Louis is $11,300; of 427 on the British steamer Oceanic is $9,900, and of 500 on the German Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse $7,715. The German is the fastest steamship and the American is the smallest.

The report contains a detailed statement of the foreign voyages of American vessels last year, showing that the American flag was seen much oftener on the north Atlantic during President Jefferson's embargo (1808), or during the cruises of the Alabama, than at present. Foreign shipping in our Pacific trade has doubled in three years.

The purchase of the Leyland line is considered as evidence that American capital is willing to invest in ocean steamships; that there is an advantage to American exporters in American control of ocean steamships, even if not under the American flag; and that in the coming development of our ocean transportation facilities the union of trunk railroad lines and steamship corporations will be an important factor. Including the Leyland purchase, American capital owns fully 670,000 tons of steamers under foreign flags, which, in actual carrying power, exceed all American vessels now engaged in foreign trade. The war and navy departments also own 126,827 gross tons of foreign built transports and colliers. By various special acts, fifty-six foreign built vessels, of 132,137 gross tons, have been admitted to registry. American money, accordingly, of late years has purchased 931,000 tons of foreign built steamers, while since 1891 there have been built in the United States 1,006,000 tons of steel steam vessels of all kinds.

The principal foreign and American ocean mail contracts are printed in full, and it is shown that at the present prices of steamships, British ocean mail contracts are more advantageous for steamship lines than American contracts under the act of 1891.

Malaria Causes Biliousness.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic removes the cause.

CLAIM AGAINST GOVERNMENT.

Texas Wants $88,000 from the United States Treasury.

Austin, Tex., November 8.—(Special.)—Attorney General C. K. Bell today forwarded to the United States department of the interior the claim of the state of Texas against the United States for money expended by the state on account of Greer county, which was formerly considered a part of Texas, but which now belongs to Oklahoma. The claim aggregates $88,699 and is filed in accordance with an act of congress.

FREE!

Every man is interested in the contents of a new 64-page booklet, edited and issued by J. Newton Hathaway, M. D., the acknowledged expert on diseases of men. This little book is brimful of valuable facts, hints and information that every man should know. It covers clearly and fully all private diseases, their origin, effects and cure, by one who has made them his life's study, and is the most skillful specialist in the United States. A copy of this book of plain facts for men will be sent free, securely sealed, to all who will send their name and address to



J. NEWTON HATHAWAY, M. D.,
23 Inman Building, Atlanta, Ga.

Orthopedic



Shoes for Children.
Sizes 6 to 11 and 11 to 2.

They will correct all the little foot-ills.

Moderate Prices!! Our High Counter

is a sure cure for weak ankles—sizes 2 to 8.

Buck Bro's. & Co.

FOOTCOVERERS TO MANKIND

From A $10 To A $35 Overcoat

Eiseman Bros. Announcement Page 2.

Is as far as we follow you. We can't go further unless we would leave conscience behind. Thirty-five dollars is all-sufficient when managed as we manage it, and it will put as much goodness of material and smartness of style into a garment as any sum can.

Those who assure you you should pay more may be honest, but they are not right. Such clothiers have not our advantages for buying or selling. We are, as you know three in one—the other stores are in Washington and Baltimore, where all our manufacturing is done. No wholesaler or even jobber's profit adds to the price of what you buy from us. We are our own manufacturers and distributors, buy direct from the mills all clothes, linings, furnishings, etc. We are the only firm in the South who do.

To return to Overcoats, these we have are all of the latest weaves and shades, made with or without modish yokes and please the prevailing fancy for looseness.

Youth's Overcoats $7.50 to $20

Boys' Overcoats $2.50 to $12.50

A ten per cent discount on all we sell now, guess you know why.

Sole Atlanta Agents For Hess Shoes and Stuttgarter Underwear.

Eiseman Bros.

Temporary Quarters, Corner Alabama and Pryor Sts., Half Block South of Union Depot.

"Lighthouses on the Sea of Thought."

THE WORLD'S BEST ESSAYS.....

The Essay Conveys the World's Highest Intellect.
A Documentary History of Progress.



The Essays of John Locke

Educated the minds of those who wrote the Declaration of Independence and framed the American Constitution.

Beautifully Illustrated Deluxe Descriptive Brochure

SENT FREE ON APPLICATION.

A Special offer will be made to the readers of The Constitution.

Send Postal for Brochure and our offer to the

CONSTITUTION LITERARY CLUB,
Atlanta, Ga.

SKELETONS AND SILVER FOUND

Miners in Mexico Work Their Way Into a Large Cavern.

Austin, Tex., November 8.—(Special.)—A dispatch from Monterey, Mexico, says workmen employed in the Valadora mine, situated near there, yesterday opened a large cavern by means of a tunnel. In the cave were found the skeletons of fifteen men surrounded by ancient mining tools. Piled up in the cavern was more than two car loads of horn silver and galena interspersed with wire silver, all of great richness. The old Spanish records show that this mine was worked more than twohundred years ago and the skeletons are of miners who are supposed to have been suffocated by a cave-in.

HIS HEAD WAS BLOWN OFF.

Fusting Undertook To Run an Engine and Is Now Dead.

Louisville, Ky., November 8.—(Special.) George Fusting, in charge of construction work at the Central stock yards, discharged the engineer of a temporary saw mill today and undertook to run it himself. The boiler exploded and blew off Fusting's head, injuring also Louis Just, Jake Young and John Douk.

Aged Man Commits Suicide.

Tuscaloosa, Ala., November 8.—(Special.)—Hamp McDaniel, a citizen of this county, aged 90 years, killed himself at his home near here yesterday. While in a fit of insanity, it is supposed, he shot himself with a shotgun.

THE VITAL NERVES



When man begins to Lose his Energy and Ambition—when His Power and Strength have Diminished and Nerve Force Wasted, there is a Lack of Electricity in the System. Nerve-Force is nothing but Electricity. To become Vigorous and Strong you must properly apply Electricity to your system. My **Improved Electrical Appliances** will put the necessary Nerve-Force, Vigor and Power into you.

Dr. Bennett's Electric Belts Must not be confused with the so-called electric belts being offered the public on the reputation of mine. Mine has soft, silken, chamois-covered sponge electrodes which do not burn and blister as do the bare metal electrodes used on other belts. My Belt has interchangable Battery Cells and can be renewed when burned out for only 75c; when others burn out they are worthless.

Write to-day for my Free books on "Nervo Vital Ailments and Their Cure By Electricity." My Appliances sold only by

Dr. Bennett Electric Belt Co
Rooms 1 to 3.
91½ Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga.

Books and Stationery.

American Baptist Publication Society,

H. S. COLE, Mgr.

No. 69 Whitehall.

We carry all the latest books.

SHE STRUCK THE FLOATING ICE

Bark Nuuanu Has a Rather Rough Voyage.

HAD CARGO OF SUGAR ABOARD

Caught in Ice Within a Hundred Miles of Cape Horn—The Vessel Had a Run of Over Fourteen Thousand Miles.

Philadelphia, November 8.—The first vessel to be caught in antarctic ice this season, a remarkable experience, owing to the fact that the ice was within 100 miles of Cape Horn, was the sugar laden bark Nuuanu, which was docked at the Spreckels sugar refinery today after a run of 129 days from the Hawaiian islands. The Nuuanu left Honolulu in June last, and after having encountered two severe gales in the south Pacific ocean, was caught in the field ice in the early part of September, while rounding Cape Horn on her way to the Atlantic ocean. Far to the south nothing but drift ice could be seen. The sea was smooth, and there was no sign of land. The Nuuanu's run was over 14,000 miles. She is the first of a fleet of sugar laden sailing vessels bound from the Hawaiian islands to Philadelphia and New York, which, it is said, are to displace steamers which have found the trade unprofitable owing to the long run.

Stormy Time on Japanese Coast.

Victoria, B. C., November 8.—The steamer Queen Adelaide arrived this morning after a stormy passage of twenty days from Kobe, Japan. She encountered very rough weather off the Japanese coast, and made very little headway for three days. From the Japanese port she brought news of the loss of the steamer Tsuruhiko Maru, a 2,000-ton vessel, which ran on the rocks off Goto island on October 11, and her crew of fifty were lost. The steamer was carrying coal from Kobe to Hong Kong.

Did a Rushing Business.
(From The Mobile Register.)

The Montgomery Advertiser recites that the First Baptist bazaar did a rushing business as soon as the young ladies began to "spiel," that is, stand in the public street and cry out for the patronage of the passers-by. The paper says: "Five young ladies of the church were in front of the stand giving a first rate imitation of the 'spieler.' True, they had no megaphone, but the lack of it was due to the fact that they couldn't lay hands on one. They tried their best to get one. In every other particular they were giving the genuine article. Wherefore the rush of business inside." "It helped out the church fund," says The Advertiser. What shall we say about the bargain of female modesty in return for the money taken in?

SHE MAY LOSE HER PENSION

Dr. Mary Walker, Who Wears Pantaloons Like a Man,

HAS BEEN TALKING TOO MUCH

When Czolgosz Was Electrocuted She Denounced It As Murder and This Will Cause the Doctor Much Trouble.

Washington, November 8.—The pension commissioner is investigating utterances attributed to Dr. Mary Walker, the ex-army nurse, who has worn masculine attire in recent years, and who is alleged to have called the execution of Czolgosz, the late President McKinley's assassin, a murder and the late president himself a murderer on account of his policy in the Philippines. A special examiner of the pension office is at Oswego, N. Y., investigating the matter, and his report will be kept on file at the bureau here in readiness for submission to congress in case that body should call for it. Commissioner Evans explained today that he had no authority to revoke the woman's pension, but that congress could do so if it desired.

General Young Has Opinions.
(From The Louisville Courier Journal.)

General S. B. M. Young thus describes the Filipinos:

"Our pursuits of Aguinaldo resembled a march of troops through the north in the manner of our reception. Brass bands met us at every town, the church bells rang, and the alcaldes and presidentes and principal Filipinos greeted us with bows and smiles and effusive hospitality.

"They were effusive in speech of hospitality. They yearned for the Americans. They longed for peace. They hated war and insurrection. They were our most humble servants to command. But, as to the enemy, they did not know. They had not seen him. Meanwhile, the enemy was hiding in their own houses, or lying near by in ambush, fully informed by these lovers of peace whether we could be safely attacked or not.

"Did any peasant show us a road, he was murdered as soon as we were out of sight. The money we paid for forage and food was straightway sent to the nearest insurgent commander. The Filipino is expert in deceit. He is the most cheerful and unnecessary liar you ever saw. Truth is his last resort, only to be used when all else fails."

This agrees with the characterization of our new people made by those who know them best. The Filipinos are constitutionally deceitful, and it will be a long time before we can afford to trust them without trusting more to our guns. The new insurrection in Samar is said to be due to the lies of Filipino leaders and white friars, who told the people that President McKinley was killed by Filipino sympathizers in the United States.

ATLANTA PRESBYTERY SUSTAINED BY SYNOD



REV. C. P. BRIDEWELL.
Synod of Georgia Decides That His Complaint Is Not Well Founded.

Dr. Bridewell Appealed to Synod on Action of Presbytery in Case of Rev. Bell, at McDonough.

Valdosta, Ga., November 8.—(Special.)—The synod of Georgia at its meeting this afternoon took up the complaint of Dr. C. P. Bridewell against the Atlanta presbytery concerning Rev. F. C. Bell and the McDonough church. The entire afternoon was consumed in the discussion of the matter.

Dr. Bridewell claimed that the presbytery should not have allowed Mr. Bell to labor in McDonough church, he not being at the time a minister of the Presbyterian church. It was claimed by the presbytery that the irregularity of the church in employing Mr. Bell without permission was condemned. It was also claimed that no reflection on the character of Mr. Bridewell was meant by the presbytery of Atlanta. Mr. Bridewell has felt aggrieved because of the presbytery finally permitting Mr. Bell to labor in McDonough church.

The discussion lasted from about 2 o'clock until nearly 6 in the afternoon. The synod decided that the complaint of Mr. Bridewell was not well founded, the vote being 35 to 16, a number not voting.

Dr. S. L. Morris, secretary of home missions, made a strong plea this morning for the establishment of churches in the newly opened territory of the west, and in speaking of the new town of Lawton said that in a city of 18,000 people, where there are 800 barrooms, there ought to be work for at least two Presbyterian churches. Drs. S. Lumpkin and Smith also made addresses which were of a very high order of excellence.

One of the important reports yesterday was one that proposed establishing a college in this city under Presbyterian control The proposition is a liberal one and the synod may accept it. The matter will be taken up for disposition tomorrow.

A number of important committees were appointed at the morning session yesterday, and Rev. D. W. Brannen, of Milledgeville, was appointed chairman of the permanent committee on Sabbath schools. Considerable interest was aroused over a motion to censure a committee of which Rev. G. G. Snydor was a member, appointed to visit Donald Fraser High school. The committee had failed in its duty, and Rev. S. L. Morris and R. O. Finn were in favor of the motion. Rev. D. W. Brannen appealed to the members not to censure the committee and the motion was withdrawn.

The synod was tendered a reception yesterday afternoon by the ladies of the Presbyterian church at the home of Mrs. H. C. Briggs and adjourned at 4 o'clock to attend the reception in a body. About fifty ladies of the different denominations were present to greet the members. The occasion was a very enjoyable one.

At the meeting last night Dr. H. L. Smith, of Davidson college, North Carolina, made a fine address on the "Uplifting Power of Christian Education." He stated that a great crisis was facing this southern country, and that the true glory of the south was in educated men and women. Without these material wealth is a curse. He was followed by Rev. J. E. McIlwain, of South Carolina, and by Dr. Rice in splendid addresses.

ROOSEVELT SHOWS TEMPER; M'KINLEY ALWAYS CALM

Washington, November 8.—(Special.)—Official cares do not sit lightly on the shoulders of the president. He is not such a man as William McKinley was when it comes to not letting business make his life miserable. The burden he carries galls Theodore Roosevelt. His friends nearly every day discover evidences of this fact. Shortness of temper is the chief of these evidences. Even his dearest friends are likely to get a cross word for which the president is very sorry the minute it is uttered. An apology follows, each manifesting irritation, as a matter of course.

Yesterday one of his oldest friends in the newspaper business called and received such a rebuke for coming without having made an engagement before hand that he was almost taken off his feet. When the president got around to it he explained that he was so harassed by the men who want offices and who cannot be suppressed that he has no time for anything. Like General Harrison, the elder, Roosevelt started in with the intention of seeing every man, no matter how flimsy the excuse for desiring to take up his time. Naturally the stream of callers grows. Some time soon, even such a strong man as Roosevelt will have to bow to the unwritten rules that govern the "solitary man" in the white house and preserve his energies for those subjects and men, too, who have a claim upon him.

But Roosevelt can dispose of men with lightninglike rapidity when an old proposition comes before him, or whenever the caller attempts to go over the head of a cabinet officer. Representatives Ruppert and Fitzgerald made the acquaintance of that fact yesterday. The New York congressmen traveled all the way from Gotham to get the presidential indorsement for something Roosevelt knew was threshed out in the navy department while he was Mr. Long's assistant. They wanted him to recommend that the construction of warships in government yards be resumed.

"No, I won't do that," retorted the president with paralyzing promptness and emphasis. "I'm very glad to see you gentlemen, but I won't recommend anything I know Mr. Long has considered and I know he does not approve.

"See him, and if he says it will be cheaper and better, come to me and we will talk it over."

Thereupon the president began bowing them out of his presence, all the time telling them how glad he was to see them and joking with them about the way Shepard will "do" Low in the mayoralty race.

The president, by the way, is taking a deep interest in the New York municipal campaign. He is doing whatever he can to further the interests of Seth Low. He called Senator Platt and Governor Odell over last week to talk to them about the campaign.

Solicitor General Richards, of the department of justice, has been out campaigning in Ohio, and Saturday night he will finish his speaking tour in Ironton, his native city.

"We'll carry the state by 50,000 at least," said he while here yesterday for the day, to be prepared in the event of the supreme court handing down an opinion in the Philippine case, to return to his official duties.

"An assassin's bullet has not obscured the issues a bit. We would not let it. The administration of the martyr president will be heartily indorsed by his own state."

Although the solicitor general would not admit it, there is considerable anxiety about the legislative ticket in Cuyahoga county, where all the isms that ever affected humanity take root and flourish like the harmful sweet clover or Canada thistle. Johnsonism is the affliction now. Two years ago it was Johnsonism. It is a fact that Senator Foraker's friends have made their calculations with Cuyahoga county eliminated and they figure a comparatively easy victory for him, even without his colleague's home county.

Admiral Walker, chairman of the isthmian canal commission, and Assistant Secretary of Sate Alvey A. Adee, have had a run-in, and the latter executed a movement that made Admiral Schley's loop look insignificant. It's worth telling, the story is, even at the expense of the charge of "too much Adee." The sailor is a bluff, hearty old chap, who isn't worried much about ceremony. So he walked int othe office of the second assistant and clapped his hand down upon Mr. Adee's shoulder. The effect was wonderful. Adee jumped, and his chair went one way while his typewriter went another.

"Hey, what's the matter!" exclaimed the admiral. "D'ye think it was the sheriff?"

There is a growing feeling of anxiety and unrest among public officials in Washington who are not protected by the civil service law, The announcement that Rear Admiral Crowninshield is to be relieved from the exalted and powerful position of practical dictator of the navy department, and the retirement of Assistant Secretary of the Navy Hackett—a nonenity who was unloaded on the government by social influence—and the almost summary dismissal of Assistant Secretary of State Cridler, has spread consternation among those persons who are feeding at the public crib by reasons of social and political influence rather than by reason of their efficiency and the benefits the government derives from their services.

It is evident that President Roosevelt intends to put the impress of his individuality upon his administration, and political influence alone will not govern such changes as he may think will improve the public service. It is a well-known fact that Senator Platt, of New York, has for a long time stood sponsor for Rear Admiral Crowninshield in the navy department. It is also known that when on previous occasions attempts were made to relieve Crowninshield from duty in the navy department Senator Platt has been able to bring to bear sufficient power and influence to overcome the most formidable opposition arrayed against his friend. Notwithstanding the appeals of Senator Platt to the president in behalf of the retention of Crowninshield, it seems that the president has listened to the voice of public sentiment and concluded that the best interests of the naval establishment demands that Crowninshield shall be transferred to some other field of usefulness.

EVIDENCE IS AGAINST JANE

Alleged Poisoner Was Brought Up in Court Yesterday.

HEARING WAS POSTPONED

Druggist at Waltham, Mass., Sent Her Morphine Tablets, By Her Order, in Quantity Sufficient To Kill Twenty Persons.

Barnstable, Mass., November 8.—Miss Jane Toppan, accused of the murder of Mrs. Mary E. Gibbs by poisoning, was before the district court here today, but the hearing was postponed until November 15.

The inquest into the deaths of Mrs. Mary E. Gibbs, of Cataumet, and Mrs. Annie G. Gordon, of Chicago, alleged to have died of poison administered by Jane Toppan, was begun at Buzzards Bay today before Judge Swift, of the first district court of Barnstable county. The inquest was conducted behind closed doors and only one witness at a time was admitted to the court room, and each was strictly enjoined to maintain secrecy as to the nature of the evidence disclosed.

A special to The Boston Traveler from Waltham, Mass., says the first positive evidence that would tend to show that Miss Jane Toppan bought drugs or poison was discovered here today, when it was learned that last July Jane Toppan, then attending the Davis family at Cataumet, ordered morphine tablets of a local druggist. The order came by telephone from Cataumet to Benjamin Waters' drug store and called for a bottle of morphine tablets, the strongest possible.

The order was received by the proprietor over the telephone and was filled. The message instructed Waters to send the tablets inclosed in a paper wrapper to Miss Toppan, to be delivered her at Cataumet.

The druggist says that the bottle contained enough poison to kill a score of persons. It was delivered to Miss Toppan and paid for by her.

Boys' Winter Wear

Training is everything. The peach was once a bitter almond; cauliflower is nothing but cabbage with a college education.—Pudd'nhead Wilson.

If it hadn't been for our years of training in the clothing business, we could never sell you the boys' clothes we do at our prices. It would be just as impossible to serve "bitter almonds" for "peaches" as it would be for an inexperienced, unsuccessful store to lead in style, quality and price.

Boys' Reefer Jackets—2 1-2 to 10 years; double and single breasted styles; all color effects in fancy cheviot weaves; **$3.50** to **$6.50.**

Boys' Long Coats—2 1-2 to 10 years; smooth and rough goods; Russian, military and double-breasted sack styles, **$5** to **$12.**

Boys' Overcoats—4 to 16 years; in styles just like the men's, including the new box shapes and yoke-tops. **$3.50** and **$4**; up to **$10.**

Boys' Underwear—25c a garment for balbriggan wear, 6 to 16 years. At **50c** a garment half wool and half cotton—natural color. At **75c** a garment wool underwear in winter weights, 6 to 10 years; and from 11 to 16 years, **$1.**

(Atlanta Agents for Knox.)

GEO. MUSE CLOTHING CO

38 Whitehall Street.

$7.50

The Mammoth Clubbing Proposition!

THE DAILY AND SUNDAY CONSTITUTION, one year, and The Sunny South, every week, for one year	$7.00
The Review of Reviews, monthly, (new subscriptions only)	2.50
Success, monthly, (new subscriptions only)	1.00
Total	$10.50

ALL FOR ONLY $7.50 CASH!

Or Take This Splendid Offer:

THE DAILY AND SUNDAY CONSTITUTION, one year, and The Sunny South, every week, for one year	$7.00
World's Work, monthly, (new subscriptions only)	3.00
Everybody's Magazine, monthly, (new subscriptions only)	1.00
Total	$11.00

ALL FOR ONLY $7.50 CASH!

Accept one or the other in toto. You cannot mix them. Both are all right, use your own judgment.

In presenting these two splendid propositions THE CONSTITUTION meets all demands of every intelligent household within its territory.

1. In giving the very best daily newspaper in the south complete and up-to-date in every sense of newspaper effort.
2. In furnishing the very best southern literary weekly, devoted to the interests of southern readers and writers and covering a wide field of literary endeavor to build up a great southern home story paper.
3. In presenting the best monthly review of the world's progress, its leading thought and greatest historical events as they occur.
4. In sending also a monthly magazine of choicest reading matter of interest to every member of the household.

These publications are the very best issued and give the product of both brains and money, skill and capital, author and typographer, in happiest combination and best results.

TAKE THE CONSTITUTION with either pair of these splendid magazines and you are equipped for the year.

Only $7.50 total cost, cash with the order. The term NEW SUBSCRIBER applies fully: there's no dodging it by any means. If you are now a subscriber to the magazines mentioned, that lets you out entirely so far as those magazines are concerned. In making up your order, if you are a subscriber to Review of Reviews, you may substitute CURRENT LITERATURE for it if acceptable to you, or you may add $1 to our combination price and secure your renewal to The Review of Reviews.

Another Substitution—If you now subscribe to World's Work and wish to accept our second proposition, you may order THE LITERARY DIGEST, a most excellent weekly paper, in lieu of World's Work. In this combination your subscription would cover DAILY AND SUNDAY CONSTITUTION, Everybody's Magazine (monthly) and Literary Digest (weekly), all one year for $7.50 cash.

This is a special 90 days' offer and must be accepted during the time if available to you. Address all orders to THE CONSTITUTION. Remit by postal or express money order, New York Exchange, express or registered letter, thus placing the risk on us.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION,
ATLANTA, GA.

STOPS A HEAD COLD In Two Hours



HYOMEI, the only remedy which according to government statistics has ever cured a case of genuine consumption **will stop a cold in two hours.**

All you have to do is to breathe it for a few moments every now and then. There are no teaspoonful doses. You simply place the inhaler in your mouth and go about your business as usual. Relief is almost instantaneous. Your headache disappears, nose stops running, cough subsides, and before you are hardly aware of it the cold is gone.

By using HYOMEI daily you can cure any case of catarrh, bronchitis, asthma and consumption, or we will refund your money.

HYOMEI is sold by all druggists or sent by mail. Price, Outfits complete $1.00. Trial Outfits 25c. HYOMEI Balm 25c. Send for five days' treatment free and our little book on respiratory diseases. It may save your life.

The R. T. Booth Co., Ithaca, N. Y.

Save Your Money.
One box of Tutt's Pills will save many dollars in doctors' bills They will surely cure all diseases of the stomach, liver or bowels.
No Reckless Assertion
For sick headache, dyspepsia, malaria, constipation and biliousness, a million people endorse
TUTT'S Liver PILLS

CHARTER OAK STOVES & RANGES
51 YEARS IN THE LEAD. NEVER EQUALED. Ask those who have used them.
MADE BY CHARTER OAK STOVE & RANGE CO. SAINT LOUIS.
FOR SALE BY
ANDERSON HDW. CO.
33-35 Peachtree St., 2 to 16 Edgewood Ave.
ATLANTA, GA.

Farlinger's Saturday Slate

TELEPHONES 621 623 — PEACHTREE 321 323

Spinach, package 35c	Cauliflower, lb. 15c
Spanish Onions 5, 10c	Cranberries, qt. 15c
Beets, Parsley, Radishes,	Tomatoes, qt. 20c
Turnips, Snap Beans ..5c	Carrots, parsnips, lb. 5c
Butter Beans, qt 7½c	Head and Curley Lettuce 5c, 10c
Celery, dozen 55c	Cabbage, lb. 3c
Peas, peck 20c	Egg Plant 5c, 10c
Bell Peppers, doz....20, 35c	Irish Potatoes, peck....40c
White Yams, peck 15c	Yellow Yams, peck....20c
Yellow Onions, quart ..10c	Eschellots, bunch.... 5c
	Okra, qt. 15c

Florida Oranges	**Grape Fruit**
Dozen 20c, 30c, 35c	Each 20c
New York Snow Apples, peck 60c	Tokay Grapes, basket....70c
Bananas, dozen 15c	Concord Grapes, basket..20c
Lemons, dozen 20c	Niagara Grapes, basket..25c

Smoked	**Dressed**
Halibut, pound....25c	Turkeys, lb..17½
Salmon, pound 25c	Ducks, 40c, 50c
New catch Mackerel, No. 1, kit....$1.10	Hens, dressed....40c
Norfolk Oysters, quart, 30c and 40c	Fries, dressed....30c, 35c

Fruit Poultry **Vegetables** Fish Oysters

Established 1857.
PETER LYNCH
—AT—
95 Whitehall Street.

Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Wines, Liquors, Tobaccos, Cigars and all such goods as belong to a first-class liquor store. Pure Wines and Liquors for medicinal purposes.

Peter Lynch is also running at 7 West Mitchell his great Variety Store, and has on hand and receiving Mason's Fruit Jars, metal and glass tops; also Woodbury and Millville Jars, pints, quarts and half gallons.

Just received 8 bushels Red and Brown Valentine Bush Beans, 3 bushels Kentucky Wonder and other Cornfield Beans; Seed Rye, Turnip Seeds of all kinds and other fall seeds. 150 Empty Barrels, Half Barrels, 10 and 5-gallon Kegs for sale. Terms cash.

BARTRAM & SHOMO,
IMPORTING TAILORS.
901 and 902 Empire Bldg.

NEW GRAND DISCOVERY *And INVENTION!*
OUR BOOK FOR MEN ONLY.
We have sole, exclusive Control. Sent you on Trial and Approval Pay only if pleased. Men of sense ... Write for our ... illustrated, explaining ... FREE under seal in plain envelope. No C. O. D.
ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

R. T. Dorsey. P. H. Brewster. Albert Howell, Jr.
DORSEY, BREWSTER & HOWELL,
Attorneys at Law.
Offices 203-204-205-206-207-209-210-211-212 Law Building, Pryor and Hunter streets, Atlanta, Ga. Long distance telephone 520.

HUGH V. WASHINGTON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, MACON, GA.
Practice in all Courts. 'Phone 329.

A. F. LIEBMAN,
Real Estate, Renting and Loans,
28 Peachtree Street.

FOR RENT.

28 Orange street, modern 8-room house, splendid neighbors. Best value in city. Only $27.50.

162 Central avenue, modern 7-room cottage, close in. Rent $22.50.

Several nice suburban homes in Kirkwood and on chert road to East Point.

Two new 4-room houses on Lambkin street, $8 each.

A. F. LIEBMAN,
28 Peachtree St.

Go to Alexander's Hotl,
15 Marietta Street.
First-Class Hotel Accommodations.

LIBERTY COUNTY BOYS WIN EASILY

Cavalry Tilt at Savannah Showed Some Excellent Work.

PRIZES WENT OVER $1,000

Independent Troop and the Guards Pull Down Everything Worth Having and Present Some Clever Work While Engaged.

Savannah, Ga., November 8.—(Special.) The Liberty county boys carried off the prizes in the cavalry tilt at the fair grounds today, winning everything offered for teams and for individuals. Rich booty goes to Liberty county, as there was $1,005 offered in prizes.

The first team prize, $300, was won by the first team of the Liberty Guards on a score of 227 out of a possible 300. The second prize, $200, fell to the first team of the Liberty Independent Troop, which made a score of 223½. The third prize, $150, was won by the second team of the Liberty Guards, on a score of 192. The third team of the Liberty Independent Troop won the fourth prize, $100, on a score of 182, and the fifth prize was won by the second team of the Liberty Independent Troop.

Sergeant J. T. Chapman, of the first team of the Liberty Guards, made the highest individual score, 50½ out of a possible 60, winning the first prize of $75. Private R. H. Horne, of the same team, was second with a score of 50, winning a prize of $50. Captain A. Gordon Cassells, of the first team of the Liberty Independent Troop, was third with a score of 49½, winning $25. Lieutenant R. F. Cassells, of the same team, was fourth, winning $20, on a score of 49, and Private W. C. Martin, of the first team of the Liberty Guards, was fifth, winning $10.

Nine teams were in the tilt.

The teams assembled at 9:30 o'clock at the Hussars' armory, and under the command of Captain Casells, the senior officer, marched to the fair grounds, where the tilting took place on the race track. The officials of the tilt were: Judges, General W. W. Gordon, chairman; Colonel A. R. Lawton, Colonel Jordan F. Brooks; Captain A. J. Twiggs, of the Richmond Hussars, of Augusta; Captain W. M. Crulkshank, United States army, and Lieutenant Willis G. Peace, United States army. Captain Thomas Hunter was scorer, and Captain W. G. Harrison had charge of the score board. Captain G. B. Pritchard was in charge of the track. Besides the winning teams, those entered were from the Georgia Hussars, the Effingham Hussars, the Meldrim Tattnall Guard and the Wayne Light Troop from Jesup.

General Gordon presented the prizes after the tilt was over.

HOLD CONFERENCE IN AUGUSTA

Prominent Railroad Men Talk of the New Depot.

Augusta, Ga., November 8.—(Special.)—The following prominent railroad men spent today in Augusta discussing plans and completing arrangements for Augusta's new depot: Frank S. Gannon, vice president and general manager of the Southern; J. S. B. Thompson, general agent of the Southern; J. R. Kenly, general manager of the Atlantic Coast Line; John M. Eagan, president and general manager of the Central; J. H. Sands, general superintendent of the eastern division of the Southern; A. Gordon Jones, superintendent of the Charleston division of the Southern, and Colonel K. Scott, general manager of the Georgia railroad.

Bennett Was Bound Over.

Macon, Ga., November 8.—(Special.)—W. P. Bennett, charged with assaulting John M. Daly, city inspector of plumbing, was arraigned before Judge Freeman this morning and fined $25 and was bound over to the city court to answer for assault and battery in the sum of $200.

Will Meet Next Monday.

Macon, Ga., November 8.—(Special.)—The Woman's Missionary conference will meet at the First Baptist church here Monday and remain in session for two days.

CORONER LOSES HIS SUIT.

Case in Bibb Superior Court Goes Against Davis.

Macon, Ga., November 8.—(Special.)—In the superior court here today A. J. Davis, coroner, was the plaintiff and Bibb county was the defendant. During the former part of this year Coroner Davis held a number of inquests for which the county commissioners refused to pay the coroner for his services or the jurors for their time. Coroner Davis carried the matter into the court.

It was also claimed by the coroner that the law allows a bailiff $1 for each coroner's jury summoned, and that instead of employing a bailiff to do this work, did it himself and he felt that he was entitled to the pay the bailiff would have received. On this proposition the county commissioners also disagreed with him and he sued for $49. When the case came to trial the jury decided that the county commissioners were right in refusing to pay these fees, and as a result of this verdict Coroner Davis will have to pay the costs in the case. He may carry the case to the supreme court.

WILL CHANGE ROME CHARTER.

Captain Printup Is Now Drawing a Bill for the Legislature.

Rome, Ga., November 8.—(Special.)—Captain John C. Printup, one of Rome's leading citizens and deputy commissioner of the United States court here, is drafting a bill which will change materially the charter of Rome. He will have this bill introduced in the legislature. It will abolish the water commission and place the duties in the hands of the council. The number of councilmen will be reduced from ten to five. It provides, too, for the election of the clerk by the people. The office of recorder is abolished, the duties devolving on the mayor, and the office of comptroller of taxes and licenses is created. The tax rate is limited to 1 per cent.

SHOT WHILE OUT HUNTING.

Felton Mitchell Is Painfully Wounded by His Friend.

Rome, Ga., November 8.—(Special.)—Felton Mitchell was shot in the face and painfully injured this morning while out hunting with some friends near Oreburg. Mr. Mitchell was on one side of a swamp and Hamilton Yancey on the other, when Mr. Yancey fired at a cover of bids. The charge entered Mr. Mitchell's face and side. The distance was too great for the shot to penetrate very deep. The most serious hurt was caused by a shot penetrating the left eyelid. As yet it cannot be ascertained if the sight is injured.

ROME'S COTTON RECEIPTS.

Farmers Are Not Holding Back Their Crop in Floyd County.

Rome, Ga., November 8.—(Special.)—Rome's cotton receipts to date are 15,000 bales, much larger than for the corresponding period last year. The total receipts last year were 48,000 bales, and it is expected that these figures will be exceeded for the present season. There seems to be no disposition on the part of the farmers to hold their crop on account of the low price, the streets being lined with wagons every day. The weather in this section has been all that could be desired for gathering cotton and the staple is cleaner and whiter than for many years. Not a drop of rain fell in this county during the month of October. There is very little cotton remaining in the fields.

ADDERTON IS DISCHARGED.

Committal Trial Is Held Before Judge Crisp at Americus.

Americus, Ga., November 8.—(Special.) At a committal trial before Judge Charles Crisp, of the city court of Americus, this morning a warrant charging Guerry Adderton with the murder of Charles Mize Monday night last, was promptly dismissed and the defendant was discharged from custody. Several witnesses were examined, but little additional testimony was adduced beyond that brought out by the coroner's inquest. Young Adderton appeared in court today, though still suffering from wounds which he alleges were inflicted by Mize.

TWO HOTELS ARE BURNED.

Oconee Springs Will Be Ready for Visitors in the Spring.

Eatonton, Ga., November 8.—(Special.)—The hotel at Oconee Springs, this county, was burned last night. The W. J. Northen house, near by, was destroyed, too. Dan Ferguson, of Sparta, the lessee for a number of years, had considerable furniture in the house. The house and furniture were insured. Dr. DeJarnette, the owner, will rebuild at once, and arrangements have been made to lease the property for another five years.

Naval Recruiting Station at Rome.

Rome, Ga., November 8.—(Special.)—A recruiting station for the United States navy was opened here today and will enlist men for a week or so. The station was moved here from Chattanooga, where a large number were secured.

ELLIS WILL START THE BUILDING NOW

Encroachment Cases in Macon Apparently at End.

DANNENBERG IS VERY SILENT

Money Has Been Paid Into the City Treasury, the Deed Issued and the Restraining Order Run Out—No Obstacle Pending.

Macon, Ga., November 8.—(Special.)—The decision of the supreme court of today in the case of Joseph Dannenberg against the mayor and council of the city of Macon, affirming the decision of the superior court of this circuit, came as a great surprise to those who had so vigorously fought the case.

Some months ago Theodore Ellis, of Macon, applied to the city council for an encroachment of about 11 feet along Cherry street, between Cotton avenue and First street, and in front of property owned by Mr. Ellis. In the application for the encroachment it was stated that Mr. Ellis would erect on the property a modern three-story building, the ground floor of which would be used for stores and the upper stories of which would be used as offices. At the same time this application was made Mrs. Claude Estes applied for a similar encroachment on the opposite side of the street in the same territory.

As Cherry street is one of the prettiest and best paved streets in Macon, considerable opposition was raised to the granting of the encroachments. Petitions were circulated for and against the granting of the property and for several days the matter was in the balance. Finally the matter came to a vote in council. The Estes petition was first voted on, the vote resulting in a tie, six aldermen voting for the granting of the petition and six against the grant. Mayor Smith cast the deciding vote, and in doing so stated that as the petition carried with it no bond for the protection of the city in case trouble arose over the grant, he would be compelled, in the protection of the interests of the city, to vote against the granting of the petition. This was the Estes petition.

Immediately following this action the Ellis petition was taken up, but the indemnity bond was attached to this and when the tie vote came Mayor Smith cast his vote in favor of the grant, the price agreed on being $750.

At a subsequent meeting of council it was agreed, insomuch as no other applicant for an encroachment had been required to give bond, that Mr. Ellis be relieved of the bond. Mr. Ellis then paid for the encroachment, received his deed and was proceeding to erect a modern building on the property, when he was stopped by the injunction filed by Mr. Dannenberg. The injunction was heard by Judge Felton and dissolved, although a restraining order, preventing Mr. Ellis building until the case was reviewed by the supreme court, was issued.

Mr. Ellis will now erect the new building. It is acknowledged by all parties concerned that the erection of a modern building at this point will greatly improve the appearance of that portion of the city and enhance the taxable values of property in that vicinity.

NEW UNIFORMS FOR CADETS.

Georgia Southern Military College Is Now Crowded.

Bainbridge, Ga., November 8.—(Special.) The cadets of the Georgia Southern Military college have received their new uniforms. The battalion now presents a fine appearance. There are two companies of thirty or thirty-five men each, both well officered. The uniform is of cadet gray, with black stripes on the trousers, a straight buttoned blouse being trimmed with broad black braid. The number of students has increased to such an extent that the preparatory department has been crowded out and a cottage near the college is now being used by them. Plans for increasing the size of the college buildings are considered by the trustees, and by next fall a building adequate to the demands of this growing institution will have been completed.

Killed by Boiler Explosion.

Winder, Ga., November 8.—(Special.)—A 12-horse boiler belonging to H. C. Horton exploded here this afternoon, instantly killing him and Lewis Camp, colored, and seriously wounding John Taylor, white. Two or three others were slightly injured.

New School House at Swainsboro.

Swainsboro, Ga., November 8.—(Special.)—Swainsboro has voted a bonded debt of $12,000, the money to be used in building a new school house.

ANNUAL FLOWER SHOW GIVEN

Woman's Club of Covington Entertains in a Pleasant Manner.

Covington, Ga., November 8.—(Special.) The Woman's Club of Covington has given its annual flower show—a show in vogue for years. The display was fine and the arrangement faultless. The prizes awarded were:

Best outdoor collection, Mrs. L. P. Owsley.

Second best outdoor collection, Mrs. E. O. Lee.

Best potted plants, Mrs. W. C. Clark.

Second best potted plants, Mrs. E. O. Lee.

Best single white bloom, Mrs. W. C. Clark.

Best single yellow bloom, Mrs. James G. Lester.

Best single pink bloom, Mrs. W. C. Clark.

Best eight white blooms, Mrs. E. O. Lee.

Best eight pink blooms, Mrs. James G. Lester.

Best eight yellow blooms, Mrs. W. C. Clark.

Best decorative plant, Mrs. James M. Pace.

Best collection of decorative plants, Mrs. E. O. Lee.

Best specimen plant (pink), Mrs. Ed Heard.

Best specimen plant (yellow), Mrs. E. O. Lee.

Best specimen plant (white), Mrs. Ed Heard.

Best artistic design, Mrs. J. W. Worsham.

Finest plant grown by child under 14 years, Miss Artie Wright.

Mrs. James M. Pace and Mrs. P. W. Godfrey's exhibits were excellent.

THE TRADE SITUATION.

New York, November 8.—Bradstreet's tomorrow will say:

"The trade situation presents many points of strength and few of weakness. Colder weather throughout the country has stimulated retail trade in heavy clothing, shoes, groceries and rubber goods, and this has already been reflected in an improved reorder demand from western and southern jobbers. Collections, too, are more satisfactory. Country merchants are reported in good financial shape, and one result of this is found in the rather better supply and easier tone of money. Holding of cotton is reported from the south, this being aided by the strength of the business community generally. Higher prices have been made for cereals. Bradstreet's figures for the world's visible supply favor the bears, but foreign cables are better, and export demand has been improved both for wheat and corn, the strength of these being shared in by flour, the production of which at Minneapolis and other centers is very heavy, and by oats. The price situation is one of steadiness, though some hesitation was shown during October.

"While nearly all industries are active, strength and activity has been displayed in iron and steel. Production as yet seems to be running behind consumption. The shortage of cars is an additional obstructive feature just at present, and the effect upon the coke trade has been so marked as to cause the shut down of twenty blast furnaces in the Pittsburg district. Pig iron is in good demand east and west. Railway material is very active at Chicago, and 50,000 tons of steel rails have been ordered by western roads this week. Iron bars and nails display weakness and are lower. Plate specifications are also reported being held back. At Pittsburg there is a heavy demand for Bessemer iron, and sales of 15,000 tons of this material, and of 20,000 tons of foundry iron, are reported, with good premiums for prompt delivery. Forge iron is 50c up. Structural material is also active, sales at Pittsburg for the week aggregating 12,000 tons. Some irregularity is noted in the market for cotton goods, owing to the weakness of raw material, the result of large estimates.

"The Fall River wage situation has been clarified by a reduction in wages made by the manufacturer who some four weeks ago advanced them. Print cloths are firm for prompt delivery at 3¼c, but some sales have been made for January delivery at 3c.

"Wool goods machinery is actively employed. The markets have been rather firmer, with an upward tendency. Supplies are smaller, and the position is one of considerable strength.

"The leather trade is rater quieter than of late. Shoe factories at the east are now finishing up their winter orders preparatory to turning machinery on spring goods. No sign of weakness is to be noted, however, in prices. Prices are still the key of the situation, and they are firm and unchanged. Shoe shipments continue largely in excess of a year ago.

"The coal trade was in good condition previous to the cold weather. It has lost none of its strength since, and the only source of complaint is the small stocks in dealers' hands and the trouble growing out of the scarcity of cars.

"Raw sugar is low in sympathy with the continued bearish feeling here and abroad, and refined is 10 points lower all round.

"Coffee is slightly higher on smaller crop estimates.

"Wheat, including flour, exports for the week aggregate 5,468,645 bushels, against 6,672,888 bushels last week and 3,555,507 bushels in this week last year. July 1st to date exports aggregate 112,198,918 bushels, against 66,356,797 bushels last season.

"Corn exports aggregate 708,284 bushels, as against 698,159 bushels last week and 3,287,627 bushels last year. July 1st to date corn exports are 17,447,844, against 59,463,314 bushels last season.

"Failures for the week in the United States aggregate 191, as against 172 last week, 161 in this week a year ago, 182 in 1899 and 187 in 1898.

"Canadian failures for the week number 35, as against 17 last week and last year, 23 in 1899 and 30 in 1898."

Dun's Review.

New York, November 8.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade tomorrow will say:

"Little relief has been afforded the leading manufacturing industry in the matter of transporting facilities. In fact, the situation on the whole is less satisfactory since inability to secure coke has brought about the banking of some furnaces. This in turn tends to harden the market for pig iron, though no actual alteration in prices has occurred except at Philadelphia, where 25 cents a ton more is readily paid. As this industry is considered the best business barometer, present conditions and future prospects are certainly most encouraging, for orders are abundant and plants enlarging capacity in order to handle the growing business. Material is purchased now for much structural work in the spring and additional contracts are seeking acceptance. Railway needs were never as pressing, every form of equipment being sought, and it is possible that more orders will be placed abroad. Labor troubles and low water have added to the difficulty arising from car shortage, making three retarding influences affecting the output of coal just when the export demand has become a factor of importance.

"Textile mills in New England are busy and there is no longer any fear of labor controversy at Fall River. Print cloths have ceased to be inflated, standards widths resuming the former quotation of 3 cents and meeting with a fair demand. Domestic buying of all staple cottons is seasonably quiet and the views of exporters are still below those of sellers. Recent declines in the raw material have not weakened prices, as there was no commensurate advance in goods when the cotton market was rising. Reports from the south indicate that spindles are well occupied.

"In woolens there is a free movement of women's dress goods and orders are plentiful in heavyweight lines for immediate delivery. The season has reduced manufacturers' stock of heavy woolens and worsteds to a low point and recent unprecedented buying of raw material indicates that orders come forward freely. Footwear is firm at last week's advance and eastern manufacturers are beginning work on spring orders.

"Leather is held at the best prices of the season and dry hides rose further on heavy sales.

"Weather conditions were the chief factors in determining price changes of staple products. Low temperature in grain growing states brought a higher level of quotations, corn rising 23 cents above the figure ruling at the corresponding date last year, and 36 cents over 1899. These advances of more than 50 per cent are far in excess of the ratio of loss in production and establishes a fictitious price level which curtailed Atlantic exports to 642,142 bushels for the week, against 2,520,170 bushels last year and 3,458,104 two years ago.

"On the other hand, wheat is moving out freely at both coasts, shipments from the United States for the week amounting to 5,561,472 bushels, against 3,210,164 bushels in the same week of 1900 and 3,927,203 in 1899. Vigorous milling and foreign demands caused a fair advance in prices to about last year's figure, despite the difference in output.

"Cotton weakened still further, port and interior movements indicating a better crop than was anticipated. At the lower price, however, exports are heavy and tend to prevent any serious reaction.

"Coffee advanced despite the record breaking supply.

"Failures for the week numbered 243 in the United States, against 201 last year, and 53 in Canada, against 13 last year."

The Milledgeville Carnival.

Milledgeville, Ga., November 8.—(Special.)—The Milledgeville carnival is now in full blast. The streets were crowded yesterday and last night. The young ladies at the Georgia Normal and Industrial Institute, chaperoned by Dr. Chappell and the matrons, took in the entire show.

Chamberlin Johnson DuBose Co

The Real Economy Store for Men's Underwear.

Hard, indeed, would be the Underwear need to satisfy that cannot be provided for in our Men's Store. All the wanted things are here and here you may practice true economy—that economy which sacrifices nothing of goodness in the securing of reasonable prices. Such economy is characteristic of Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose.

Shirts and Drawers to match, fleece lined, in heavy winter weights, tan, at per garment..... 50c

Just in, a full line of sizes of Scriven's elastic seam cotton flannel Drawers for men, a garment..... 75c

Shirts and Drawers to match, in weights for fall wear, per garment..... 1.00

Winter weight Shirts and Drawers in three colors, natural, blue and camel's hair, silk faced front, garment 1.75

Shirt and Drawers in winter weight, white or natural, silk faced fronts, per garment..... 1.50

Shirts and Drawers in weight for fall and winter wear; mixtures in tan; American Hosiery Company stuff, at per garment.. 1.00

Underwear of uniform excellence, moderate in price. Dr. Jaegar's all wool sanitary Underwear in all styles and sizes for men is also here—Shirts, Drawers, Night Shirts, Etc.

Lounging Robes, Smoking Jackets.

Little early to talk Xmas, but these things so appropriate for men are ready. You might look them over while the stock is complete, for they are going well even this early.

Smoking Jackets in double faced materials, dark blue, tan, wine color, etc., with reverse side in neat checks or plaids. Jackets fashioned with collar of the plaid and cuffs and pockets trimmed with same. Then there are a few in plush with quilted satin linings. The Jackets are priced from $5.00 to..... 15.00

Then in full length Lounging Robes we show the heavy figured Flannel Gowns in tans, red, blues, etc., at..... 5.00

Or in the same materials as the Jackets priced from $6.50 to..... 18.00

Crash Bath Robes in elaborate designs with large sleeves and hoods, from $3.50 up to..... 5.00

Adler and Trefousse Gloves.

Our men's store has no equal in gloves when it comes to quality, variety and prices. That sounds just like stereotyped newspaper talk, but when we tell you that this claim is backed by a full list of sizes and new shades of "Adler" and "Trefousse" gloves, there is little chance for argument.

The "Trefousse" Glove for men in black, slate, suede, pearl, tan, etc., at $2.00 and.. ..... 2.25

The "Adler" walking Glove for men in grey and brown undressed at $1.00 and dressed gloves in tan, pearl or white..... 1.50

Adler's walking gloves in new shades of tan for fall and winter, at $1.00 and..... 1.25

A Few Sox.

Fall and Winter Half Hose for men in solid colors, natural black or camel's hair at ..... .25

black, tan or natural in solid color, pair .. .50

We also have the celebrated all-wool Dr. Jaeger's socks.

All-Wool Socks,

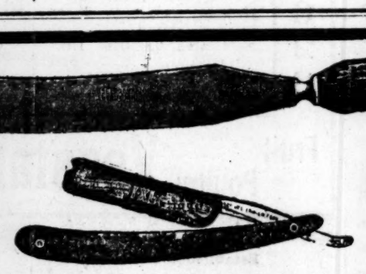
Night Shirts and Pajamas.

Striped Outing Flannel in Night Shirts or Pajamas, as you may desire, well made, neatly finished. Other styles also in Pajamas of Flannel.

Pajamas in fancy striped outings, trimmed, per suit, $1.00 and $1.50; Night Shirts in the same at..... 1.00

Flannel Pajamas in fancy pin stripe materials with military fastenings, per suit ... 4.00

Outing Flannel Night Shirts, just in a new line. Fancy fronts at $1.00 and another line fancy or plain at..... .75



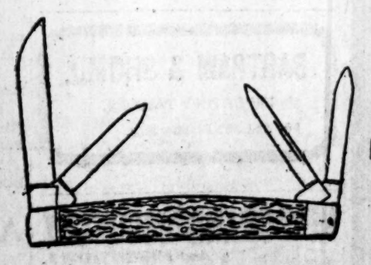
OUR RAZORS Are the Best

BUTCHER'S STEEL.

We have more Cutlery and better Cutlery than any other house in the south, and we sell it for less money.

We have Pearl Handle Table Knives with Plated Blades that can be sharpened.

We have Table Knives at.....50c set and up
We have Razors at.....50c and up
We have Carving Sets at.....$1.00 to $10.00
We have Pocket Knives at.....5c and up
We have Butcher Knives at.....10c and up
We have Scissors at.....10c and up



OUR BAKER RAZORS Are Guaranteed.

WILSON'S. BUTCHER'S.



King Hardware Co.

MEN'S DISEASES.

The Sure Cure For.

By my Electric Chemic Process I cure Varicocele, Stricture, Gleet, Impotency, Hydrocele, Piles and Fistula in ten days, Blood Poison, Rheumatism and all Nervous Diseases in thirty days. All women's diseases also speedily cured. The treatment is new, thoroughly tested and wonderful results reported from all over the country. For information call or write to J. R. Leatherman, M. D., No. 600½ Austell building, Atlanta, Ga.



All Traveling Men go to

Alexander's Hotel.

15 MARIETTA STREET.

On account of superior location and accommodation

ENTERTAINMENT.....

FOR

Man, Woman and Child

in

SUNDAY'S

.. Sunny South ..

Ideal Sunday reading comprises the matter offered readers of **The Sunny South** next Sunday. Fiction stories of prominent people and places at home and abroad; current events illustrated, and the intellectual and literary fields thoroughly canvassed.

"NO OTHER WAY," the serial by Sir Walter Besant, enters on its second interest-holding installment.

"A SEA CHASE FOR A SWEETHEART," a nautical story of love, with the flavor and vim of the salt breeze.

"CUBAN LEPERS; THEIR TREATMENT," gives an interesting resume of this scourge in our island neighbor and the steps taken for its suppression.

"LEE'S SAGACITY SAVED THE NATION FROM GUERRILLA WARFARE," presenting the confederate hero in a new and admirable light.

"ASTRONOMERS PREPARING FOR COMING STAR SHOWER," an account of steps taken to photograph the Leonids, expected next week.

"SHERMAN PUTS THE LEGISLATURE TO FLIGHT," a brightly told tale of the invasion of the Georgia solons.

"JAVA'S UP-TO-DATE METROPOLIS," Frank G. Carpenter's description of the New York of the Orient.

The Woman's, Literary and Editorial Pages, each containing well-selected and displayed cullings from the leading current topics in these fields.

SCATTERS HER OWN BRAINS

Society Girl at Decatur, Ala., Commits Suicide.

SHE USED A BIG PISTOL

Helen Hutton Was To Have Been Married Sunday—Her Promised Husband Did Not Appear and She Proceeded To Kill Herself.

Decatur, Ala., November 8.—(Special.)—Crazed over the supposed desertion of her befrothed lover, Miss Helen Hutton put an end to her life with a 38-caliber pistol ball late this afternoon, the bullet scattering her brains about the spot in which her body was found, the pistol having been discharged through her mouth.

Miss Hutton was to have been married last Sunday to a young business man of Birmingham, Ala., but he failed to appear. Her letters and telegrams elicited no response. The suicide was committed in the back yard at her home in East Decatur. She was found about fifteen minutes later. Miss Hutton was but 18 years old. She was pretty, accomplished and a great favorite in her society circle.

CALL WILL RETURN TO FLORIDA

Ex-Senator Will Make Race Against Incumbent Mallory in May.

Jacksonville, Fla., November 8.—(Special.)—Ex-Senator Wilkinson Call, who has for several months made his residence in New York, announces that he will return to Florida at once, making his home in Volusia county, and begin active canvass for the United States senate to succeed Senator Mallory, whose term expires March 4, 1903. Mallory's successor will be elected by the legislature next May. Senator Call was in the senate eighteen years, but was defeated by Mallory in 1897. In the announcement of his intentions ex-Senator Call declared that there will be considerable money at his command to make the fight.

SUGAR REFINERY IN FLORIDA.

Florida East Coast Commercial Company Capitalized at $1,000,000.

Jacksonville, Fla., November 8.—(Special.)—The Florida East Coast Commercial Company has been incorporated with a capital stock of $1,000,000 for the purpose of erecting a sugar refinery, on large cane-planting properties secured by the company in Volusia county, Florida. The plant, which will cost about $500,000, will be at Oak Hill. The company will manufacture standard granulated sugar. This is the initiative in what is believed will soon develop into one of the principal industries of Florida. The general offices of the Florida East Coast Commercial Company are in the Continental Trust building, Baltimore. George F. Jones is president; Frank H. Callaway, vice president; M. R. Creighton, secretary; William W. Dix, treasurer, and J. S. Weaver, auditor.

SEPARATED ON STREET CARS.

Jacksonville Has a Law Dividing the Whites and the Blacks.

Jacksonville, Fla., November 8.—(Special.)—After a spirited fight, the city council has passed an ordinance separating the races on the street cars of Jacksonville, and clothing the conductors and motormen of the cars with police authority. There is suppressed excitement among the blacks on account of the law. The negro population of Jacksonville is slightly over 50 per cent of the total, and council contains one negro member. There have been several disturbances on the cars recently, and there has been several complaints on the part of the whites at the attitude of negro passengers in many instances. The new law is the outcome, and the result of its enforcement is awaited.

Lawyer Holmes Dangerously Ill.

Waycross, Ga., November 8.—(Special.) Watkins C. Holmes, a young attorney of Waycross, is desperately ill and his recovery is doubted. He is at the home of his father, Captain C. T. Holmes. Mr. Holmes is brother in law of Hon. W. M. Toomer, Ware's representative in the legislature.

Negro Kills His Wife.

Savannah, Ga., November 8.—(Special.) Jim Dupre, a negro, murdered his wife, Sadie, today in a jealous fit. The negro used a knife, and made his escape after committing the crime.

GREAT FLOOD OF PETITIONS.

Virginia Constitutional Convention Is Again at Work.

Richmond, Va., November 8.—The constitutional convention held its first business session since the election today. There was a great flood of petitions, most of them praying the passage of the Harbour-Quarles resolution on the subject of granting liquor licenses.

The chamber of commerce of this city sent up, through James W. Gordon, a petition askingthe passage of the Withers railroad commission, an ordinance providing for the establishment of a railroad commission. The resignation of Delegate Newton, of Richmond city, was received and accepted, and the president issued a writ fixing Thursday, November 21, as the time for holding an election to fill the vacancy.

After disposing of some routine matters, the convention went into committee of the whole and resumed consideration of the report of the committee on the organization and government of counties. The question recurred on the amendment offered by Mr. Eggleston, providing that the mode of appointment of commissioners of the revenue be left to the legislature. Judge Portlock and Mr. Barnes, of New Kent, and others opposed this and held that they should be elected as at present. Mr. Eggleston spoke for his amendment and Mr. Withers made a speech on the general proposition of having a better system of assessing the taxable property of the state. Judge Hancock spoke against any change in the present system, and the amendment of Mr. Eggleston was voted on and lost. On a recount, the amendment was adopted by a vote of 26 to 25

SHIPPING WHEAT INTO MEXICO

Tracks on the Texas Border Are Now Blockaded With Cars.

Austin, Tex., November 8.—(Special.)—A blockade of cars loaded with wheat is threatened at Laredo and Eagle Pass.

On November 1 the Mexican government issued an official decree removing temporarily the duty on wheat imported into that country. This decree becomes effective November 10. Several hundred cars of wheat were on their way to Mexico from Kansas, Nebraska and Minnesota before news of the removal of the duty was made public. When the shippers learned of this they ordered the cars held at the border points until the decree became effective. As a result of this order there are already 150 cars at Laredo and a large number at Eagle Pass and El Paso, with many more arriving each day. It is estimated that not less than 5,000 cars of wheat will be shipped into Mexico from the United States during the next few weeks.

Democrat Succeeds a Republican.

Nashville, Tenn., November 8.—(Special) Govrnor McMillin today appointd N. I. Allen, of Athens, judge of the fourth judicial circuit, vice J. L. Parks resigned. The resigning judge is a republican and his successor is a democrat. Judge Parks resigned to accept the position of attorney of the Ducktown Sulphur and Copper Company.

Stallings Talks Against Constitution.

Tuscaloosa, Ala., November 8.—(Special.) Hon. Jesse Stallings addressed an audience here this afternoon against the ratification of the new constitution.

Baptist Church at Mobley Park.

Rome, Ga., November 8.—(Special.)—A Baptist mission church will be built at Mobley park by the Baptists of this city. A Sunday school has been operated in the old exposition building during the summer, but the needs of the community have necessitated the erection of a house of worship.

Sewer System Completed.

Decatur, Ala., November 8.—(Special.)—Decatur's new sewer system, covering 10 miles of streets, was completed today, and will be flushed tomorrow.

The Live Stock Market.

Chicago, November 8.—Cattle: Receipts 2,600, including 13 cars Texans and 9 cars westerns. Market slow; good to prime $6@6.85; poor to medium $3.60@5.90; stockers and feeders $2@4.25; cows $1.25@4.50; heifers $1.50@5; canners $1.25@2.25; bulls $1.75@4.50; calves $2.50@6.25; Texas steers $3@4; western sheep $3.65@5.45.

Hogs—Receipts 27,000. Market strong; good to choice heavy $5.60@5.95; light $5.30@5.60; bulk of sales $5.60@5.80.

Sheep—Receipts 12,000. Market steady; good to choice wethers $3.50@4.25; fair to choice mixed $2.90@3.40; western sheep $3@3.60; native lambs $2.50@4.80; western lambs $3@4.50.

St. Louis, November 8.—Cattle: Receipts 1,700, including 800 Texans. Market steady; native shipping and export steers $5@6.50; dressed beef grades $3.50@5.80; steers under 1,000 pounds $2.75@5; stockers and feeders $2.40@3.50; cows and heifers $2@4.90; bulls $2.25@3; Texas and Indian steers $2.75@4.25; cows and heifers $2.20@3.15

Hogs—Receipts 7,300. Market 5c lower; pigs and lights $5.40@5.60; packers $5.40@5.65; butchers $5.70@6.

Sheep—Receipts 14,000. Market steady; native muttons $3.25@3.50; lambs $4@5; culls and bucks $2@3.25.

Foreign Finances.

London, November 8.—Consols for money 91 11-16; consols for the account 91 13-16. Atchison 84⅜; do. preferred 101½; Illinois Central 144; Louisville 108⅞.

Bar silver firmer at 26 7-16d.

Money 2½@2¾ per cent.

Short bills 3⅛@3⅜ per cent; three months' bills 3⅝@3¾ per cent.

Bar gold 77s 11d. American eagles 76s 6d. Gold at Paris 132.40.

Paris, November 8.—Three per cent rentes 100 francs 75 centimes for the account. Exchange on London 25 francs ½ centime for checks.

Berlin, November 8.—Exchange on London 20 marks 41¾ pfennigs for checks; discount rates for short bills 2 per cent; three months' bills 2¾ per cent.

A FUGITIVE HAS IT HIS OWN WAY

Before Surrendering Man Charged with Murder Is Allowed Bond.

IN SAME CASE TWO MEN HAVE ALREADY BEEN HANGED

Man and Woman Are Killed in Sevier County, Tennessee, in 1896, and the Officers Now Accept a Promise That Accused Will Appear.

Knoxville, Tenn., November 8.—(Special.)—After being a fugitive from justice since May, 1899, Robert L. Catlett has surrendered to Sheriff R. H. Shields, of Sevier county, and will in January be tried on an indictment charging him with being an accessory to the murder of Mrs. Laura Whaley in Sevier county, December 26, 1896. Catlett is now at liberty under a $1,000 bond. The bond was made and accepted before Catlett surrendered. His son, William Catlett, negotiated the surrender a week before it occurred. It is said Catlett has been hiding in South Carolina for the past two years.

This surrender opens another chapter in the white-cap work in Sevier county previous to 1898 as a result of which a number of lives were lost. On the night of December 26, 1896, William and Laura Whaley were murdered in cold blood by white cappers. Four arrests were made. Pleas Wynne and Catlett Tipton were hanged July 5, 1899, after having confessed to the crime. They swore Robert Catlett had hired them to commit the murders. Catlett's case was nolle prossed and he disappeared. He was later reindicted and on that indictment he will now be tried.

SAVANNAH MAN DROPS DEAD.

Collector Way Expires While Making His Daily Rounds.

Savannah, Ga., November 8.—(Special.) Elliott C. Way, a well known collector and real estate agent, fell dead of heart disease in an office on Bay street this morning. Apparently he was in the best of health and spirits when he began his trip along Bay street and greeted his friends in his usual cheery manner. He was just leaving the office of Hinnecker & Vogelsang when he fell at the head of the stairway. He was picked up and taken into the office, where he immediately expired. His wife and daughter were apprised and hastened at once to the scene. Mr. Way was the son of the late Rev. R. Q. Way, a well known Presbyterian minister of Liberty county, and was born at Ningapore, China, forty-six years ago while his father and mother were stationed there as missionaries. He was one of the deacons of the First Presbyterian church of Savannah.

The Southern railway has issued a beautiful booklet entitled "Hunting and Fishing in the South," which is a very attractive publication giving full and concise information relative to the best hunting and fishing grounds along its lines, together with information as to rates of board, game laws, names of guides, and whether or not lands are posted, etc. This publication is complete in every detail and will be of great benefit to hunters and fishermen desiring to take an outing. Copy may be had by addressing J. C Beam, Jr., D. P. A., Atlanta, Ga., or W. H. Tayloe, A. G. P. A., Atlanta, Ga.

MORTUARY.

R. J. Reddy, Macon, Ga.

Macon, Ga., November 8.—(Special.)—R. J. Reddy died tonight. He had been in declining health for several months. He was the father of Patrolman Reddy, of the Macon police force, and was at one time a member of the aldermanic board of the city. The funeral will occur tomorrow.

Captain Redford Sargent .

Philadelphia, November 8.—Captain Redford W. Sargent, marine superintendent of Cramps' ship yard, died today of heart trouble, aged about 60 years. He had been ill since Tuesday. Captain Sargent became connected with the Cramps' ship yard about nine years ago. All big vessels built by the Cramp company during that period have been under the direct command of Captain Sargent.

Mrs. F. B. Sirmans, Valdosta, Ga.

Valdosta, Ga., November 8.—(Special.)—Mrs. Sirmans, wife of Hon. F. B. Sirmans, died at her home in Clinch county last night after an illness of several weeks. Mrs. Sirmans was a sister of Frank Corley and Allen Strickland and of Mrs. E. L. Moore, of this city. She leaves one daughter.

Under New Management.

Selma, Ala., November 8.—(Special.)—Louis Ravenel & Co., of Chicago, today purchased the Hotel Albert, the leading hotel of this city, and will take charge of the place after December 1.

A PINK BOOKLET

AND THE GOOD IT DID IN ONE FAMILY.

The Results That Came About from One Woman's Reading an Advertising Pamphlet That Was Thrown at Her Door.

It is interesting oftentimes to trace the results which follow from comparatively insignificant causes. Here is a good illustration:

A woman in Rome, N. Y., Mrs. W. T. Clark, was cured of stomach trouble and nervousness by a certain medicine and gave the manufacturers permission to use her statement recommending the preparation. This was published in a booklet and thrown around at the doors. Now Mrs. William Metot, also of Rome, was ailing, and, happening to read the book, came across the description of Mrs. Clark's case. In some respects their symptoms were similar, so she went to Mrs. Clark's house at No. 318 West Thomas street, and asked her about it. Mrs. Metot tells the story as follows:

"I had been miserable for a long time, suffering with the troubles which come with the turn of life. It made me sick to my stomach, I had smothering spells every once in a while and, if I walked any distance, my limbs felt like sticks. My head felt just as if I was going to be crazy and with it all I was afflicted with nervousness and heart trouble. I felt so bad that I did not see anything to live for.

"I went to a doctor, but he didn't do me much good, and so I was pretty well discouraged. Then I saw in a booklet that was thrown around how Mrs. Clark was cured. I went to see her and upon her recommendation I went that very day and got some of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

"That was about the first of June. I felt better before the first box was taken and continued using them until I was well. My husband is sick and is going to take them and so is my sister. I have recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People to many people and will continue to do so, for I know what they will do from my own experience."

Mrs. Metot lives at No. 426 W. Bloomfield street, Rome, N. Y. Her statement is another proof of the well deserved popularity of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. If the pills had not been good, Mrs. Clark would not have recommended them; if they had not cured Mrs. Metot she would not have advised her husband and sister and friends to take them. The medicine is all that is claimed for it and consequently every one who tries it is another added to the long list of those who praise it and have made it famous.

It was through the most critical period in the life of a woman that Mrs. Metot passed—that of the change or turn of life. The symptoms attending this period are fainting spells or attacks of faintness or dizziness, headache, general debility, exhaustion, a feeling of melancholy, hysteria, pain in the loins or limbs, hypochondria, etc. The change is a gradual one—for better or worse; for the better if the patient is wise enough to fortify the system against the ravages of the disorders attending the change. For this purpose no remedy ever discovered equals Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. They purify the blood by acting directly upon the sexual system, lessen the severity at this critical period, and finally leave the patient in the enjoyment of robust health. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People have not only cured hundreds of cases similar to that of Mrs. Metot, but they have proven themselves to be a certain remedy for all diseases arising from disorders of the blood and nerves. Among the many diseases they have cured are locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after-effects of the grip, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, and all forms of weakness either in male or female. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are sold by all dealers or will be sent postpaid on receipt of price, fifty cents a box; or six boxes for two dollars and a half, by addressing Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

HEAVY COST TO CANDIDATES

Legislative Honor Will Come High This Year.

CAMPBELL SENDS OUT NOTICE

All Candidates Must Pay Up Before They Enter the Race for the Legislature.

Legislative honors never came higher than this fall.

With three candidates in the field, it will cost each $200 to make the race for the unexpired term left vacant by the death of Hon. Porter King. The three candidates now in the field are Thomas Egleston, H. O. Teat and B. L. Hearn. Should either one of these drop out before the primary, which takes place next Wednesday, the expense will fall on the remaining two.

In order to conduct the primary there will be fifteen polling places in the county and two in the city. The total cost will be almost equal to that of a general election.

The Australian ballot system will be used in the city, but not in the county, owing to the additional expense that would be unnecessarily incurred.

Those who regisered up to November 5 will be qualified to vote in the primary.

Today at 12:15 o'clock the sub-committee in charge of the election will meet in the Empire building to arrange all details. The committee is composed of Harvey Johnson, Clarence Moore, R. A. Broyles, H. M. Dorsey and J. W. Goldsmith.

PLANS FOR WEEK OF PRAYER.

Churches All Over the World Will Celebrate the Occasion.

The week beginning next Sunday, November 10, will be observed by nearly all the great Christian denominations throughout the world as a "week of prayer," the particular object of which will be to reach young men. The custom of setting aside the second week in November for this purpose originated with the Young Men's Christian Association. In the association buildings throughout the world religious meetings will be held each night and in many of the churches next Sunday and the Sunday following.

D. E. Luther, secretary of the Atlanta branch of the Y. M. C. A., has accepted an invitation to attend the state convention of the Tennessee association at Nashville next week.

In Atlanta Rev. J. E. White, of the Second Baptist church, will open the week with a special service Sunday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock and will speak at 7:30 o'clock each night.

The Atlanta branch of the Y. M. C. A. has the highest standing of any association in the south. Both in point of equipment and in the number of its members, the Atlanta association is conspicuous as the most successful in the southern states.

ESTILL ENTERTAINS GEORGIA EDITORS

Two Press Associations Gather at the Isle of Hope.

COAST DELICACIES SERVED

Hundred and Fifty Members of the Association Are Guests of the Savannah Morning News Man—Colonel Pope Brown Present.

Savannah, Ga., November 8.—(Special.) The Georgia editors took in the state fair today and were the guests during the afternoon of Colonel J. H. Estill, president of The Savannah Morning News, at his summer residence, "Wimberly," at the Isle of Hope. There were about 150 editors and members of their families in the party, the Georgia Press Association, the Weekly Press Association and the South Georgia Press Association all being well represented. Editor H. H. Cabaniss, of The Atlanta Journal, and Editor W. S. Coleman, of The Cedartown Standard, presidents of the Georgia and Weekly associations, headed the party. Others present were Colonel John Triplett, of The Thomasville Times; Dick Grubb, of The Darien Gazette; Mrs. Marie Louise Myrick, of The Americus Times-Recorder; Captain J. W. Anderson, of The Covington Star; J. W. Chapman, of The Washington Gazette; W. B. Roberts, of The Atlanta Constitution; Mrs. William Bailey Thomas and Mrs. Hugh Hagan, of The Atlanta Social Season. The editors made headquarters at the DeSoto. Shortly after breakfast they were taken in hand by Colonel Estill, assisted by a committee, and escorted to the fair grounds, where they were shown everything from the country agricultural displays to the Midway. At 3 o'clock cars were taken to Isle of Hope, where they were Colonel Estill's guests.

The entertainment at Colonel Estill's was one of the most ornate events of its kind ever known in Savannah. It was successful in every respect, and it will long be remembered by the visitors and their host. All the delicacies of the coast were served out doors, the weather being of just the temperature to make such an outing thoroughly pleasant.

Terrapin stew in quantities and other choice dishes were capped with an oyster roast and the editors and other guests regaled themselves upon the bivalves until they could eat no more. The affair was unique in many respects.

At the board sat two avowed candidates for governor, Colonel Estill and Colonel Pope Brown. Present as Colonel Estill's guest was Mrs. Marie Louise Myrick, editor of The Americus Times-Recorder, a staunch supporter of Colonel Brown. A number of speeches were made, nearly all of them being in support of Colonel Estill. Undeterred by the presence, however, and making a graceful explanation of why she was not with the Estill forces, Mrs. Myrick spoke on behalf of Colonel Brown, who, she said, she thought would would make the best governor Georgia had ever had.

Great enthusiasm was created when President Cabaniss proposed a toast to "Colonel J. H. Estill—our next governor." Mr. Cabaniss made a speech that was liberally applauded, as was that delivered by W. S. Coleman, president of the Weekly Press Association. Other speakers, all supporting Colonel Estill and predicting his success, were made by Hon. Pope Barrow, Colonel B. W. Wrenn and J. C. Haile.

Kodol Digests what you Eat

Dyspepsia Cure

In speaking of indigestion, Dr. Lewis says: "It is deplorable that so many hundreds of thousands of Americans suffer from indigestion. It means that the blood of the nation is becoming impure; for undigested food poisons the blood. Unless a method is devised for overcoming this malady, our race must deteriorate."

Many persons use soda tablets to neutralize fermenting food; this only makes a chemical receptacle out of the stomach, and injures its sensitive structures. Others feed on pepsin, which is better, but not sufficient, for it digests only albuminous foods.

The preparation best fitted to relieve and absolutely cure indigestion is KODOL DYSPEPSIA CURE. It contains every known digestant and digests every kind of food. Its use is a common sense method of treating all stomach troubles, and the results are always certain.

It can't help but do you good

Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. The $1. bottle contains 2¼ times the 50c. size.

When you need a soothing and healing application for piles, sores and skin diseases, use **DeWITT'S Witch Hazel SALVE.** Beware of counterfeits.

Don't Forget Our Market Annex

Some garden autocrats to vary the monotony—and other things:

Hubbard Squash just from Ohio.....35c to 50c
Florida Summer Squash.....5c and 10c
Cauliflower, large size snow balls—none better, lb.....12 1-2c
Michigan Celery.....10c
Head Lettuce.....10c
Fresh English Peas, qt.....15c
Large, fresh Grapefruit—delivered for breakfast.....20c
Pineapples, just received.....35c
N. Y. State Sweet Cider (genuine) gallon jug.....50c

Smithfield Hams are in.

DEERFOOT FARM SAUSAGE. the finest of all pork sausage, just in by morning's express. lb.....30c
SMOKED SALMON. lb.....40c

Everything that's good to eat you'll find it at

Both Stores **KAMPER'S** Both 'Phones.

SHORT ITEMS OF INTEREST CONCERNING MEN AND MANY PUBLIC OCCURRENCES

THE ARGUMENTS IN THE CASE OF the Consolidated Rubber Tire Company and others against Samuel E. Finley, of this city, for alleged infringement, were concluded yesterday in the United States district court. The evidence in book and statement form, as well as in the shape of the goods of manufacture in question, is voluminous, and will consume a great amount of time for examination by the court. It cannot be stated with any certainty at this time when a verdict will be rendered in the case.

THE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION met yesterday morning in the office of Superintendent M. L. Brittain, in the court house, and gave attention to a number of matters pertaining to the public school system of the county. Most of the business was of a routine nature. A new text on scientific agriculture has been adopted by the board, and it was decided to introduce it into the ninth, the highest grade in the schools. This branch of knowledge is being taught in several other counties of Georgia, and the Fulton county commissioners appear to be very favorably impressed with it. The text, it is believed, will add a valuable feature to the curriculum of the county schools. The night school, recently established by the board at the Exposition cotton mills, will be opened Monday night at 7:30 o'clock. The school will be in charge of Mrs. Hollingshed, who has been for some time connected with Miss Hanna's school. This is the first night school to be established under the county system of education.

THE THREE COMMITTEES APpointed to arrange for the good roads convention, which will be held here during the second week of December, will meet at the chamber of commerce at 11 o'clock Monday morning. The three committees are an executive committee, of which Clifford L. Anderson is chairman and T. H. Martin secretary; an invitation committee, composed of the governor, the mayor and other prominent citizens, and a press committee, composed of the leading newspaper men of the city. These committees were appointed some days ago, but no meeting has been held on account of the illness of T. H. Martin, secretary of the executive committee. At the meeting Monday morning all details of the convention will be arranged and plans will be inaugurated to make it a signal success.

GOVERNOR CANDLER YESTERDAY offered a reward of $150 for the arrest, with proof to convict, of Jack Mathis, wanted for the murder of Charles Flanders, in Coffee county, in 1896. The governor pardoned James Robison, of Burke county, convicted of voluntary manslaughter in 1899 and sentenced to fifteen years in the penitentiary, on the ground that the deceased was the aggressor. He commuted the sentence of William Anderson, of Newton county, sentenced to five years for assault with intent to murder, to three years, and the sentence of George Groover, of Chatham, fifteen years for voluntary manslaughter, was commuted to six years.

ONLY ONE FIRE OCCURRED IN the city yesterday. At 7:20 o'clock last evening an alarm was turned in. A small house on Ponce de Leon avenue, near Jackson street, occupied by negroes, was found to be on fire. About half of the building was destroyed.

THE MEMBERS OF OGLETHORPE Association No. 2, of Georgia, of the National Association of Stationary Engineers, gave an annual supper last night in the hall of the association on North Broad street. About 200 guests, including a large number of ladies, were present, and thoroughly enjoyed the occasion. A programme of addresses and music was rendered, the addresses being delivered by Messrs. C. C. Houston, E. W. Martin, M. M. Welch, C. T. Ladson, S. J. Hall and Rev. William McGlauflin. The music was furnished by Mrs. C. H. Dennison, Mrs. Eugene Williams, Misses Fenn and Mr. Frank Strickland.

JOHN SPEER, WHO WORKS FOR Renfroe & Moulder, at No. 27½ Broad street, was arrested yesterday by city detectives on the charge of having taken a watch from a man named Ramsey. It it said that Speer took the watch from Ramsey's room and tried to sell it at East Point. The prisoner denies the charge, and says that he never saw Ramsey's watch or any other man's watch. Speer has hitherto borne a good reputation. He will be tried in a justice court today.

ISHAM JONES, A NEGRO, WAS knocked down by a railroad train at the Mangum street crossing yesterday afternoon and sustained serious injuries. He was attempting to cross the tracks when a freight train struck him. He was badly bruised and was internally injured. It is believed by the Grady hospital physicians that he will receover.

REV. C. P. BRIDEWELL, PASTOR of the First Presbyterian church, who has been absent from the city for several days, will reach Atlanta this afternoon, and occupy his pulpit as usual Sunday morning.

W. B. McLANE, WHO WAS CHARGed with embezzlement from the Bank of Commerce, and has been held in the Tower since last summer, was released yesterday afternoon on a bond of $3,500.

Opened Fire With Winchester.

Louisville, Ky., November 8.—(Special.) Frank Farley, of Pineville, Ky., heard that Jarvis Smith had been attentive to his wife. He opened fire on Smith with a winchester as the latter was passing his home, and shot him twice, killing him.

Stetson's—$3 and $3.50. **Style Plus Comfort.**

Our Flexible Derbies

are filling a long-felt want. It used to be that many a man stuck to a soft hat when he really preferred a derby, because of the discomfort. That's all cemented over now. The man who wants all the style of the stiff hat gets it here with every bit the comfort of his alpine.

Miller-shape Alpines—pearl, neutria and black. The fine edge matches exactly the band. No better quality can be put into a hat, no matter what the price is.

A quartet of soft shapes in rich colorings. (There's a great difference in dyes.) Notice the rich color brought out in the fur—we select all our hats that way. Alpines and golf shapes—**$1.90, $2.50, $3 and $3.50.**

Agents for the Celebrated Miller Hat.

30 Whitehall. **DANIEL BROS** TWO SHOPS. 20 Decatur.

ATLANTA: Until December 1st at 37 Whitehall Street. Permanent Address: 6 Whitehall Street.

REGAL SHOES $3.50

ATLANTA: Until December 1st at 37 Whitehall Street. Permanent Address: 6 Whitehall Street

THE REGAL—ALWAYS AND ONLY $3.50—



KING CALF

never any higher—never any lower. No "bargain counter" methods are necessary to sell Regals. We have always maintained a high standard for Regal Shoes, and the public has been so appreciative of the merits of Regals that it has never been necessary for us to reduce the price.

The Regal is the one shoe sold at the one price of $3.50 all the time.

No better shoe can be had at any price, and no shoe nearly so good can be bought at anything like the price.

It never pays to buy "bargain" shoes. You are not sure of a fit—almost always you are sure of absolute discomfort and general dissatisfaction.

The safe thing to do is to buy Regals all the time. All sizes—all widths—all the good shapes. Made to outwear any other shoe and made to look well as long as they last.

The Regal is the only shoe sold at $3.50 direct from Tannery to Consumer in its own stores from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

Regal Dressing gives the most lustrous and lasting polish, makes the shoes soft and easy, and preserves the leather indefinitely.

The Constitution.

PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAY AND WEEKLY.

CLARK HOWELL .....Editor.
W. A. HEMPHILL.....Pres. and Bus. Mr.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Our traveling representatives are W. H. OVERBEY, W. F. WOODLIFF and W. G. McNELLEY.

Our city collectors are Messrs. JAMES T. CARTER and CLAUDE A. VIRGIN. Be sure that you do not pay any one else. Carriers authorized to collect will have coupon receipt book, and will tear off your receipt in your presence. Keep the receipt.

CONSTITUTION PUBLISHING CO.

Entered at the Postoffice, Atlanta, Ga., as second-class matter.

NICHOLS & HOLLIDAY, Constitution building, sole Advertising Managers for all territory outside of Atlanta.

TERMS TO SUBSCRIBERS.

DAILY, one year	$5.00
SUNDAY (including Sunny South)	2.00
Both of above	7.00
WEEKLY, one year	1.00

For six or three months at same proportionate rates as above.

POSTAGE RATES.

United States, Canada and Mexico:

10 to 12 page paper	1c
16 to 24-page paper	2c
28 to 36-page paper	3c

THE CONSTITUTION HAS A..... CIRCULATION

LARGER

Than that of any Newspaper, morning or evening, published in the Southern States. . . . . .

ATLANTA, GA., November 9, 1901.

The Situation Understood.

In another column we reproduce from The Chicago Record-Herald a conservative expression on the race question, called forth by The Constitution's discussion of that timely topic.

In a country as large as the United States, it is to be expected that there will be sharp differences between different sections, not only in regard to the negro, but on many other questions as well. A republican congress placed exclusion upon the immigration of the Chinese. The people of California, Oregon, Wasnington and other states of the Pacific slope are not only prejudiced against the Chinaman, but having appealed to congress to emphasize their prejudice, secured the passage of an exclusion bill not to be defended upon ordinary grounds of international intercourse. Under that bill, so eminent a man as Wu Tingfang would not be permitted to remain in the country twenty-four hours after he should receive notice that he was no longer the Chinese ambassador to Washington. That bill, as we have stated, was a republican measure, carried by the votes of New England members of congress, and it will be reenacted within a few months without a protest from those who are so solicitous about the negro.

We refer to this case as illustrating the point that the Caucasian race, wherever found, is the best judge of its own emergencies, and that to secure union of effort in building up the nation there must be that perfect understanding by which the domestic affairs of each community will not be interfered with. The people of the north have intermeddled with the race question in the south as they have never attempted on the Pacific coast. Hence, when a northern newspaper with the influence of The Record-Herald says that "there is no thought or purpose among the people of the north to force social intercourse between the races in the south," it gives hope of such an understanding that there need be neither fear nor jealousy.

The south asks for no exemption from the performance of every duty of Christianity and humanity toward the weak race now living side by side with the whites. Even in the time of slavery the moral training of the slave was a point of Christian emulation. Based upon this groundwork of character infused into the negro, it has been made possible for him to improve under the wider spur of freedom. Our churches are open to them; missionary effort is carried on extensively; public school provision is made for them to the extent of our ability, and nowhere has Booker Washington's work received warmer approval than in the south and from ex-slaveholders. There is no need of "northern insistence" in a work which we are doing with all candor and dispatch, so that when The Record-Herald says that "the north will never attempt to force any social code upon the south," but will "always insist that the negro is entitled to all the civil and political rights of an American citizen," it refers to a contingency which will not exist.

The Constitution is gratified to see such evidences that the people of the north understand the situation that confronts us all in reaching a proper solution of the race problem.

The Sanitarium Report.

The report of the condition of the Georgia State Sanitarium shows an increased number of inmates, owing to increased facilities to accommodate them.

The total number of inmates on the 1st of September was 2,595, of whom 1,822 are white and 773 colored. During the year there were received 451 whites and 252 colored, while 651 had been discharged for various causes. For 1901 there were 78 more patients than in 1900.

Dr. Powell draws attention to the fact that even yet insane people have been confined in county jails, awaiting an opening in the sanitarium. This preliminary treatment makes subsequent recovery all the more doubtful. Even the insane recognize the difference between restraint in a prison and in an asylum. Association with criminals, even for one day, has a most deleterious effect upon the mind, and accentuates any irregularity that may exist.

The sanitarium costs a good deal of money, but it is a necessity which cannot be avoided. Duty to the community as well as to the patient requires that the state should make full provision for the maintenance of such an institution as this.

An Eminent North Georgian.

Speaking of the presence of the members of the general assembly in Savannah, The Press has this to say of a venerable senator:

One of the most interesting figures in the legislative delegation yesterday was the Hon. Hiram Parks Bell, who is senator from one of the mountain districts in northeast Georgia. Mr. Bell was for a number of years a member of congress from the old ninth congressional district. On one occasion he defeated Benjamin H. Hill for the nomination. He had two bouts with Hon. Emory Speer, Mr. Bell being the democratic nominee and Mr. Speer running as an independent. In 1877, at the special election, Mr. Bell defeated Judge Speer, but in 1880, at the regular election, Mr. Bell was overwhelmingly defeated by his young opponent. Hiram Parks Bell is a prominent figure in the mountains. He comes from Forsyth county, and has always been a sturdy democrat. He is a gentleman of considerable literary ability and is a man of polished and pleasant address.

The Constiution joins heartily in this tribute to Senator Bell, in whom it recognizes one of the strongest men in public life in Georgia today. The selection of Senator Bell to the chairmanship of the joint committee on constitutional amendments is an honor next to the governorship itself, and marks the high regard in which he is held by the members of that body. The faithful work done by his committee may avert the calling of a constitutional convention for half a century.

It is a misfortune that more men of Senator Bell's stamp do not take an interest in current politics.

To the Memory of Whitney.

A tablet to the memory of Eli Whitney, inventor of the cotton gin, will be placed upon the country house of the Whitney Club, of Augusta, which is built on the spot where Whitney lived while in Georgia.

This movement has proceeded from the recent meeting of the New England Cotton Manufacturers' Association, in which the members subscribed $3,000 for the purpose. The first suggestion was made at the Montreal meeting, one year ago. The completion of the details has been left to a committee consisting of M. F. Foster, chairman, Milford, N. H.; D. A. Tompkins, Charlotte, N. C.; W. B. Smith-Whaley, Columbia, S. C.; Charles H. Fish, Dover, N. H.; C. J. H. Woodbury, Boston, Mass.

This committee has issued a circular in which it says:

It is considered important that the tablet should be equal to the dignity of the event which it commensurates, an eminent contribution to the resources of civilization and to the material welfare of the United States. The design sketched by one of the members of the committee has been submitted to Mr. Cyrus E. Dallin, an eminent sculptor who received a gold medal at the Paris exposition of 1900, and whose statue of the Indian medicine man was bought by the Austrian government, being the first instance of the purchase of American sculpture by an European government. Mr. Dallin has made a clay model in miniature which has received the approval of the committee, and the slow work of fashioning the full size pattern will be commenced as soon as the exact dimensions of the space reserved on the walls of the club house are known. The design includes a large tablet with a semi-circular top, in the upper portion of which will be a bronze portrait of Eli Whitney in alto rilievo, wreathed with upland-cotton plant in full boll. In addition to suitable inscriptions, the tablet will bear on a losenge an outline representation of the first cotton gin made by Eli Whitney.

This recognition of the contribution made to the wealth of the world by Mr. Whitney is timely, and that it should be located in the south by a northern association is a pleasing evidence of fraternity. The cotton crop of the United States is its most solid money maker, and when we have learned to manufacture the whole output, as well as to grow it, its value will more than offset that of all other sources of revenue combined.

Partnership of Citizenship.

The address of former President Cleveland, in which he developed the partnership of citizenship as the basis upon which to discuss vexed questions, will receive wide attention.

During the past year there have been strikes in which capital has been imperiled, and the savings of many thousands of workmen have been dissipated. It is no idle thing to interfere with employment, even where the laborers have no material accumulation. The mental content which is a part of assured employment is an asset not to be thrown away. It gives the laborer a location, his family a surrounding, and makes it easy for the state through the public school to educate the rising generation. But let a strike intervene and all plans are upset, families are disorganized, in many cases never finding a situation equal to the one lost. The capitalist also has his losses. His basis for contracts is broken up, dividends are cut off, and annoyance and loss of money keep pace with each other.

As pointed out by the ex-president, these warring elements, occupying different industrial positions, fill equally the common role of citizenship. They should understand that peace, good order and the progress of industry is the right of our American citizenship, and that no industrial connection can sever the relation of employer and employed to that citizenship. There must be a ground, common to all, upon which they can meet and take the common-sense decision of those who are disinterested. Although the ex-president does not say so, it is fair to presume that he has the principle of arbitration in mind.

The time has come when sensible men should seek to align all forces with the new conditions of civilization. There are rights all around, violated with mutual impartiality, leading to disturbance and irritation. We hear complaints of anarchistic literature destroying the minds of the working classes. Impossible conceptions of socialism are abroad. Both anarchy and wild-eyed socialism are working out a terrible culmination, unless wise men take up the discussion and give it a sensible direction. The principle of arbitration is the only one possible under a condition where combination has to be met both in the ranks of employer and employee. The best way to destroy an evil propaganda is to take the matter up for common-sense legislation, having in mind the equal rights of all concerned.

Sewer Extension in the County.

The proposed sewer extension, which is now before the board of county commissioners, is necessary to the continued good health of the city.

In planning the sewer system a few years ago, they were carried to points so far out that there was no thought of their coming inadequacy. The city limits have now so grown as to almost include the emptying points, while population, progressing faster than municipal extension, is settled thick around the offensive pools. It is necessary that these sewers should be carried out such a distance that there will be no danger from their exhalations.

The county commissioners could not undertake a better work than in making this extension effective. The funds in the county treasury belong equally to the citizens of Atlanta with those in the city treasury, and the best method by which to give them some benefit for taxes paid would be by undertaking this sewer work. As it is outside of the city limits, but inside those of the county, there would appear to be no impropriety in the county undertaking this work.

New York's New Democracy.

New York's new democracy, having so completely buried Tammany Hall, now proposes to make its existence permanent, and to place the democracy of the city in harmony with that of the state.

The first result of this action will be to accentuate the mastery of David B. Hill in New York politics. Mr. Hill, from the beginning, has found himself antagonized by Tammany Hall, which has followed him into state and national conventions, and done its best to belittle him wherever found. The conduct of the Tammany delegation in Kansas City was especially offensive. More disastrous than this knifing of a democratic leader of national reputation was the antagonism displayed toward the rural democracy. Regarding themselves but as creatures to enforce the will of Tammany, the democrats of the state had no incentive to work.

The building up of a strong and regular democratic organization in the city, taking its proper place in the state convention, will restore animation to democratic forces. In that it will so enlarge the influence of Mr. Hill, it becomes a matter of national importance, and will be helpful to the democratic party at large.

Monster Dividends in Sight.

A check for $16,000,000 will be handed John D. Rockefeller as his Standard Oil dividend for this year, at the annual meeting in December.

The capital stock of the oil trust is $100,000,000, upon which an annual dividend of $48,000,000 was paid last year, to be followed by the same sum in December coming. The dividends of two years are within $4,000,000 of being equal to the total capital stock.

While there is fear in the public mind because a single interest can control such an immense item in business, it should be recollected that it but illustrates the great opportunities of this continent. Stupendous as have been the virgin opportunities of the past, it is likely that they will not measure up to those of the future. Colossal fortunes are being made, but we have the colossal chance, and the result cannot be well averted, and if it could, it is not likely that the people would agree to a stifling of our enterprise.

TREND OF CURRENT TOPICS

The Negro in the North.

(From The Chicago Record-Herald.)

Under the heading, "Shall the Race Question Establish Anew the Mason and Dixon Line?" The Atlanta Constitution discusses with admirable temper and judgment the Booker Washington incident from the southern point of view. It holds that common patriotism demands that there shall be no widening of the breach between the north and south over a question that should be controlled by individual convictions and conditions in the two sections.

The Constitution recognizes that the people of the north, whose view of the problem is rendered more or less theoretical by distance, "have one view as to how to treat the negro; the people of the south, with the actual burden, have another." And it pleads that the people of each section shall tolerate the sentiments and prejudices or convictions of the other, lest there result a remaking of the Mason and Dixon line, which would breed infinite trouble for both.

Of the particular incident which has revived heated discussion of this question The Constitution says:

"Theodore Roosevelt is a northern man, shaping his personal views by those of the people among whom he was born. Those people—or rather such of them as have spoken through their religious and educational bodies, or through their public agencies, both press and pulpit—are outspoken in defense of the theory that no offense was committed against the social institutions of the country by the president's invitation to a prominent negro to become his guest at his family fireside. Strange to say, the democratic press of the north is equally if not more outspoken than the republican newspapers in support of this theory."

Having thus recognized that President Roosevelt is sustained by northern sentiment in exercising his individual choice as to whom he dines with, our contemporary goes on to define the problem that confronts the people of the south:

"They utterly and absolutely repudiate the idea of social intercourse of any kind between the races. They are irrevocably wedded to this opposition. They believe that any alteration of the social code which would permit or even suggest the possibility of social intercourse between the races would be destructive of race integrity and detrimental to social order. The policy of forcing separation will always remain the highest duty of the state in the minds of the southern people, and nothing that can be done by the government or by any individual north or south will change their views on this subject."

In their deep-rooted dread of anything approaching social intercourse between the races our southern compatriots misjudge the feeling at the north on that subject. There is no thought or purpose among the people of the north to force social intercourse between the races in the south. It does not exist to any extent in the north. The case of Booker Washington, instead of proving the existence of such social intercourse, emphasizes that his reception is exceptional and individual. By personal character and ability he has broken through the invidious barrier that birth and color had raised against him.

All the north insists on is that this barrier is not insurmountable, and that the individual, whether Theodore Roosevelt or anyone else, must be the judge of his own social relations. The north will never attempt to force any social code upon the south, but it will always insist that the negro is entitled to all the civil and political rights of an American citizen.

It is gratifying to note that the authorities of Savannah, representing the most ultra southern feeling in the country, have invited President Roosevelt to be the guest of that city, and have assured him a grand ovation when he arrives. This indicates that the people of Savannah respect the president's right to choose his own company so long as he does not insist on their receiving his guest as theirs.

The Races in the South.

(From The New Orleans Picayune.)

Maintaining this status of white superiority, the two races live together in these southern states in entire peace, friendliness and kindliness, a relation which is never disturbed even by the occasional outburst of popular indignation against some individual, one of more of whom have been guilty of an atrocious crime. The indignation in such instances is against the offenders, and not against the race. Negroes who obey the laws and perform their ordinary duties are never disturbed unless it be by some individual criminal, and they have all the protection that the laws and enlightened public sentiment, expressed in force when needed, can give them.

Such are the relations between the two races in these southern states, and any statements to the contrary are either the offspring of ignorance or of willful malignity.

Why the Southerner Is Patriotic.

(From The Houston Post.)

The foundation of the southern man's patriotism is the love of his state. No tie can be closer. The state is a part of him and he is a part of the state. It is upon this feeling that the government of the United States can, so far as the south is concerned, put the surest reliance in time of public danger. While his state is part of the union there is no citizen more loyal to the union than the southerner for his state's sake. When enemies rise against the union of which his state is a part the southerner volunteers for active service in the field with a quickness and a readiness that is unsurpassed anywhere in the country in the world.

The South's Real Problem.

(From New Orleans Times-Democrat.)

The south has overcome all the other difficulties and obstacles in its way; it must overcome this last one also. It has made great improvements in its public schools, it must carry them up still higher until they are all they should be, and until the southern people are free from illiteracy and so well educated in all they ought to know that they can take the front place which belongs to them. Capital and enterprise can do much to raise, advance and develop the south, but they will accomplish far less than they should do unless they find good schools here and an educated people.

The Case in Alabama.

(From The Mobile Register.)

Senator Morgan is right. The party harmony and that of the people must be preserved; we must have continued peace and safety—and this is to be done by continued unity of action in carrying out the reforms to which the party is pledged. Those reforms are meritorious in themselves, but more important is the fact that they are proposed by that element which has given us and can still give us good government, the government of peace and safety.

The Northerner South.

(From The Memphis Commercial-Appeal.)

Not only do northern and foreign settlers in the south refuse to acknowledge the negro as their equal, but they have less patience with him in business relations than native southerners. Aside from political and social considerations, the average southerner likes the negro; the average northerner and foreigner detests him.

They Do Not Understand.

(From The Raleigh News.)

The truth about much that is written in denunciation of what is termed "southern prejudice" is that the writers in the northern press do not know anything about the negro or the negro question.

Drove the Negro Out.

(From The Charleston News and Courier.)

The Methodist preacher who offered the resolution commending the president for inviting Washington to dine with him is the same who drove an educated negro out of one of his houses in Bryn Mawr.

Spain has abandoned free silver. It will be recalled that the editor of The Commoner went to war against Spain.—Baltimore American. And it will also be remembered that The American made Wellington senator.

It was bad enough for the duke and duchess of Cornwall to have been seasick, without the necessity of meeting Alfred Austin on the landing.

The duke of Cornwall would have had a "Recessional" of his own had he anticipated the Austin attack.

Captain Carter might smplify matters by explaining how he saved so much money out of his salary.

Boston cast 10,000 democratic majority. What a waste of wisdom on part of the newspapers.

The late Alfred Tennyson bids fair to be remembered as the last of the laureates.

Lord Sackville's anxiety to smirch his own children is truly aristocratic.

The sultan is within a Stone's throw of getting into danger.

The American on the Prado shows the revolution of time.

Philadelphia reform has had a relapse. Too many tax receipts.

Mr. Borden had a string attached to his raise of wages.

It's all French to the people of Mitylene now.

The country has had enough of Lemly.

San Francisco is now a union shop.

Sometimes "the people do move."

The iceman got left in New York.

"JUST FROM GEORGIA"

A Song of Thankfulness.

I.

This be the prayer now, and this be the song—
"The Lord make us thankful a-living along;
Thankful for light—
For the bloom and the bright,
For the toil o' the daytime—the dreams o' the night!

II.

This be the prayer now, and this the sweet song—
The Lord make us thankful for true hearts and strong;
For sorrows that prove us—
For sweet friends that love us,
And a world rolling nearer the heaven above us!

* * * * *

A Way They Have.

It is the custom of certain critics to say of the work of a new author: "He has written a book; yet we do not recall that we ever met with his name before."

And what of that, if the work be good work? In the creed of these critics he is to be damned because they didn't have an earlier introduction to him! They are not as just as the Georgia landlord, in this story:

A traveler, dining at an inn, damned the food, swore at the waiters, and raised a racket generally.

Looking over the register, the landlord said to him.

"Sir, I never met with a man of your name before, but I'll give you credit for bein' the d—est swearer in good company that ever shamed God's vittles under my roof!"

* * * * *

Not Far Apart.

Not ever far away from home
Since Life so fast is fleeting;
Not far apart
From Jenny's heart,
For still I hear it beating.
And in the shadows of the night
Her eyes are still my stars of light.

Not ever far away from home
Sad toiling with the many;
O'er all earth's miles
My Jenny smiles,
And all the world sings "Jenny!"
And nevermore the way seems long
Since Jenny's in the world's sweet song!

* * * * *

"Well," said the old Georgia farmer, "I've made cotton enough to clothe the family, bread an' meat enough to feed 'em, an' I've got somethin' left for my doctor, an' a widder's mite for the preacher. Who keers for millionaires, stone mansions an' fas' hosses!"

* * * * *

How He Figured It.

"Much politics in your neighborhood, Uncle Jim?"

"No, suh,—des 'bout ten dollars' wuth!"

* * * * *

The Marietta Journal has a bright special column which is presided over by Mr. S. P. Bridgers, formerly of Atlanta.

* * * * *

Brother Dickey on Thanksgiving.

"I onerstan'," said Brother Dickey, "dat de president done 'p'inted his Thanksgivin' Day, much ter de regret er de turkeys, what 'lowed dey warn't no use in takin' on any mo' life insu'ance 'twell de week 'fo' Chris'mus. But de president got ter studyin' 'bout it t'er day, atter he drawed his week's wages, en tol' 'um ter charge it up ter profit en loss, en he 'cided dat de country wuz doin' so well all roun' dat we orter ring de bells en inwite all de po' relations ter dinner. So dat how come Thanksgivin' is comin', which brings on de question, "What is we got ter be thankful fer?" En ter begin wid, en speckin' fer myse'f, I thankful dat de Nunited States is in Georgy en'll mos' likely stay dar, ez long ez real estate is vallible ez what it is. En furdermo', I thankful dat I gittin' 'long so well wid my neighbors. I ain't never been lynched yit, en I ain't a-gwine ter be, ez long ez dar's a straight road befo' me, en de rheumatism keeps out er my two legs! I thankful fer ten chillun en one wife, en dat de chillun is all able ter support me han'some; I thankful fer de house I live in—w'en de rent ain't due; en fer my daily bread—w'en de baker'll wait 'twell de en' er de month fer his money; in fact, I thankful fer all I got, en fer mo' a-comin' —fer a good appetite en somepin ter fill it—fer long life, free salvation, a straight road ter glory, en de devil take de hindmos'!"

* * * * *

Half and Half.

Dunno ef dis weather
Is winter time, or spring:
Yander sets a bluebird
Wid gray fros' on his wing.

* * * * *

Lively Times in Georgia Now.

Here is a unique invitation from a Billville district:

"You are invited to a candy-pullin', two weddin's and a dance, on Thursday evening next. Come early and select your partners!"

* * * * *

As the turkey fell from the roost into his arms the old colored citizen said: "I ain't never had much book-larnin', but ef dat warn't a cl'ar case er de attraction er gravitation, I give it up!"

* * * * *

One of the black ballad singers was chanting this refrain the other day:

"Wished I wuz
A legislatur'—
Good co'n licker
En human natur'!"

* * * * *

"I want the office for the money that's in it," says a Georgia candidate. That's a great relief. They generally want it because the other fellow's running.

* * * * *

To the Fields.

Be thankful to the fields,
Though summer's sweets lie dead;
It was their fleece that clothed you,
Their green blades brought you bread.

* * * * *

Schley ought to be happy—the press of the whole country is with him.

* * * * *

I don't worry 'bout my skin bein' black," says Brother Dickey, "How ter keep my soul white is what bodders me."

* * * * *

Best of All.

Of all o' the blessin's
That heaven lets fall,
Jest to keep thankful's
The best of 'em all.

* * * * *

One good feature about the old depot,—the smoke of Atlanta hides it occasionally.

* * * * *

There is gold enough in the bindings of the Christmas books to make their authors have great expectations.

* * * * *

The Sum of It.

On the way
Your blessings summing:
Joy today
An' good times coming.

* * * * *

The young folks counting the days till Christmas—the old folks counting the cash. F. L. S.

THE PASSING THRONG.

"An entire misapprehension seems to exist," remarked a prominent Savannah lawyer yetserday, "as to the trial of Captain Oberlin M. Carter.

"The cabinet meeting Thursday developed the nature of this misapprehension. Attorney General Knox explained to the president and cabinet that Captain Carter was not to be given a new trial before Judge Kohlsaat, as had been erroneously reported. The government attached about $150,000 of the property belonging to Captain Carter, and the question which will be tried before Judge Kohlsaat relates only to the title to that property. Incidentally, of course, the question of Captain Carter's conviction by a military court will be raised, but Attorney General Knox told the cabinet that it was in no sense a new trial of Captain Carter's case before a civil tribunal. Attorney General Knox said that with the $150,000 which the government will soon recover, the total amount restored to the government will foot up over half a million dollars."

It developed yesterday that Marcellus Markham, of this city, instead of being out for the collectorship of United States internal revenue for Georgia, is a candidate for the office of United States surveyor of customs. By Mr. Markham himself this statement was made yesterday.

This office, like that of internal revenue collector, at present is held by a negro, Christopher C. Wimbish, also appointed under the late President McKinley's administration.

The office of surveyor of customs, from a pecuniary standpoint, is not as attractive as that of internal revenue collector, the former paying $1,200 annually and the latter $5,000. Mr. Markham, however, stated that he is in nowise an applicant for the place held by Henry A. Rucker.

Speaking yesterday of his candidacy for the office of surveyor of customs, Mr. Markham said he had received the strongest and most unqualified indorsement of a number of Georgia republicans, as well as many democrats of the state, for the place he seeks. The application of Mr. Markham has already been presented to President Roosevelt, backed with an endless string of names, but with a politically influential indorsement that can not but have its weight with the president. In fact, Mr. Markham expressed himself as most sanguine as to the result of his candidacy and although he discreetly declined to express himself definitely in the matter, it is believed to be probable that a white surveyor of customs will be substituted within the near future for the present incumbent.

Senator A. S. Clay was in the city yesterday shaking hands with his many friends. He returned on the evening train to his home in Marietta.

Hon. C. A. Turner, one of Macon's most prominent attorneys, was in the city yesterday. Colonel Turner will be remembered as being strongly urged for the senatorship from the twenty-second district in the primary of 1900, when Hon. Roland Ellis and Hon. Clem Steed were the candidates from Bibb to represent the three counties of Bibb, Monroe and Pike.

Henry Monk and Walter Graham, of Pensacola, and Charles M. Hilliard, of Palatka, Fla., are registered at the Kimball.

Traffic Manager R. E. Lutz, of the Atlanta and West Point railroad, whose home is in Montgomery, was at the Aragon yesterday.

J. Randolph Anderson, of Savannah, was a guest at the Kimball yesterday.

C. H. Spencer, of St. Louis, was registered yesterday at the Aragon.

A. J. Vhay, of Detroit, Mich., was a guest yesterday at the Majestic.

A. C. Ives, of Richmond, Va., was registered yesterday at the Marion.

S. F. Chapman, of Asheville, N. C., was in the city yesterday at the Kimball.

H. R. Laney, of Richmond, Va., was in the city yesterday a guest at the Aragon.

R. R. Hanlon, of Cleveland, Ohio, was a guest yesterday at the Majestic.

S. A. Steele, of Russellville, Ky., was registered at the Kimball.

J. A. Williams, of Dawson, Wyo., is stopping at the Aragon.

George M. Wright, of Boston, was among those registered yesterday at the Marion.

D. S. Reynolds, of Boston, Mass., was among the guests yesterday at the Kimball.

H. M. Moore, of Baltimore, Md., is in the city at the Marion.

N. Bowditch, of Aurora, Ills., was registered yesterday at the Aragon.

TALKS ABOUT ATLANTA.

Darien (Ga.) Gazette: That Atlanta needs a new depot no one who has ever seen the present old carshed will deny for a moment.

Augusta (Ga.) Herald: Atlanta is still having fun out of her depot. Yesterday it was arrested by the board of health.

Fitzgerald (Ga.) Enterprise: Atlanta is putting in some good licks for the union depot. They will get it sooner or later—we hope sooner.

Vienna (Ga.) Progress: We want Atlanta to have a good depot—a million dollar structure if she wants it—built with her own money.

Oconee Enterprise: They are keeping everlastingly at it—the Atlanta papers parading that shack of a depot. Truly it is famous though humble.

Lexington (Ga.) Echo: The legislature is evidently not itching to tackle the Atlanta depot question. It is one that needs to be handled with prudence and caution.

Senoia (Ga.) Enterprise-Gazette: The Atlanta fair is gone, but the depot is still there. The Constitution has done its part toward removing the unsightly old things. Frank L. Stanton's poetry was great.

Marietta (Ga.) Journal: President Roosevelt's wife says she dresses well on $300 a year. This will startle Peachtree society in Atlanta. One dress will cost that according to their way of living.

Pelham South Georgia Home: All kinds of fish and creeping things are being caught in Atlanta's carshed. Wonder if any of the numerous fish wagons now plying the country caught their mullets from the gulf of Atlanta?

Montezuma (Ga.) Record: Atlanta is agitating the passenger shed question again. Atlanta does need a new passenger depot, and we cannot understand why Atlanta does not build it, or persuade the several railroad companies to built it for her. Surely, Atlanta does not expect the state to do the work.

Elberton (Ga.) Star: The Atlanta papers are giving their old depot greater fits than ever before. We don't blame them, and hope their present efforts will be more fruitful. It is an absolute shame that the great city of Atlanta should have to put up with such a mud shack as the union depot. If no other thing will do, the loyal citizens should blow it up with dynamite and then force the roads to build. If the roads are made to fork over some good round sums as damages growing out of the present condition of things they would no doubt hasten to give the Gate City what she deserves in the way of a depot.

THE DAILY NOTEBOOK.

The Tuskegee Dinner.

(From The Columbus Enquirer-Sun.)

A good deal has been said recently about the visit of President McKinley to Booker Washington's school at Tuskegee a few years ago, some northern papers stating that the president dined with Washington at the time. Here is the testimony, however, of a member of the Alabama legislature, Hon. Charles H. Greer, who was present. Mr. Greer says: "The writer visited Booker Washington's school on the occasion of President McKinley's visit, together with the governor and Alabama legislature. Breakfast was served the guests in Washington's dining hall. Everything was clean and tidy, the girl waiters in white aprons were attentive to a fault. The breakfast was all that one could wish. But not even Booker Washington himself presumed to take a seat and eat with his guests."

The Cooking Test.

(From The Savannah News.)

The cooking test for sweethearts is not likely to become the governing one in the selection of wives. When young men go a-courting they do not make it their main purpose to marry cooks. It probably does not enter the head of one in a thousand to ask the girl if she can make an omelette or a salad and do a roast to a turn; and the girl would be apt to think it a little queer if such query were propounded to her. Still, that is no reason why the girl should not know how to cook.

Much of the unhappiness, not to say misery, of life is due directly or indirectly to the cooking, and in probably nine cases in ten poor cooking is due to the fact that the mistress of the household is grossly ignorant of the culinary art. Not knowing how the kitchen should be conducted, or how any dish should be prepared, she is at the mercy of the cook's carelessness, slovenliness or dishonesty. Young women should apply the cooking test to themselves. They should learn the art of cooking a good meal. It is an accomplishment as well as a protection. They may never find it necessary to exercise their knowledge, but the possession of it will give them self-confidence and an amount of satisfaction that will more than compensate for the time spent and the fingers scorched in the learning.

Governor Candler on Franchises.

(From The Savannah Press.)

Governor Candler was asked for an opinion regarding the franchise bill recently passed by the house and which will soon come up in the senate. He said he had not read the bill and could not say anything as to its better qualities or defects. Asked about the theory of taxing franchises, he gave out an interview that seemed to indicate that he is in favor of having franchises that are valuable pay their full share of the state taxes.

"As a general proposition," he said, "I am in favor of taxing franchises for their true value. If a railroad is built at a cost of $20,000 a mile and it is shown that it pays only $10,000 a mile, then it should not be taxed for the full amount it cost to build. On the other hand, if a railroad is built at a cost of $20,000 per mile and it earns $50,000 or $60,000 per mile, then it should be taxed on what it earns. That is the real value of the property. That is where the franchise should be taxed, because while the real property of the road is worth only a certain amount its earning capacity is greatly beyond that. It is that earning capacity, that valuable franchise without which it could not operate, that should be made to pay its share of the taxes. As it is now, the rule that applies to corporations does not apply to the farmer in the country. If a farmer buys a farm for $10,000 he is taxed for its full value, no matter how little he makes on it. If his crop does not amount to $1,000 a year he still has to keep paying taxes on his $10,000 farm. There should be some way to more thoroughly equalize matters."

That Old Shack.

(From The Augusta Chronicle.)

Atlanta is making a great fight on her depot. If she does not succeed in getting a new one she has at least made a complete success of damning the character of the old one.

Another Vote Called For.

(From The Athens Banner.)

The county commissioners should call another election for the purpose of issuing bonds. The defeat of the bonds last Saturday was caused probably by the fact that the people did not fully grasp the truth of the situation. There is no necessity for levying a large tax next year to take up the outstanding bonds in one lump, when new bonds can be issued at a lower rate of interest and the bonds retired gradually without making any hardship on the taxpayers.

Apples in North Georgia.

(From The Marietta News.)

An apple orchard on an extensive scale, we believe, will pay as well or better than Elberta peach growing. There is always a demand for good apples, and we believe the soil and climate of Cobb county are well adapted to raising apples. Suppose some one try it here on a large scale?

Small Industries Called For.

(From The Rome Tribune.)

Diversified industries are the best thing in the world to make and build up a city. They furnish employment to many men, women and children, and bring outside capital to the city where they are located. Rome is said to be a fine point for a large candy factory. There has been talk of establishing a steam bakery and candy factory combined here. The necessary capital, it is said, is all ready to be subscribed, and all that is needed is a leader to bring the parties together. Why would not a knitting mill be a splendid industry to be established in Rome? It would furnish work for a large number of people. There is a great demand for such goods, and those who have investigated the matter say that it is the best field in the various branches of cotton manufacturing at present. The hosiery knitting mills have paid handsome dividends on the money invested. Another industry talked of for Rome is a baking powder manufactory. Successful concerns of this class are operated at Richmond and Nashville and sell their product by the car load in the south. There is a good field for such an industry in this section.

Fite for Congress.

(From The Calhoun Times.)

There has been a good deal said recently in the papers about the probability of Judge A. W. Fite entering the race for congress. It is regarded as practically certain that Judge Fite will be in the race and it is said that Tatum, of Dade, will also run. Judge Fite's friends know that he is amply able to take care of himself in any race he enters.

PATRICK KILLED BY FAST TRAIN

William A. Patrick, of Gwinnett, Run Over by Engine.

HE WAS ON HIS WAY HOME

He Was in the City To Sell Cattle and Cotton—He Saw the Train Approaching, But the Warning Came Too Late.

William A. Patrick, a farmer and ranchman of Gwinnett county, was struck by a Georgia railroad passenger train yesterday evening at 8:20 o'clock and instantly killed.

Patrick came to Atlanta a few days ago with a lot of cotton and a drove of cattle. He sold the cattle and a part of the cotton and expected to remain in the city several days longer. Last night he started to go to the residence of his niece, Mrs. Huggins, at the corner of Oliver and Wylie streets. He rode out to Inman Park on a trolley car and got off at the old Seaboard freight depot. His route was across the railroad tracks, and he left the street and stepped upon the tracks of the Georgia railroad. A passenger train bound for Augusta came along and Patrick was struck and knocked down. When he was picked up a few moments later he was dead.

A young man witnessed the accident, and to a reporter of The Constitution he stated that he saw Patrick walk toward the railroad tracks in an absent-minded way. He looked up when he was on the tracks and evidently saw the approaching train. He tried to step back, but did not have time.

"I saw the man," stated the witness, "stop suddenly and stare at the train for a few seconds as if he did not know what to do. Then he made one step backward. He did not get far enough from the track to prevent the engine from striking him. He was hurled several feet into the air and when I reached his side he was dying. In a few seconds he was dead.

Patrick was a man of some means. He was 60 years of age and was well known in his section of the state. He sold a large drove of cattle in the city and several bales of cotton. His daughter and son in law came with him to the city and were stopping at Mrs. Huggins' residence. Patrick spent the afternoon selling his cotton and then started to Mrs. Huggins' for supper.

The body was taken in charge by Undertakers Miller & Bowden. The funeral will occur today and the interment will be at Hog Mountain, in Gwinnett county.

DEATH OF FRANK ROOD.

She Died at Residence of Her Parents at 6 O'clock Yesterday Morning.

Frank Rood, 11 years of age, died at 6 o'clock yesterday morning at the residence of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Rood, 343 South Pryor street. She suffered from an attack of measles last May, and had never fully recovered. For several weeks she has been desperately ill, and little hope had been entertained for her recovery.

She was the granddaughter of the late F. M. Richardson, her mother having been Miss Lula Richardson prior to her marriage.

The funeral arrangements have not yet been announced.

MATERIAL MEN WILL MEET.

They Were Tendered the Use of Council Chamber for This Afternoon.

The material men of the city will meet this afternoon at 4 o'clock in the council chamber for the purpose of electing a delegate to a meeting soon to be held in Savannah of an organization to be known as the Material Men of the State of Georgia. The purpose of this organization is to protect the material men, such as hardware merchants, lumbermen and all contractors who supply building materials, from being imposed upon by lien laws and other forms of legislation.

Upon the request of the West Lumber Company, Mayor Mims tendered the use of the council chamber to the material men for this afternoon.

Stops the Cough and works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

COL. FRENCH IS QUITE LOW.

His Condition at the Present Time Is Regarded as Very Critical.

Colonel John French, commandant of Fort McPherson, is in a critical state, due to his long illness from Bright's disease.

For several weeks he has been a very sick man and at one time it was thought that he could not live for many days. His splendid vitality, however, has carried him through several sieges, and he has survived the expectations of his physicians.

Yesterday was one of his bad days, and his friends entertained serious fears that he would not recover.

Immense Business.

The very urgent need of a manufacturer to enter the field in Atlanta has brought excellent results to the purchaser, and J. Saul & Co. have built up business upon business principles. Being manufacturers enables them to reach the masses, as they often find hundreds of broken lots consisting of 10, 20, 30 and 40 suits of a kind, and can save the retail buyer about one-half. This wideawake firm are centrally located at 18 Decatur street and travel five men on the road, covering the best territory of the southern states. Wholesale and Retail high grade clothing.

INSURANCE TAX WILL BE DOUBLED BY NEW BILL.

Representative Wright Will Introduce Measure in House This Morning.

WILL MORE THAN DOUBLE TAX

Rate Is Now 1 Per Cent of Gross Premium Receipts—New Bill Will Make it 2 1-2 Per Cent—A Lively Fight Ahead.

A bill to increase the tax on the gross premium receipts of all insurance companies in the state will be introduced in the house by Representative Wright, of Floyd, tomorrow or next day.

Insurance companies now pay a tax of 1 per cent on their gross premium receipts. The bill to be introduced by Representative Wright proposes to raise this tax to 2 1-2 per cent. The bill includes insurance companies of all kinds, fire, life, accident and surety.

If the bill is passed it is proposed to exempt insurance agents from the $10 tax now charged. There are approximately 1,000 agents in the state now paying this tax.

The state at present receives about $55,000 from the insurance companies in taxes. Under the bill proposed by Mr. Wright, it is thought that it will receive something like $135,000.

Friends of the bill state that there are now fourteen states which charge a tax of 2 1-2 per cent on gross receipts and that many others charge 2 per cent. He says that Georgia has the lowest insurance tax rate of any state in the union.

This bill will doubtless precipitate a hot fight, as the insurance people claim that they are now bearing all the burdens they are able to bear. They will be sure to make a strong effort to defeat the bill.

RESOLUTIONS WERE PASSED.

House Expresses Regret at Death of Captain Robert H. Anderson. Other Business Transacted.

In the house of representatives yesterday, Speaker Little named Mr. Kelly, of Glascock county, to fill the vacancy on the congressional reapportionment committee created by the resignation of Mr. Hardwick, of Washington.

A skeleton reapportionment bill was introduced by Mr. Miller, of Muscogee, chairman of the congressional reapportionment committee.

The house unanimously passed resolutions by Mr. Hitch, of Chatham, relating to the death of Captain R. H. Anderson, of Georgia, while serving in the Philippines. The resolutions are as follows:

Resolved, That the house learns with deep regret of the recent death of Captain Robert H. Anderson, of Georgia, from sickness contracted in the line of duty in the service of his country as an officer of the United States army in the Philippine islands. Distinguished for his gallantry and chivalrous manhood, respected and esteemed by friends and foes, his death is a distinct loss to his country.

Resolved further, That a copy of these resolutions be transmitted to his widowed mother, to whom this house extends its deepest sympathy in her grief over the loss of such a gallant and distinguished son.

SESSION OF SENATE.

The senate yesterday morning transacted the business before it with dispatch and in a short while the clerk's desk had been cleared up. The greater part of the time was consumed in the second reading of house and senate bills. At the opening of the session Senator Ellis moved that 300 copies of the military reorganization bill be printed, as many requests were being received for copies of the bill from companies throughout the state.

Senator Boynton, on behalf of Representative Wight, extended the members of the senate an invitation to visit his poultry farm between here and Marietta.

The following house bills were read a third time and passed:

By Mr. Darden, of Monroe: A bill to prevent the sale of whisky in the county of Monroe after submitting the same to the qualified voters of the county.

By Mr. Felder, of Bibb: An act to amend the road laws of Bibb county.

By Mr. Davis, of Meriwether: A bill to incorporate the town of Roanoke, in Meriwether county.

The following new bills were introduced:

By Senator Harrell, of the twelfth: An act to amend section 41 of the political code relating to the method of registering voters so as to allow certain persons temporarily out of the state to register. Referred to the general judiciary committee.

By Senator Herndon, of the forty-third: A bill to allow the recovery of damages for the running at large of any animal upon the inclosed or uninclosed property of another. Referred to committee on agriculture.

By Senator Holder, of the thirty-third: An act to amend section 1354 of the code of 1895. Referred to the committee on education.

By Senator Ellis, of the twenty-second. An act to divide the state of Georgia into eleven congressional districts, in conformity with an act of congress. Referred to committee on congressional reapportionment.

During the session Speaker Howell introduced to the members of the senate Senator J. L. Glenn, of Chester county, South Carolina.

The senate adjourned to meet again Monday morning at 11 o'clock.

DIS DE BAR IS VERY IMPUDENT

Informs Judge That She Is Tired of His Partiality for Witnesses.

London, November 8.—The hearing of the charges against Theodore and Laura Jackson (Ann O'Delia Dis de Bar) at the Marylebone police court here continued to attract crowds. Prominent stage people, including H. B. Irving and Clement Scott and leaders of the bench, bar, church and parliament were among today's audience. The male prisoner is ill, and was allowed to be seated in the dock. Laura Jackson was continually and ostentatiously administering to him sips of water.

The testimony today was a reiteration of previous evidence. The proceedings were enlivened by several brisk passages between the presiding magistrate and the woman prisoner, the latter informing the court that she was tired of his evident partiality for the witnesses.

Jewelry. *The Smallest Charm to the Richest Ornament.*

The French have a way of saying that beauty exists when nothing can be taken away or added to improve the effect. We should like some of our jewelry designs sent to Beauty's Court. If we mistake not, more than one prize-award would be made on them.

The development of turquoise matrix; the adaptability of baroque pearls; the refulgent beauty of rose gold; the delicacy of transparent and leaf enamel—columns written could never express the idea of their true loveliness, as shown in our store.

MAIER & BERKELE,
81 WHITEHALL STREET.

MONNISH CASE IS UP IN COURT TODAY

Mandamus Proceedings Will Be Heard by Judge Lumpkin.

CITY OFFICIALS TO TESTIFY

A Vigorous Fight Will Be Made by Dr. Monnish To Compel City To Grant Him a Permit for Building on Peachtree Street.

The hearing of the mandamus proceedings instituted by Dr. W. A. Monnish against the mayor, city council and City Building Inspector Frank Pittman, is set for this morning at 10 o'clock before Judge J. H. Lumpkin, of the superior court.

Dr. Monnish seeks to compel the city officials to grant him a building permit to erect a house at the corner of Peachtree street and Forrest avenue and a short time ago he filed, through his attorney, Captain James F. O'Neill, the application for mandamus. A vigorous fight was made in the city council on the granting of the permit, and it was twice refused by that body.

Mayor Mims and other city officials have been summoned as witnesses in the hearing. Dr. Monnish will be represented by Captain O'Neill, and the city council and Building Inspector Pittman will be represented by City Attorney J. L. Mayson.

Malicious Prosecution Alleged.

Alleging that he was maliciously prosecuted, George W. Welch, of Ensley, Ala., yesterday brought suit against A. J. Thomason for $2,000 damages. It is stated that Welch is superintendent of a plow factory in Ensley, and that he came to Atlanta on Friday, November 1, on business for the concern.

It is alleged that on Saturday night about 7 o'clock he was arrested and locked in the police station on a warrant charging him with being a common cheat and swindler and sworn to by Thomason. It is claimed that bond was denied him, and that he was kept in the police station until about 12:30 o'clock Sunday afternoon, then he was released on bond.

The petition alleges that the case was tried on the following Tuesday before a justice of the peace and the warrant dismissed. It is charged that the prosecution was malicious, false and without probable cause. The petition was filed by Attorneys Reynolds & McGill.

Edwards Brings Suit.

J. B. Edwards, through his attorneys, T. W. Rucker and Harvey Hill, yesterday brought suit against the Atlanta Railway and Power Company for $5,000 damages. The petition alleges that on September 10 of the present year the plaintiff was injured by being knocked from a wagon by a car of the defendant. It is stated that Edwards was crossing the tracks of the company on Marietta street, between North avenue and Corput streets at the time of the accident. Negligence is charged. It is claimed that the motorman did not ring his gong or give other signals of the approach of the car. It is alleged that the injuries received by Edwards are permanent.

Judge A. E. Calhoun yesterday adjourned the city criminal court until the first week in December. About seventy-five cases were disposed of during the present week. None of the cases were of special public interest. Judge Calhoun will begin the trial of civil business Monday in his court room on the third floor of the court house annex. He held court this week in the criminal court room in the old court house.

No jury business will be tried today in the superior court or the first or second divisions of the city court. Judge Lumpkin, Judge Reid and Judge Calhoun will hear motions, as is their custom on Saturdays. Jury business will be resumed in the three courts Monday.

FOR ELECTION BY PEOPLE.

Hall's Bill Providing for Election of Railroad Commissioners Recommended by Committee.

The general judiciary committee of the house yesterday reported favorably the bill introduced by Representative Hall, of Bibb, providing for the election of the members of the railroad commission by popular vote in place of their appointment by the governor.

Mr. Hall stated there was a very practical need for such a bill and that the people of the state were demanding its passage. He said further that the railroad commission as now constituted was inefficient, so far as the needs and rights of the people were concerned; that the railroads were in control of it under the present regime and that they were pointing to the recent displacement of a member of the commission as an example of their power.

The bill of Representative Wright, of Floyd, providing regulations for the establishment of local fire insurance companies was reported favorably.

The bill of Senator Wilcox, giving municipalities, not county seats, the right to sell property attached for taxes in their own limits, was reported to the house with the recommendation that it do pass.

The bill introduced by Representative Howell, of Meriwether, to protect lawyers and officers of the law from suits for damages where levies were made in good faith, was reported favorably, as was the bill of Representative Felder, of Bibb, to require assignees to report their actions to the courts.

BURTON SMITH WILL NOT RUN

Gives Reason for Declining To Stand for Reelection to the Health Board.

Burton Smith, member of the board of health, will not offer for reelection, but will retire when his present term of office expires. This decision on the part of Mr. Smith is in accord with a news article printed in The Constitution some weeks ago.

Mr. Smith's declination to again make the race is due to the fact that there are now four members of the board of health from the sixth ward where he resides. They are Dr. Bizzell, Dr. Richardson, Dr. Jarnagin and Burton Smith. This fact has caused some little comment.

At present the only avowed candidate for the place which Mr. Smith now occupies is Dr. Charles Vaughan, of the fourth ward. However, it is not improbable that other candidates will come out.

In declining to run, Mr. Smith states that his decision is due to no disagreement or unpleasantness in the board, but is simply a recognition that the sixth ward has more than her share of members.

There is some talk of radical changes in the conduct of the sanitary department, of which the board of health has control. A special called meeting to take up this matter was to have been held Thursday, but it was put off. This meeting will be to consider some means of reducing the present expenses of the department.

TECH MAY SOON HAVE COEDUCATION IN FORCE.

Committee Willing If Friends Will Put Up $20,000 Building.

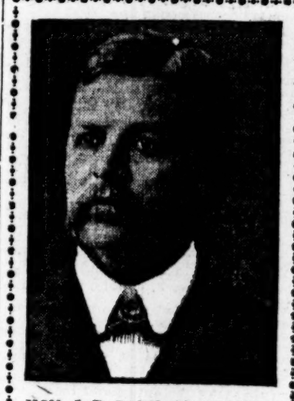
OPPOSITION TO GROUT BILL

Agricultural Committee Will Pass Resolutions Against It As a Dangerous Precedent—Effort To Get an Experimental Station.

The house committee on education is willing that there should be coeducation at the Technological school on one condition, and that is provided the friends of the school raise $20,000 to build a dormitory and work room for such girl students as might desire to enter.

The committee had under consideration the bill by Mr. Park, of Greene, to admit girls to the textile department of the Technological school, and after some consideration reported the bill favorably with the amendment providing that the friends of the school must first put up a $20,000 building to accommodate the "co-eds."

The house committee on general agri-



HON. J. B. PARK, OF GREENE. Author of the Measure for Coeducation at the Georgia Tech.

culture yesterday requested Chairman Harvie Jordan to prepare a resolution for presentation in the house calling on the representatives and senators in the south to oppose the Grant bill proposing to put a tax of 10 cents a pound on oleomargarine. The reason for this is the committee is opposed to the precedent of taxing one agricultural product in favor of another. It has even been suggested that woolen goods with cotton interwoven in them be taxed in favor of woolen goods, and the southern agriculturists are anxious to stop this matter before it goes too far.

The general agricultural committee also decided to appoint a committee of four to confer with the directors of the experiment station at Griffin and urge them to establish a substation in south Georgia.

NO CHANGES MADE YET.

Street Railway Magnates Have Not Taken Action Regarding the Railway and Power Co.

Edward Spencer, of Baltimore; W. H. Whipple, of New York, and T. J. Coolidge, Jr., of Boston, were the recipients of a number of attentions from Atlanta friends yesterday. They were entertained at a luncheon by Colonel R. J. Lowry yesterday, and a dinner by Judge Tompkins last evening.

From what can be learned it appears that no changes will be made in the present management of the Atlanta Railway and Power Company until these gentlemen return east. Up to last night there had not been a meeting of the board of directors, and it is unlikely that one will be held today.

There is considerable interest in the outcome of this visit as regards the presidency of the Atlanta Railway and Power Company. As stated in The Constitution some time ago, Ernest Woodruff has been asked to retain the presidency. When asked about the matter yesterday Mr. Woodruff would not deny that such a request had been made, but declined to state whether or not he would accede to the wishes of the new owners. He would not discuss any feature of the situation.

If Mr. Woodruff does not retain the presidency it is not known who will succeed him, and it appears that the question has not been decided.

Messrs. Whipple and Spencer return east today and Mr. Coolidge goes to New Orleans in company with Harry Atkinson.

Carnegie Made Lord Rector.

London, November 8.—Vice Chancellor Donaldson, of the University of St. Andrews, announced today the unanimous election of Andrew Carnegie as lord rector. The students greeted the announcement with cheering and the singing of "He's a Jolly Good Fellow." The vice chancellor remarked that Mr. Carnegie's election would meet the approval of the whole nation.

BOILERS

Require Strong Workmen To Construct.

A big, hustling boiler maker down at Niles, Ohio, had an experience with Grape-Nuts Food that is worth knowing. George Preston says there was a time when his appetite for breakfast failed him and it came from stomach trouble caused by his way of eating.

He would get hungry from his work about 9 or 10 o'clock, but was not allowed to eat during work hours, and when dinner time came he would overeat and would be in misery the rest of the day, and not able to eat any supper.

He says: "I was troubled with headaches and so dizzy from stooping over that I would stagger when straightening up.

"Grape-Nuts being called to my attention, I took a package to my boarding place and had some for breakfast, and I did not get hungry until near the noon hour. I now knew what was the matter with me. I began to eat a good, healthy food and it agreed with me, so I have kept on using Grape-Nuts for breakfast with a little cream.

"I have never taken one drop of medicine only once for sore throat, but I am now as well and hearty as any man that walks, and I know how to keep my strength now by the use of good food, and I think I would lose a part of it if I left off Grape-Nuts. This food has been better to me and my family than any medicine.

"I am at Niles, Ohio, and ready to show the truth of what I write. Any one can call and see me and my family and judge for themselves whether we are healthy or not. I have used 221 packages of Grape-Nuts since I began."

THE COLUMBIA TO HAVE VAUDEVILLE

Manager Henry DeGive Announces Material Change.

THEATER WILL BE REMODELED

Atlanta Capitalist Has Secured Thirty-Day Option on Property Here With Erection of Another Theater As the Object in View.

Atlanta will not long be without vaudeville, for, pursuant to an announcement made yesterday by Manager Henry DeGive, of the Columbia theater, this popular play house is soon to inaugurate a season of these performances, presenting the highest class and most desirable artists in this profession.

Manager DeGive's announcement comes after a thorough consideraton of this matter. For some time past he has had such action under contemplation. It was his intention either to put in a stock company for the complete season, with specialty acts interspersed, or to convert the Columbia into a vaudeville theater. The fact of the Atlanta field now being clear for the opening of a vaudeville house hastened Mr. DeGive's determination in the matter and decided him in favor of the plan which he will put into execution.

At the earliest possible time the Columbia will be closed and a material change made in the interior of the place. At present there is a number of outstanding contracts which must be canceled before the announced change can be made. As soon, however, as this can be arranged, the Columbia will be darkened, a crusade of repair and renovation will be inaugurated, new scenery will be painted and installed, new chairs will be put in and, as early as expedient, the Columbia will throw open its doors to the public with the highest procurable vaudeville performances.

Other Vaudeville Plans.

It is also currently rumored that a thirty-day option has been secured upon the tract of land known as the Boyd property at Forsyth and Luckie streets by a local capitalist with the contemplated purpose of erecting there a theater. The site in question is admirably located for such a purpose, being conveniently situated for patrons of the play as well as directly upon the lines of the two street railways.

Again, as published in yesterday's Constitution, Manager Jake Wells, of Richmond, Va., has turned his eyes and his energies Atlantaward with the erection of a new vaudeville house here as the object in view.

Indications point clearly to an increase of this city's number of playhouses, and that in the near future.

COLUMBIA MAY BE LEASED.

Jake Wells Announces Receipt of Offer from Manager DeGive of that Playhouse.

Richmond, Va., November 8.—(Special.) Through an offer received from Atlanta today it seems improbable that Jake Wells and his associates of the Bijou theater will find it necessary to build a new theater in Atlanta for vaudeville as a result of the burning of the Lyceum. Mr. Wells received from Henry DeGive, manager of the Columbia theater, an offer of the Columbia for lease or on shares if he would put the house on the Norfolk and Richmond circuit. It seems probable that this offer will be accepted. Mr. Wells, Mr. Leath and Mr. Neal will go to Atlanta tomorrow to look into the matter and some action may be taken immediately.

Mr. Wells was to have gone to Atlanta today, but when Mr. Leath and Mr. Neal decided to go with him it was thought best to establish wire communication with the DeGive interest and wait until Saturday. If the DeGive house is taken it will be partially remodeled, refurnished and painted throughout. Then for the first time the New York-New Orleans vaudeville circuit by way of Atlanta will be possible. This will be one of the most important circuits of the country should it be completed and one of which managers have dreamed for many years.

There's money in advertising. Poor advertising is an expense—the other kind a profitable investment. Advertising intelligently prepared and placed in the mediums which pay. Ten years' experience. Geo. S. Lowman, Empire bldg., Atlanta.

We have a good book which is worth asking about. John M. Miller Co., 39 Marietta street.

NO ACTION ON CITY BILLS.

Opposing Interests Call for Time To Be Granted By the Committee.

Action was postponed on the bills to amend the city charter by the general judiciary committee of the house yesterday afternoon. The bills came up before the committee as a special order. Several persons opposed to the bill asked for its postponement, and this was done. The bills were made a special order for the committee at its meeting Monday.

Mayor Mims, Aldermen Welch, LaHatte and Johnson, Councilmen Adams, Kontz and Grady, City Attorney Mayson and Assistant City Attorney Hill appeared before the committee in behalf of the bills. Judge George Hillyer, president of the water board, and Dr. B. W. Bizzell, of the board of health, were also present.

Representatives of various interests opposing the bills, or certain sections of them, were before the committee. After a discussion as to the amount of time to be given those who wished to speak either for or against the bill Acting Chairman Hall called upon the gentlemen opposed to the bill to speak. No one declared himself as opposed to the bill in its entirety, but a number of gentlemen raised objections to certain sections.

Fulton Colville spoke against the section which provides that the various city boards shall be composed of members from each ward. Judge H. E. W. Palmer, of the county commissioners, appeared in behalf of the commissioners and requested that the city not urge the section which provides for the incorporating of the county until a conference between the city officials and the county commissioners could be arranged. This request was granted. Hon. T. B. Felder, representing the Postal Telegraph Company, requested that the section relating to telegraph companies remain open until the officials of his company could come before the committee. C. Jerome Simmons, of the Atlanta Rapid Transit Company, asked that action on the bill be postponed.

Judge Barron, of Jones, then moved to table the bills, which motion was carried unanimously. On motion of Representative C. C. Houston, of Fulton, the bills were made a special order for Monday's session of the committee.

Light, Sweet Wholesome Bread, Cake Delicious Pastry

are more easily, speedily, unfailingly made with

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Royal Baking Powder is the greatest of time and labor savers to the pastry cook. Besides, it economizes flour, butter and eggs, and, best of all, makes the food more digestible and healthful.

The "Royal Baker and Pastry Cook"—over 800 practical and valuable cooking receipts—free to every patron. Send full address.

There are cheap baking powders, made from alum, but their astringent and cauterizing qualities add a dangerous element to food.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

COMMITTEES ARE APPOINTED.

Arrangements Made Yesterday for Entertaining Visiting Spinners.

A meeting of citizens at the chamber of commerce was held yesterday afternoon to make arrangements for entertaining the Southern Cotton Spinners' Association, which meets here next Thursday.

It was decided to entertain the spinners Thursday night with a Bohemian smoker, and committees were appointed to make the necessary arrangements.

It is also likely that the visitors will be given a trolley ride around and through Atlanta, terminating at the Piedmont Driving Club, where luncheon will be served.

Several members expressed the opinion that the original estimate of an attendance of 300 will be largely exceeded, and some place the number of visiting spinners at 500 or 600. The Spinners' association has sent out a prospectus from Charlotte, announcing that Atlanta will give the delegates a royal welcome, and all the cotton spinners who have been heard from say they intend to be present.

President Orr announced the following committees for the occasion:

Finance Committee—Oscar Elsas, chairman; John F. Dickinson, Joseph C. Greenfield, Frank M. Inman, G. B. Scott, Robert F. Maddox.

Arrangement Committee—J. F. Beck, chairman; J. K. Orr, R. F. Shedden.

Reception Committee—H. E. Fisher, chairman; T. Cuyler Smith, Dr. J. D. Turner, T. B. Blake.

The reception committee will probably be enlarged by the addition of other names.

GALVESTON IN 1900.

A vivid book with fine pictures in it. The cost was $2. The cost is a quarter. John M. Miller Co., 39 Marietta street.

Confederate Veteran Buried.

F. Smith, the confederate veteran who died Wednesday night, was buried yesterday morning in Hollywood cemetery. The funeral services were conducted at 10 o'clock at the residence on Robin street. In compliance with a request made by Mr. Smith before his death, he was buried in his uniform of gray.

"The Overcoat Of Today"

Different in style, different in hang, different in looks from anything in previous years. Every new style that fashion dictates is here. The full box, the yoke, the Raglan in all the new shades of Oxfords, Olives, Greens and Browns. Heavy and light weights—in fact, a well rounded Overcoat stock.

Boys' and Men's.

HIRSCH BROS.,
44 Whitehall St.

$3.50 EISEMAN BROS. ANNOUNCEMENT PAGE 1.

Men's Shoes

Hand sewed welts, heavy extension soles (some cork soles, water proof), in the following popular leathers:

Vici Kid,	Patent Calf,
Patent Vici,	Box Calf,
Velour Calf,	Wax Calf.

This is not a scrap offering of odd unsalable sizes. Any man can be fitted in this line. Some of these $3.50 shoes are of the famous Hess make, others are union made, all are the kind of wearers and lookers that will support our reputation while they carry you further.

Our Hess Shoe for boys from $2.50 to $3.50.

Union made Shoes and other strong makes $1.50 to $2.50.

Ten per cent off now in every department, because of the extra block placed between us temporarily.

Sole Atlanta Agents for Hess Shoes and Stuttgarter Underwear

Eiseman Bros.

Temporary Quarters, Corner Alabama and Pryor Sts., Half Block South of Union Depot.

EISEMAN BROS., Washington, D. C. EISEMAN BROS., Atlanta, Ga. EISEMAN BROS., Baltimore, Md.

COTTAGE HOME FOR SALE.

On South Pryor street, between Hendricks and Ormond, we have a very pretty cottage home. Has gas and water, hot water connections and bath. Is in perfect repair and newly painted. The lot is 55 by 187, to an alley. This is all you can ask for a 6-room home, and is fully worth the price, $2,850.

ROBSON & HOLLEMAN, 8 W. Alabama St.

HELP WANTED—Male.

WANTED—A first-class cake baker and fancy ornamentor. Apply with recommendations to H. H. Claussen, Augusta, Ga 11-8-7t

WANTED—First class coat maker; steady work; first class prices. H. Geyer Columbus, Ga.

WE want bookkeepers, salesmen, mechanics, stenographers and all who are seeking positions to call on or write us. We guarantee positions to our applicants. The Empire Business Bureau, 16 Grant building. tf

WANTED—Man in each county to represent old established house, solid financial standing. Straight bona fide weekly cash salary of $18 paid by check each Wednesday with all expenses direct from headquarters. Money advanced for expenses. Manager, 377 Caxton building, Chicago.

WANTED—A first-class man who is thoroughly capable of handling stair department in window sash and door factory. Good wages and steady work for right man. Enochs Lumber and Mfg. Co., Jackson, Miss.

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade; comparatively no expense; only eight weeks required; board included; tools presented; wages Saturdays; $15 weekly paid graduates. Apply by mail, Moler Barber College, 1141 Market st., St. Louis, Mo.

WE sell all grades of coal from all mines. Kelley Coal and Ice Co., 'phone 894.

HELP WANTED—Female.

LADIES to do writing in their homes, $26 per month guaranteed. Address, with 2-cent stamp, Box No. 66, Rock Hill, S. C.

$20 MONTH guaranteed ladies to do one hour's writing a day at home one year. No fraud. Apply, with stamped envelope, Miss Nina Prickett, Rutherfordton, N. C.

KEILEY Coal and Ice Co. sell the best coal, coke and wood. Stove wood $1 per load.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

EXPERIENCED stenographer and competent railroad accountant desires position. Address S. A. L., care Constitution. 11-9-10-11.

We sell all grades of coal from all mines. Kelley Coal and Ice Co., 'phone 894.

WANTED—Agents.

PORTRAIT agents everywhere, quit "crayons;" try washable enamelines; no glass; don't rub; cheap. Family Portrait Co., Chicago.

AGENTS on salary or commission: The greatest agents' seller ever produced; every user of pen and ink buys it on sight; 200 to 500 per cent profit; one agent's sales amounted to $620 in six days; another $32 in two hours. Monroe Mfg. Co. X 46, LaCrosse, Wis.

WANTED—The name and address of every agent for any of the numerous Lives of McKinley—not to interfere with present work, but to provide profitable employment after territory for McKinley books has been exhausted. Will give employment for balance of the winter or the coming year that will pay $100 per month. No charge for outfit, and we guarantee monthly profits. It will cost nothing to write us for our proposition, and to give us facts as to number of McKinley books sold and plans for the future. Address, Guarantee Publishing Company, 223 North Second street, St. Louis. 11-7-2w

We sell all grades of coal from all mines. Kelley Coal and Ice Co., 'phone 894.

WANTED—Salesmen.

WANTED—Salesmen to introduce the Western Rubber Horse Shoe Pad to the trade. Western Horse Shoe Pad Co., Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—Salesman, having an extensive acquaintance with the manufacturing interests in the states of North and South Carolina, to handle a line well established and indorsed by the leading manufacturers of the United States, Canada and Great Britain. Liberal commission to the right party. State reference. Address "Charles," corner Sawtell and Woodland aves., Cleveland, Ohio.

KEILEY Coal and Ice Co. sell the best coal, coke and wood. Stove wood $1 per load.

PERSONAL.

WANTED—The address of a Mr. Guinn Was night clerk of Traveler's hotel June 1 to 15, of 1900. Geo. B. Marable, Oak Ridge, La.

WANTED—The addresses of persons who have used Swamp Root and have been benefited thereby. Address N. & H., Box 435, Atlanta, Ga. 10-4-tf

FREE DENTISTRY—Southern Dental College, opposite Grady hospital, 100 Butler street, is open for patients. All work free. Patients pay for material only. Call any afternoon.

KEILEY Coal and Ice Co. sell the best coal, coke and wood. Stove wood $1 per load.

STORAGE.

SECURITY Warehouse Co.—Storage of all kinds; separate rooms for furniture. Foundry st., W. & A. R.R. Tel. 1956, 2 calls.

KEILEY Coal and Ice Co. sell the best coal, coke and wood. Stove wood $1 per load.

WANTED—Board.

WANTED—By couple, room and board in refined family; no objection to going out some distance. J. A., care Constitution.

WE sell all grades of coal from all mines. Kelley Coal and Ice Co., 'phone 894.

FOR SALE—Machinery.

SPECIAL—Just received car load of Keystone Corn Huskers and Shredders which we are offering at special prices; also have on hand full and complete line of engines, boilers and saw mills, both portable and stationary, and all sizes. For the next fifteen days we will make special prices on all goods. Call and get our prices or write for catalogue, quotations, etc. Malsby & Company, 41 South Forsyth street, Atlanta, Ga.

NOTICE SALOONS—We have for prompt shipment 380 gross plain and misprint quarts, round and square; 460 gross picnic pints and one-half pints; 316 gross Dandy and Phil oval screw top flasks; 480 barrels wine and other style bottles. All of above are well assorted second hand bottles packed in cases and barrels. Write us for prices; we can save you 20 per cent. Atlanta Metal and Bottle Co., buyers of scrap iron, Atlanta, Ga. 11-9-eod

WE sell all grades of coal from all mines. Kelley Coal and Ice Co., 'phone 894.

BOARDERS WANTED.

BOARDERS WANTED—A few boarders can be accommodated with rooms and board at 183 Whitehall street.

BOARDERS WANTED — Comfortable rooms and good board to a couple or two men for $8 per week. 134 Ivy.

KEILEY Coal and Ice Co. sell the best coal, coke and wood. Stove wood $1 per load.

LADIES' COLUMN.

LADIES—$500 reward for a case of obstinate, abnormal suppression, any cause, my monthly regulator fails to relieve; mail $3. Dr. Jackson Remedy Co., R 582, 167 Dearborn st., Chicago, Ills.

LADIES—Old Dr. McCullom's regulators cost a trifle more; relief in twenty-four hours; forty-five years of practical use tells the story. By mail $3. Kape Kod Kemical Ko., box 34 Osterville, Mass. 11-6-11t

WE sell all grades of coal from all mines. Kelley Coal and Ice Co., 'phone 894.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

I HEREBY notify my friends and patrons that Mr. Black has sold to me his interest in the Prudential building barber shop, and thereby dissolved partnership with me. Respectfully, J. F. Zimmer. 11-8-2t

ARCHITECTS, contractors, supply dealers, insurance agents and other business men will find our "Daily Construction Bulletin" and "Southern Architect and Building News" invaluable in securing information in advance of all other sources from the southern states. Southern Press Clipping Bureau, Austell building, Atlanta, Ga. tf

KEILEY Coal and Ice Co. sell the best coal, coke and wood. Stove wood $1 per load.

MONEY TO LOAN.

STRAIGHT loans and monthly payment loans made on Atlanta real estate at lowest rates without commission. E. S. McCandless, Kiser building.

SALARIED PEOPLE and retail merchants furnished money without security; easy payments. Tolman, 524 Austell building.

MONEY TO LOAN at low rate of interest. Call on W. B. Smith, 20 N. Pryor street, 'phone 220. 11-3-7

J. T. HOLLEMAN negotiates loans on improved Atlanta real estate at low rates 8 West Alabama street.

R. C. DeSaussure, room 46, Inman bldg., city loans 5 and 6 per cent.

TRY OSCAR & CHARLES A. DAVIS, 15 Edgewood avenue, when you wish to sell short time or purchase money notes or make short loans at reasonable rates.

WILL buy or loan money on insurance policies; 6 per cent interest. Will pay more than surrender value. Box 285.

WEYMAN & CONNORS, 825 Equitable building, have money to lend on city property at 5, 6 and 7 per cent. Money on hand for those desiring quick loans.

FARM loans negotiated throughout the state. Attorney wanted in every county. J. T. Holleman, 8 W. Alabama st.

MONEY TO LEND on real estate, stocks or bonds. Save money by seeing Equitable Loan and Security ompany, first floor, Gould building, before borrowing.

$500,000 TO LEND on good Ga. farms in sums to suit at 6 per cent. Call or write S. W. Carson, 6½ S. Broad.

KEILEY Coal and Ice Co. sell the best coal, coke and wood. Stove wood $1 per load.

LOST.

LOST—Pair of coat sleeves made up; gray mixed goods. Return to 826 Empire building and receive reward.

LOST—An 8-month-old, cream-colored, hornless Jersey calf. Suitable reward if returned to J. W. Hill, 65 East Alabama, or 43 Logan avenue.

LOST—Late yesterday afternoon $25 between The Constitution building and Silverman's corner. One $10 note, one $5 note and $10 in smaller paper notes. Finder will be suitably rewarded on returning same to elevator man in Constitution building.

LOST—White bull dog, long tail, ears cut short, named Pat. Liberal reward if returned to 34 West Peachtree. Bell 'phone 2923.

KEILEY Coal and Ice Co. sell the best coal, coke and wood. Stove wood $1 per load.

FOR RENT—Furnished Rooms

ONE furnished room for rent at 139 Spring st.

WE sell all grades of coal from all mines. Kelley Coal and Ice Co., 'phone 894.

COMPARISONS ARE ODIUS

To the other fellow. We don't mind them. . . . . .

We pride ourselves on having the cleanest, brightest stock of **Men's Wear** in Atlanta.

And it is our constant study to see that no one undersells us.

Our **$10, $12.50** and **$15 Suits** and **Overcoats** are way above the average in quality, and equal to any "merchant tailor" garment fo fit and finish.

Every sale means a new customer added to our list.

All purchases must be satisfactory or money refunded.

Essig Bros.,

THE POPULAR CLOTHIERS,

37 WHITEHALL ST.

Alexander's Hotel,

15 Marietta Street.

Hot and Cold Baths on each Floor Free to Guests

Phone 10 For Bicycle MESSENGER. Any part of city 10c.

Children's Cups

A new and pretty line just in, and they are quite reasonable for Sterling Silver. See our show window for samples. Price range is $5.00 to $9.00

JULIUS R. WATTS & CO., Jewelers, 7 West Alabama St.

BRIDGE BUILDERS.

Sealed bids will be received until 12 m. December 4, 1901, for building an iron bridge over the Oconee. Plans can be seen in my office. Right reserved to reject any or all bids.

James L. Crossley, Clerk.
Greenesboro, Ga. sat-sun

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!!

AT 118 PEACHTREE ST.

One $60, beautiful oak suit, large French plate mirror, only $27.50; 2 handsome $40 suits, only $22.50; 1 white enamel suit, full size, only $13; one three-quarter suit only $9; 3 iron beds, with Hartford springs; chairs, tables, comforts, blankets and pillows; 3 Axminster and Moquette carpets, 16 by 16, only $10; several odd dresses and washstands less than factory cost. 11-8-2t

WE sell all grades of coal from all mines. Kelley Coal and Ice Co., 'phone 894.

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.

CHEAP—$200 Walnut Chamber Suit, only $60; $40 sideboard only $20; used short while. Snook & Austin Furniture Co.

FOR SALE—Dayton computing or money weight scales at less than half price. Hoyt Scale and Supply Co., No. 2 Auburn ave., city.

WE sell all grades of coal from all mines. Kelley Coal and Ice Co., 'phone 894.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WILL PAY highest cash prices for second-hand law books, also can sell any law book on the market. Consult me before purchasing. A. E. Warrendorff, P. O. box 291, Atlanta, Ga.

30 YEARS' experience. 'Phone No. 854. Robinson Fish and Oyster Market. All kinds fish—pompano, mackerel, blue fish, snapper. Oysters—Plants of Norfolk, Selects. Stands the best in market. Game in season, and the season is on. Joseph Robinson, agent.

KEILEY Coal and Ice Co. sell the best coal, coke and wood. Stove wood $1 per load.

WANTED—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A furniture wagon; must be in first-class condition and cheap. Address Furniture, care Constitution.

WANTED—To buy two small second hand showcases. Call at 138 Whitehall street.

KEILEY Coal and Ice Co. sell the best coal, coke and wood. Stove wood $1 per load.

FOR RENT—Houses, Cottages, Etc.

FOR RENT—Houses, stores, offices and rooms in any part of city; call and we will take you to see anything on our list. M. L. Thrower, renting agent, 88 South Forsyth street.

SEND for weekly rent bulletins, full description of everything to rent; we move tenants free; sor notice. John J. Woodside, renting agent, 50 N. Broad. tf

KEILEY Coal and Ice Co. sell the best coal, coke and wood. Stove wood $1 per load.

FOR RENT—Offices.

FOR RENT—Several office rooms and hall at 23 1-2 West Alabama street. A. D. Adair. 11-8-6t

WE sell all grades of coal from all mines. Kelley Coal and Ice Co., 'phone 894.

FOR RENT—Stores.

FOR RENT—Two of those new stores in the Inman block on Mitchell street, well suited for wholesale or retail business; for price call on M. L. Thrower, 88 South Forsyth st. 10-26-tf

KEILEY Coal and Ice Co. sell the best coal, coke and wood. Stove wood $1 per load.

FOR RENT—Rooms.

FOR RENT—Rooms: Four connecting rooms, kitchen, bath, gas and water. 233 Courtland street.

KEILEY Coal and Ice Co. sell the best coal, coke and wood. Stove wood $1 per load.

SIGN PAINTING.

WELLS SIGN CO., sign painters; signs, banners, flags; shipped anywhere. 7½ S. Broad. Bell 'phone 69.

WE sell all grades of coal from all mines. Kelley Coal and Ice Co., 'phone 894.

NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

OF VERMONT.

ADMITTED ASSETS OVER $20,000,000

MOST MODERN, PROFIT SHARING, NON-FORFEITABLE CONTRACTS OF LIFE, TERM, ENDOWMENT AND ANNUITY INSURANCE.

GOOD AGENCY CONTRACTS FOR RELIABLE MEN IN GEORGIA.

Agents find our contracts the easiest to sell. For special terms to agents write to

JOHN T. MOODY, General Manager,

400-404 Lowndes Bldg., ATLANTA, GA.

SOUTH CAROLINA VS. TECHS TODAY

Two Teams To Meet on Piedmont Park Gridiron.

GAME BEGINS AT 3:30 O'CLOCK

Visitors Have a Slight Advantage of Weight Over Locals, but Techs Are Fast and Gritty—Each Side Is Confident of Winning.

The giants from the Tech and the strong men from the University of South Carolina will meet this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock on the gridiron at Piedmont park to battle with vigor and earnestness for the pigskin.

The game today will beyond all doubt be one of the fastest to be played in Atlanta this season. Each side is confident and bent on winning, and the lineup of each holds players who are gritty and fast at the sport. Odds are even on the two teams.

It will be recalled that South Carolina was defeated this season by Georgia by a score of 10 to 0. Since that time it is asserted that the eleven from the Palmetto State has made wonderful improvement both in speed and weight. Changes have been made on the team that brings its average weight up very close to 160 pounds.

The weight of the Techs is a trifle under this, the average being about 155 pounds. But the men are all in the pink of condition for the struggle today. Practice, hard and constant, has brought them to a standard where they are a proposition fit for the entertainment of the best. They are fast and strong and sure, with gameness to spare. The Techs are confident of winning today, and, inspired by the fact that the result of the game will serve to measure up the relative strength of Georgia and themselves, they will be on their mettle from the time play is called.

Speaking yesterday of the team and its work, Coach McKee expressed himself as most sanguine as to the outcome of today's gridiron battle. The Techs, he said, are practiced up to a high standard of excellence and will go in at a winning gait today from the start. In their offensive work, he said, the team is probably best.

The price of admission to the game today will be 50 cents.

Manager J. Nixon Stringfellow, with fifteen of his giants of the gridiron, arrived from Columbia, S. C., last night, and are stopping at the Marion.

The members of the team show up in fine shape for the struggle of today.

The line-up of the two teams will be as follows:

S. C.	POSITIONS.	TECHS.
Nicholson	Center	Hudson
Freeman	Right guard	Lucas
Oliver	Right tackle	Young
Deal	Right end	Cannon
Ehrick	Left guard	Moore
McCutcheon	Left tackle	Towers
McCullom	Left end	Wharton
Lee	Quarter back	Brinson
Ryttenburg	Full back	Waddill
Blackwell	Right half back	Caserly
Gunter	Left half back	Huie
Hubbard and Davis.	Substitutes.	Pendleton, Reynolds, McDaniel and Bell.

FIREMEN AND COMPANY D AT INDOOR BALL TONIGHT

There will be a game of indoor baseball between the team from the fire department and that of the Atlanta Rifles (company D) this evening in the armory of the latter.

With the two games the firemen have played against the Atlanta Athletic Club and the Machine gun battery (company M) they are in better shape for this evening's game than at any time since their organization. The Rifles' team is also in fine fettle for the fight on the diamond and a close and spirited contest is anticipated.

SHOOT FOR MEDALS AT GUN CLUB TODAY

An interesting contest will be held at the ranges of the Atlanta Gun Club this afternoon. There will be two events, in eacn of which much interest is felt in Atlanta sporting circles. The first will be a target shoot for the medal offered by the Anderson Hardware Company. There will be fifty targets. This medal is contested for monthly, and is now held by Clarence Everett.

The second event will be for the club record at twenty-five live birds. Medal for this event is offered by Conway & Dunning, and is now held by Clarence Angler.

The shoot will commence at 2 o'clock. All the Atlanta crack shots will be out, as the event is one of great importance to people interested in shooting.

Entries at Aqueduct.

First Race—Seven furlongs: Millstream, The Burlington Route, 107; Riff, 105; Ben Battle, Federalist, Sir Eggis, Mayor Gilroy, 104; Lamp O'Lee, 102; Pleasant Sail, The Rogue, 99.

Second Race—Mile and 70 yards: Bowen, Whistling Con, 106; Trebor, 105; Althea, 103; Nitrate, 102; Anecdote, 101; Jack McGinn, Lamp O'Lee 98; Wunna, 99; Lady Chorister, 90.

Third Race—Creedmor handicap, 5½ furlongs: G. Whittier, 112; Andy Williams, 116; Lord Quex, 114; Mary Worth, 113; Peninsula, 110; Pluto, 109; Tenagra, Par Excellence, 107; Neither One, 106; Trump, 105; Khital, 100; Long Love, 97; Leischen, 95.

Fourth Race—Farmingdale handicap, mile and a sixteenth: Imp, 126; Advance Guard, 124; Carbuncle, 121; Ben McDhui, 114; Oom Paul, 112; Ethics, 109; May W., 108; Handicapper, 95; Peninsula, 90; Anecdote, 92.

Fifth Race—Five and a half furlongs: Deadly Night Shade, Swamplands, Illuminate, Goldaga, Long Love, Major Daniels, Maintesinger, Bruff, Colonel Hill, Connecticut, Rocky, Anak, 108; Augury, Niessequoque, Bigotry, Wagram, Merry Hours, 105.

Sixth Race—Mile and 70 yards: James J. Corbett, Gladerun, Frank Erne, Rappenecker, 110; Rivenoak, Kingstelle, Flara, Philma Paxton, Biff, Wunderlich, Miss Almy, Anecdote, Woolgatherer, 107; Surmise, Tonicum, 105; Anna Darling, 102.

Entries at Lakeside.

First Race—Six furlongs, selling: Lord Howard, Skip Me, 106; Money Back, Mengo, 105; Dorothy Lee, 104; Harry Turner, Star Cotton, Neuberger, 103; Watita, 102; Harney, The Butcher, 101; Tagarto, Hanan, Homage, Evelyn Byrd, 98; Callopin, 93.

Second Race—Six furlongs, selling: Rival Dare, 111; The Boer, 104; Miss Conrad, 104; The Star of Bethlehem, Sigma Nu, Baughnaugh-Gene, Barney F, 103; Rosa Diah, Sam Lazarus Esq., 100; Boomerack, Aaron, Shut Up, 98; Nix, 93.

Third Race—Five furlongs: Nellie Waddell, Lacrimae, 107; I Samelson, Rag Tag, 103; Howenlicher, Amigard, Herondes, Chaminade, 100.

Fourth Race—Six furlongs: Federalist, 115; Vulcain, 108; Gonfalon, 107; Money Musa, 106; Denman Thompson, Andes, 105; Harry Herendeen, 100; If You Dare, 95; Sea Queen, 90; Boney Boy, 88; Gonfalon, Vulcain and Federal, Hildreth entry.

Fifth Race—One and an eighth miles: Orontas, 108; Benckart, 88; Rolling Boer, 106; Searcher, 98; Telamon, 95; Ben Chance, 98; Omdurman, 96; Odnor, 95.

Sixth Race—Mile: Pay the Fiddler, Lennep, 104; Wayward Boy, Benckart, Pirates Queen, 95; Miracle II, 98; Stella Perkins, 92.

Seventh Race—Mile, selling: Linden Ella, 107; Precursor, John Baker, Isabey, 105; Sarilla, Myth, 104; F. Garner, Glissando, Domadge, 103; Elghor, 100; Guy H, 99; Miss Liza, Miss Dooley, Helen Paxton, 98; Red Apple, 96; Mary Moore, 93; Uncle Tom, 92; Joe Collins, 89.

AT AQUEDUCT

THIRTY-TO-ONE SHOT WON IN THE FIRST RACE

New York, November 8.—Two favorites, both at odds on, won at Aqueduct today, together with one second choice and three outsiders. The day began with an upset, Morokanta, at 30 to 1, winning in a drive from Shoreham and Malden. A few profited by his victory, as he was played in places at 40 to 1. Criterion, at 5 to 1, won the fourth pulled up to a walk. Bowen, the favorite, was cut down in this race on the first turn and the stewards held Creamery, on Handicapper, responsible and disqualified his mount from third place. Summary:

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs: Morokanta, 30 to 1, won; Shoreham, 4 to 1, second; Malden, 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:14 4-5.

SECOND RACE—Mile and 70 yards: Marothen, 8 to 1, won; Alard, 6 to 5, second; St. David, 12 to 1, third. Time, 1:47.

THIRD RACE—Five and a half furlongs: Early Eve, 1 to 2, won; Gay Girl, 5 to 1, second; Wild Bess, 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:08 3-5.

FOURTH RACE—Mile and 70 yards: Criterion, 5 to 1, won; Lucky Star, 8 to 5, second; Handicapper, 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:46 1-5. Bowen was placed third.

FIFTH RACE—Selling, 5½ furlongs: Honolulu, 7 to 10, won; Carrington, 4 to 1, second; Misleader, 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:09.

SIXTH RACE—Selling, six furlongs: Alpaca, 3 to 1, won; Tour, 8 to 1, second; Touraine, 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:15 2-5.

AT LAKESIDE

BRAGG WINS A RACE AFTER TRYING SINCE LAST MAY

Chicago, November 8.—Autumn Leaves, second choice in the third race at Lakeside today, easily beat Miracle II, the odds-on favorite, who had to be satisfied with third money. Bragg finally won a race today after nearly fifty efforts since last May. He was held equal choice with Dandola at 2 to 1. The latter finished fourth, owing largely to poor judgment of the jockey. Weather cool; track fast.

FIRST RACE—Mile: Bragg, 95 (J. Hicks), 2 to 1, won; Frank M, 103 (Otis), 3 to 1, second; Automaton, 107 (Bassinger), 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:42 2-5.

SECOND RACE—Five and a half furlongs: Bummer, 108 (Hope), 7 to 10, won; Little Jack Horner, 99 (Otis), 8 to 1, second; Olekma, 99 (Helgesen), 30 to 1, third. Time, 1:08.

THIRD RACE—Five and a half furlongs: Autumn Leaves, 104 (Harshberger), 9 to 4, won; Golden Glitter, 102 (J. Hicks), 4 to 1, second; Miracle II, 103 (Coburn), 4 to 5, third. Time, 1:08 3-5

FOURTH RACE—Mile and 20 yards: Benckart, 98 (Seaton), 4 to 1, won; Reseda, 101 (T. Dean), 11 to 5, second; Eva Rice, 100 (Davisson), 3 to 2, third. Time, 1:42 3-5.

FIFTH RACE—Seven furlongs: Lucien Appleby, 106 (Coburn), even, won; John A. Clarke, 102 (Otis), 4 to 1, second; Fronta, 94 (Seaton), 7 to 1, third. Time, 1:28 3-5.

SIXTH RACE—One and one-quarter mile: Admetus, 97 (T. Dean), 5 to 1, won; Banish, 99 (Hope), 2 to 1, second; Farmer Bennett, 89 (Helgeson), 4 to 1, third. Time, 2:09 2-5.

AT LATONIA

LONG SHOTS CONTINUE TO COME OUT WINNERS

Cincinnati, November 8.—Long shots continued to win at Latonia with charming regularity. Up until the last race today it looked as though favorites and second choices would sweep the boards, but Miss Soak, at 15 to 1, came along and took the closing event after a head finish with Nina B. L. Ed Gartland II was plunged on for a good thing in the third, and the bookies would have lost a tidy sum had the horse won. He finished next to last. Weather cool. Track fast.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs, selling: Mr. Phinizy, 102 (T. Knight), 11 to 5, won; St. Bluff, 99 (Lyne), 8 to 1, second; Archne, 104 (L. Jackson), 9 to 5, third. Time, 1:15¾.

SECOND RACE—Mile: St. Hera, 100 (L. Jackson), 5 to 2, won; Dr. Hart, 98 (Lindsey), 12 to 1, second; All About, 97 (Lyne), 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:42½.

THIRD RACE—Mile, selling: Dalkeith, 100 (D. Hall), 8 to 5, won; Patchwork, 97 (H. Wilson), 10 to 1, second; Nelse Morris, 98 (Linsey), 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:42.

FOURTH RACE—Seven furlongs, selling: Onanetta, 99 (Lyne), 6 to 1, won; Meggs, 102 (Michaels), 9 to 2, second; Olea, 99 (H. Wilson), 12 to 1, third. Time, 1:29½.

FIFTH RACE—Five furlongs: The Boston, 105 (Steele), 5 to 2, won; Lady Brockway, 105 (L. Jackson), 4 to 1, second; Throstle, 110 (Lindsey), 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:02¾.

SIXTH RACE—Seven furlongs: Miss Soak, 99 (R. Murphy), 15 to 1, won; Nina B. L., 99 (Lindsey), 10 to 1, second; Ethel Davis, 99 (Donovan), 50 to 1, third. Time, 1:28½.

DOUGLAS PARK

JOCKEY TURNER THROWN AND HIS BACK BROKEN

Louisville, Ky., November 8.—Today's sport at Douglas park was marred by an accident in the fourth race. The field had not straightened out before Tristram, with Jockey Eddie Turner up, was badly jostled and was seen to plunge forward, throwing her rider into the moving field. Turner was picked up and was at once seen to have sustained a broken back and injuries which may prove fatal. He was taken to the city hospital. The favorite, Jordan, won galloping. In the last race Dr. Clark was left at the post, Pharoah, the well backed first choice, winning cleverly. All but one favorite won. Blondie Grayson upset the talent in the first race, when the Hurns' stables representative won from a large field with something to spare. Prima II had a rough journey. Attendance large; weather clear and track fast.

FIRST RACE—Five and a half furlongs, selling: Blondie Grayson won, Prima II second, Hunting third. Time, 1:08 1-2.

SECOND RACE—Five furlongs: Charley Thompson won, Irresistible second, Florrie S. third. Time, 1:02.

THIRD RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles: Lady of the West won, Eleven Bells second, Rose Bird third. Time, 1:49 1-2.

FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs: Jordan won, Chanterelle second, Hattie Davis third. Time, 1:15 1-4.

FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs: Pharoah won, Nettie Regent second, J. J. T. third. Time, 1:15.

Personal Mention.

Dr. J. F. Haney, osteopathic physician, from San Francisco, has located in Atlanta, with offices in the Grand building.



ANHEUSER-BUSCH'S Malt-Nutrine TRADE MARK

The Malt Tonic

Aids the doctor to cure you.

It nourishes and invigorates during convalescence. Always helps—never hinders—puts the whole system right. Sold by all druggists. It is one of the perfected products of the

Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n

St. Louis, U. S. A.

Brewers of the famous Budweiser, Michelob, Black & Tan, Pale-Lager, Faust, Anheuser-Standard, Export Pale and Exquisite.

FOR CYCLE RACES IN SOUTH NORTHERN MEN WILL UNITE

Northern managers are alive to the opportunities presented in the south for a continuation of the cycle racing season, and there is promised a universal revival of the sport in the sunny southland.

F. Ed Spooner, the New York newspaper writer on cycling, and manager of racing men and tracks, has got things in shape for the building of the Atlanta track in March. So pleased has he been with the outlook in Atlanta that many an enthusiastic letter has gone north to other managers. Many of these have been heard from, and there is in sight a continuous circuit, comprising Atlanta as the nucleus; Jacksonville, where the car company will pay for the building for Mr. Spooner; Birmingham, Memphis, Nashville and New Orleans.

Jack Prince has already built an indoor track at Memphis, which he will operate fall and spring regularly. Prince has also concluded arrangements for a fine six-lap track at New Orleans. These two and Atlanta and Jacksonville are assured. Nashville and Birmingham, it is believed, will very quickly be worked into line.

Fred Voigt, the very successful manager at Vailsburg, N. J., is anxious to locate in the south for the winter. For three years Mr. Voigt has had an average attendance at his Sunday meets of 7,500 people from April to well into November.

Prnce, Voigt and Spooner would form a strong trio of managers for six tracks. With the circuit complete, absolutely every star of the cycle track would desert the northern field September 15 and remain south until June 15, returning north for a month of indoor racing in December.

"I have become thoroughly convinced," said Mr. Spooner last night, "that the south is the ideal spot for winter cycle racing. The new sport back of the motors is so exciting and thrilling that it never fails to draw paying crowds in the north. I might add that nine-tenths of the promoters are getting rich with their every-week meets. In the west Salt Lake City has paid over $50,000 in three years on a $3,000 investment.

"The south will be aroused by this new class of cycling sport as never before. Every one loves excitement, and there is all that and more in a motor-paced race between good men.

"In the month I have spent in Atlanta I have found the liveliest interest everywhere displayed. People from other cities have urged me to come there and work, but Atlanta and Jacksonville will be as much as one man can handle. Mr. Prince will have Memphis and New Orleans, and the interest shown in letters from other managers in the north proves to me that several will be in the field soon to complete the chain.

"The riders, too, are taking the liveliest interest, and there is not the slightest doubt of their presence south every winter from September 15 to June 15. The riders must work to live, and nowadays are willing to race continually while they have the ability."

Mr. Spooner will return to Atlanta late in November from Memphis, and prior to his trip to New York. He received yesterday notification of his appointment for the seventh consecutive year as chief scorer of the annual international six-day race at Madison Square Garden. In this position he is required to work 160 hours continuously, with but six hours of short naps at his desk. Over sixty men are used in scoring the great race, the scoring alone costing $1,000.

Bobbie Walthour and Archie McEachern have united as a team for this race and will probably start as favorites for the victory. McEachern is the Canadian champion, and has gone through every six-day race since 1898 without quitting. Walthour holds the sixty and seventy-two-hour records of the world. He will ride seventy-one of the 142 hours of this race, and his mate will ride the other seventy-one, the combined score of the pair being the rating for position.

Six crack teams will leave Europe today to compete in this race. These six teams are composed of the two long-distance champions of each of six European countries. There will be nine teams of Americans in the race, fifteen teams in all competing. The winning team will ride very close to 3,000 miles in 142 hours or as far as from New York to San Francisco, and several other teams will be only inches short of this distance, as the race is won by inches only in the sprint.

Walthour is so strong on the sprint that this gives him such a show for a win. Accidents do not count, only speed winning. Laps lost by falls or punctures are given back by rule.

JIM JEFFORDS KNOCKED OUT BY PETER MAHER

Baltimore, Md., November 8.—Peter Maher put a sudden stop to the championship aspiration of Jim Jeffords, of California, tonight in the second round of what was to have been a ten-round contest before the Eureka Athletic Club. Both men stripped as fit as a fiddle, with Jeffords having all the best of it in height and reach.

The first round began with a light punch and a clinch, after which both landed lightly and clinched again. Then Jeffords touched Peter with a right on the ribs and they came to a clinch. As they broke away Jeffords touched Peter on the chin and the latter growled about a foul, which the referee declined to allow. Jeffords landed lightly again and after another clinch touched Peter on te ribs and they locked arms once more. When they broke away they sparred a while, after which Peter sent his right to the head without effect. The bell rang with honors easy.

In the second round Maher swung right to the body. They mixed it and exchanged a series of right and left swings, in which Jeffords got a hard right punch on the jaw and went to the floor. He lay there until the referee counted five. When he got up they mixed again, both sending in hard rights and lefts to the ribs and face. Peter got it this time with a stiff right jab in the neck, went to the floor and on the advice of his seconds stayed down until six was counted. When he got up they mixed it again, and after a mutual exchange of half a dozen terrific rights and lefts Peter sent his right to the stomach and immediately landed on the chin with the same hand and Jeffords was down and out. Time, 1:04.

O'BRIEN MAY GIVE NAMES.

Investigation of the Turf Scandal at Lexington, Ky.

Lexington, Ky., November 8.—The committee appointed by the Thoroughbred Breeders' Association to further investigate the turf scandal in this city, held a secret session of several hours today. Trainer Dan O'Brien who, before the first investigation committee, shouldered the blame for having moved the three-eighths pole at the Kentucky Association race course so that a colt might be sold to Clarence Mackay on false time, was before the committee most of the time. Hal P. Headley, Dr. R. M. Bryan and R. D. Wilson were other witnesses.

All of the members committed themselves to secrecy as to the testimony received today. One admitted that it was sensational, thereby strengthening a report that, tired of bearing all the blame, O'Brien would implicate others. The committee will meet again Wednesday. It will also submit the case to the grand jury when it convenes.

Sewanee 24, Mooney 0.

Sewanee, Tenn., November 8.—University of the South 24, Mooney 0.

Men's Shoes

$5.00 No More No Less **$3.50**

There's no economy in paying less. It's certainly extravagance to pay more. We have everything that's good at EITHER PRICE.

63 Peachtree After December 1st 10 Whitehall.

Law Bros. Co.

SHOESMITHS--HATSMITHS.

OUR FALL SHIPMENTS OF THE LATEST IMPORTATIONS IN ART GOODS AND BRIC-A-BRAC ARRIVING DAILY

You Are Cordially Invited To See These Beautiful Pieces

CHARLES W. CRANKSHAW,

DIAMOND MERCHANT AND JEWELER. 55 WHITEHALL STREET.

WRIGHT'S DISPENSARY BILL PASSES HOUSE

Measure Gives All Counties Right To Vote on Dispensary Proposition.

IT WENT THROUGH WITH APPLAUSE BY 95 TO 45

Measure Was Ordered Immediately Transmitted to the Senate—The Amendment to Bill Affects the Local Option Law. Debate on Bill.

After an interesting debate lasting all the morning the house yesterday by a vote of 95 to 45 passed by substitute the so-called anti-barroom bill by Mr. Wright, of Floyd, giving to all the counties of the state the right upon petition of one-fifth of the qualified voters to hold an election to determine whether or not a dispensary or dispensaries shall be established in such counties.

The bill provides for an amendment to the local option laws as found in sections 1541 and 1544 of the state code of 1895. An important feature is that it makes a radical change in that law so that if the bill finally goes through as it stands it will take the signatures of one-fifth of the voters to a petition in order to bring about an election for prohibition in a county as well as for a dispensary, instead of only one-tenth, as the law now stands.

Mr. Wright's bill amends section 1541 of the code so as to provide for an election in any county for dispensaries in a like manner in which local option elections are held. An important amendment to this section was also adopted providing that all such elections, whether for prohibition or for dispensaries, can be held only once in four years, instead of every two years, as at present.

The second section of the bill prescribes the form of the ballot to be used in case of a dispensary election. Section 3 provides for the appointment of three dispensary commissioners for a term of three years each. In section 4 it is prohibited to establish a dispensary in any town of less than 700 inhabitants. A dispensary manager is also provided for at a salary of not less than $2,000 a year, and subsequent sections prescribe his duties and the manner in which the dispensary shall be operated.

The bill is modeled very much after dispensary measures of other sections and other states, provides that nothing but the "pure stuff" shall be sold and arranges for a division of the net profits between town and county in proportion to population. The bill prohibits the licensing of liquor dealers in counties adopting the dispensary plan.

Mr. Wright on His Measure.

After the reading of the original bill and substitute, which was the special order for the day, Mr. Houston, of Fulton, stated that the measure materially affected Fulton county, and his colleague, Mr. Slaton, had prepared an elaborate argument with regard to it. He asked unanimous consent of the house on this account that the special order be displaced. Mr. Wright objected because, he said, the matter was important, and while he would like to make concessions, he felt the measure should be pushed before it is too late. He said several of the friends of the measure were absent.

Mr. Wright then began his speech in favor of the bill and in explanation of its provisions. There would doubtless be some surprise, he said, that he was found favoring now a measure which he had formerly so strongly opposed. He had given the matter careful consideration, he said, especially since the decision of the supreme court in the Camilla case, to the effect that a dispensary can be established in a county which has gone dry under the local option law, by the passage of an act by the legislature.

"That decision," Mr. Wright says, "practically takes the matter out of the hands of the people under the local option law and brings these fights to the floor of this house."

Mr. Wright said there were many of these local dispensary bills now before the house and the committee on temperance, and some of them were meeting with serious opposition from people in the counties where it was proposed to establish the dispensaries. This general bill, Mr. Wright said, would do away with all this local legislation and would provide for each county passing on the question of a dispensary whenever the people saw fit.

Mr. Wright then explained the features of the bill, emphasizing its advantages over the present system. "It is merely amending and enlarging the local option law," he said. "It gives the people the right to say whether they want dispensaries, instead of having the legislature settle it for them." He showed how the operation of the dispensary under the law proposed would be far better, as he considered, for the interests of the people than the present system of selling liquor.

Pure Whisky Scarce.

"It's a serious question whether there is any such thing as pure whisky sold in Georgia today," declared Mr. Wright. "But with a dispensary it would be different. An analysis of the liquor sold at one of these dispensaries would have to be furnished on demand and the customer could see that he was getting a pure article."

"Atlanta," the speaker declared, "is enjoying a revenue of more than $100,000 a year from the liquor traffic. The [illegible]ation, to the friends of temperance, is now becoming intolerable. Macon enjoys a similar large revenue, and Savannah, I am informed, takes in $70,000 a year. About Augusta I do not know, but under the present circumstances the large cities and counties are being built up at the expense of the small towns and counties. It isn't fair, it isn't right.

"Our revenue in Augusta is now about $16,000 a year," said Mr. O'Connell, of Richmond.

"Then Augusta is doing an exceedingly modest business," retorted Mr. Wright.

The gentleman from Richmond remarked that he had changed his views on the subject of dispensaries. "That's just the milk in the cocoanut," Mr. Wright said. "These gentlemen talked for dispensaries until the issue is put to them, but now they don't want them."

Mr. Wright declared that the dispensary bill was the only proper solution of the question under conditions as they exist in Georgia today.

Against It on Principle.

Mr. Felder, of Bibb, said he had not intended to make a speech on the measure, but upon consideration there were one or two things he wanted to call attention to.

"I am opposed to dispensaries on principle," Mr. Felder said. "I am opposed to the state or any other government going into a business which is and should be run by private individuals."

Mr. Hardwick, of Washington: "I would like to ask the gentleman what he thinks about the state and the Western and Atlantic railroad?"

Mr. Felder replied that the state road was built at a time when the state was being developed, and when it was needed for purposes of development. It stood on an entirely different footing. He contended the matter could best be reached by local legislation for those counties which want dispensaries.

Mr. Morris, of Cobb, opposed the bill because he thought the matter should not be agitated.

"The people of my county say, 'Let us alone,'" Mr. Morris said. "They have got the situation where they want it now and they want to be let alone. They don't want to be having frequent elections."

Mr. Everett, of Stewart, wanted to know why there would be any elections under the bill unless the people wanted them. Mr. Morris declared it would be a very easy matter to circulate a petition and get the signatures of one-tenth of the voters. "We are satisfied with prohibition as we have it now, and we don't want to be disturbed," said Mr. Morris in conclusion.

A Compromise Measure.

Mr. Everett, of Stewart, said he felt great sympathy for the gentleman from Floyd when he made his speech.

"I am an extreme prohibitionist as he is. When the gentleman from Floyd spoke, it seemed his speech came from a labored mind. His soul was not in it, and why? Because it is a compromise measure, and he could not enter into it heart and soul."

Mr. Everett appealed to the representatives from the larger cities of the state to help out the prohibitionists in getting through this bill.

Mr. Miller, of Cobb: "The gentleman appeals to the representatives from larger cities. Will the gentleman from Stewart accept an amendment exempting the large cities from the operation of this bill?"

Mr. Everett, of Stewart: "No, sir, I will not. I am a democrat. I believe in the democratic doctrine of equal rights to all and special privileges to none. I believe all should be put on the same footing."

Mr. Morris, of Cobb: "Can't the gentleman provide for an election in his county by a special bill?"

Mr. Everett, of Stewart: "We do not want it in that way. That would require advertising and all that sort of thing. This bill is what we want, and I hope the gentleman from Cobb will come over and be with us."

Amendments Adopted.

A number of amendments to the bill were then offered, but all except two of them were killed.

An amendment by Mr. Park, of Greene, providing that the petition asking for an election shall be signed by one-fifth instead of one-tenth of the voters, was carried by a vote of 81 to 27. This applies also to local option elections.

An amendment by Mr. Hardwick, of Washington, providing that elections could be held only once in four years, was also adopted.

One of the important amendments killed was that by Mr. Miller, of Muscogee, exempting from the provisions of the bill counties with cities of 15,000 inhabitants or more.

After the amendments had all been passed upon, the report of the committee favorable to the passage of the bill was adopted by a vote of 98 to 22.

Under the rules Mr. Wright was allowed twenty minutes in which to make argument. He gave five minutes each to Mr. Hardwick, of Washington; Mr. George, of Morgan, and Mr. Mitchell, of Thomas, and concluded himself.

Five-Minute Arguments.

Mr. Hardwick, of Washington, said in 1899 there was not a member of the house who opposed the Willingham prohibition bill more earnestly than he did. He opposed it because he believed the people did not want it; because it could not be enforced where the sentiment was against it. He said he opposed this same bill in 1899 because it did not apply to all counties. Now Mr. Wright has amended it by making it apply to all counties, and the people of no county will be affected by it who do not want to be affected by it.

"The dry counties of this state are honeycombed with blind tigers, and I believe now that this measure as amended is the only true solution of this question that is agitating the state today. I do hope the house will pass this measure."

Mr. George, of Morgan, said his position on the whisky question was well known; he would like to abolish the sale of liquor from the state entirely.

"But we can't do that, gentlemen," he said. "We have tried to do so time and again, and we have failed in it. This measure is now aimed at bar rooms, and it ought to pass.

"The gentleman from Cobb says he is opposed to this bill because it gives the people a new question. Is he opposed to giving the people new questions and new rights?

"The fight along this line should be made against bar rooms. Whisky comes through bar rooms; let us get rid of them first.

"If the people of Atlanta think it is to the best interests of Atlanta to have a dispensary, then the people of Atlanta ought to have the right to say so, and they ought to have it."

Mr. Mitchell, of Thomas, went into the history of attempted prohibition legislation. Today, he said, the prohibitionists offered a measure which those who had opposed the other bills had said they would accept—a local option measure.

"We have met the opponents of the Willingham bill on their own ground. We offer them local option, and yet they oppose it. They say we are forcing this measure upon the people of Georgia. Gentlemen, they know that is not the case. You cannot force a thing upon the people of Georgia that they do not want, and none of them have come here in opposition to it."

Mr. Wright, of Floyd, concluded the debate. He said his observation was that if the people of a county want a thing they are going to have it. So it is with a dispensary.

"I want to say to those from cities which have bar rooms, and who are opposing this measure, that if the people of your cities and counties want a dispensary they are going to have it, whether this bill passes or not.

"Under this supreme court decision we are confronted with the question as to whether the representatives from these counties shall control this question, or the people. I'll tell you a little incident that occurred in the committee room."

Points of order against stating what occurred in a committee room came from all parts of the house.

"Then I'll tell you a little incident that occurred, no matter where," Mr. Wright said, and he proceeded to tell his story.

The Vote in the House.

The yea-and-nay vote was then called on the passage of the bill, many members explaining their votes. Among those who gave explanations were Messrs. Daughtry of Wilkinson, Hall of Bibb, Harden of Chatham, Hardin of Wilkes, Perry of Gwinnett, Reid of Taliaferro, Shank of Wilkes, Steed of Taylor, and Symons of Glynn. Mr. Symons comes from one of the wettest counties in the state, and when he voted for the bill there was applause.

The detailed vote was as follows:

Yeas—Allen, Anderson of Bartow, Anderson of Cobb, Ayres, Bailey, Barron, Bell, Blalock, Blue, Boswell, Brock, Carrington, Carswell, Clower, Copeland, Darden, Davis of Meriwether, Deal, Dean, Dorminy, Drawdy, Everett, Flynt, Fort, Foster of Floyd, Foster of Towns, Foster of Oconee, Franklin, Frederick, Freeman of Troup, George of Morgan, Gresham, Gress, Grice, Hall of Fannin, Hamby, Hammock, Hardin of Wilkes, Hardwick, Harper of Chattooga, Harvard, Harkins, Hawes, Henderson, Hixon, Hodges, Hogan, Howard of Baldwin, Howard of DeKalb, Howell, Huie, Hutcheson, Johnson of Bartow, Jolter, Jordan of Jasper, Jordan of Pulaski, Kelly, Knight, Land, Lane, Lott, McFarland, Mitchell of Emanuel, Mitchell of Thomas, Monroe, Narramore, Niblack, Orr, Park of Greene, Parker, Perry, Quillian, Reid of Taliaferro, Richardson, Sanders, Shank, Shipp, Singletary, Steed, Stewart, Stubbs, Sturgis, Symons, Taylor, Thomas, Thompson of Dooly, Tumlin, Wellborn, Welch, Whitchard, Wilkes, Willingham, Wilson, Wright of Floyd, Yates—95.

Nays—Adams, Booth, Bower, Bray, Bruce, Bush, Crumbley, Daughtry, Davis of Newton, Duncan, English, Felder, George of DeKalb, Griffin of Twiggs, Hall of Bibb, Harden of Chatham, Harper of Wayne, Hathcock, Hosch, Houston, Johnson of Baker, Johnson of Jefferson, Kilburn, Knowles, Lawrence, Luttrell, Madden, Merritt, Miller, Moore, Morris, Mulherin, Mullins, O'Connell, Peyton, Pierce, Rawls, Rhyne, Sikes, Smith of Hancock, Stafford, Stevens, Tisinger, Walker of Webster and Wells—45.

After the vote was announced and the applause subsided a motion was carried by a vote of 95 to 0 that the bill be immediately transmitted to the senate. Shortly afterwards the house adjourned.

TEXT OF THE DISPENSARY BILL AS PASSED BY HOUSE

The dispensary bill, sometimes called the anti-barroom bill, of Mr. Wright, of Floyd county, as passed by the house yesterday by a vote of 95 to 45, is as follows:

By Mr. Wright, of Floyd: Substitute to house bill No. 338.

A bill to be entitled an act to amend sections 1541 and 1544 of the Code of Georgia, giving the right to all counties in the state to vote for or against dispensaries; to provide for the establishment and operation of dispensaries whenever any county shall so vote, and to regulate and restrict the sale of liquors therein whenever established, and for other purposes.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the general assembly of the state of Georgia, and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same, That section 1541 of the Code of Georgia be amended by inserting between the words "places" and "provided," in the eighth line of said section, the following words: And upon a like petition in a county, the ordinary thereof shall order a like election to determine whether or not such spirituous liquors as are mentioned in section 1548 shall be sold within the limits of said county except in a dispensary to be hereafter provided, so that said section as amended will read: Upon petition signed by one-fifth of the voters who are qualified to vote for members of the general assembly in any county of this state, the ordinary shall order an election to be held at the places for holding elections for members of the general assembly, to take place within forty days after the reception of said petition, to determine whether or not such spirituous liquors as are mentioned in section 1548 shall be sold within the limits of such designated places. And upon a like petition in any county, the ordinary thereof shall order a like election to determine whether or not such spirituous liquors as are mentioned in section 1548 shall be sold within the limits of said county except in a dispensary to be established as hereinafter provided; provided, that no election held under this article shall be held in any month in which general elections are held, but all such elections as are held under this article shall be separate and distinct from any other election whatever. The ordinary shall determine upon the sufficiency or the petition presented by the tax books of the year before. (An amendment by Mr. Hardwick, of Washington, was added here providing that elections for prohibition or dispensaries should be held only once in four years.)

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, That section 1544 of the Code of Georgia be amended by adding thereto the following words: "Or if the election be held for or against a dispensary under the provisions of this act, all persons who are against a dispensary shall have written or printed on their tickets 'Against a dispensary,' and those who favor the dispensary shall have written or printed on their tickets 'For a dispensary,' so that said section as amended shall read: All persons voting at any election held under the provisions of this article who are against the sale of such intoxicating liquors as are mentioned in section 1548 of this article, shall have written or printed on their tickets 'Against the sale,' and those who favor the sale of the articles mentioned in said section 1548 shall have written or printed on their tickets 'For the sale.' Or if the election be held for or against a dispensary under the provisions of this act, all persons who are against a dispensary shall have written or printed on their tickets 'Against a dispensary,' and those who favor the dispensary shall have written or printed on their tickets 'For a dispensary.'"

Sec. 3. Within thirty days after the election, in any county of this state, for or against a dispensary, if the election shall result in favor of a dispensary the judge of the superior court of such county, the chairman of the county board of commissioners, if no commissioners, then the ordinary; the mayor of the town or city in which such dispensary is located, who shall be known as dispensary electors, shall each appoint one citizen of said county, town or city, who shall be known as dispensary commissioners, to hold office for three years, or until their successors are elected as hereinafter provided. Vacancies occurring for any cause shall be filled by the remaining commissioner or commissioners, as the case may be, for the unexpired terms, with approval of the dispensary electors.

Sec. 4. Be it further enacted, That the dispensary commissioners provided for in this act shall establish and maintain in some central point, within the fire limits of the county site of such county, and other towns in such county having a population of 700 or more, a dispensary for the sale of spirituous, vinous and malt liquors; provided, the corporate authorities of such city or town, other than the county site, requests the commissioners in writing to establish a dispensary therein. They shall, from time to time, elect a citizen of said city, town or county to be known as the manager of the dispensary, who shall have charge and control of such dispensary. Such manager shall be chosen for such term as the commissioners shall deem best, and shall be removable by them at any time for what they deem sufficient cause. He shall be required to give bond in a sum fixed by the commissioners, not less than $2,000, conditioned to faithfully account for all moneys that may come into his hands as such manager, and for the faithful performance of the duties required of him by this act, and by the commissioners in their regulations, he shall receive a salary to be fixed by the commissioners, and his compensation shall not be dependent on the amount of sales.

Sec. 5. Be it further enacted, That the manager of the dispensary shall purchase and at all times keep, under the supervision of the commissioners, a stock of spirituous, vinous and malt liquors, in such quantities as the commissioners may direct. All bills incurred for the establishment and maintenance of the dispensary and purchase of stock shall be paid for by the dispensary commissioners upon presentation of such bills, approved in writing by the manager. Said manager shall sell only for cash and shall turn over all money received by him to the treasurer of such city, town and county in the proportion hereinafter mentioned, each day, who shall keep a separate account of the same.

Sec. 6. Be it further enacted, That the commissioners shall make, from time to time, rules and regulations for the operation of such dispensaries. The quantity to be sold to any purchaser shall be determined by them, but in no event shall wine or liquor be furnished in less quantities that one pint, and none shall be drunk in the building or on the premises in which the dispensary is established. The dispensary shall not be open before sunrise and shall be closed each day before sunset. And it shall be closed on Sundays, public holidays and election days, and such other days as the commissioners may direct. Violations by the manager or any other persons of any of the provisions of this section shall be punished as for a misdemeanor. The manager shall be bound by all the laws of this state regulating the sale of liquor and all regulations of the commissioners not in conflict with the laws of the state.

Sec. 7. Be it further enacted, That the prices at which spirituous, vinous or malt liquor shall be sold shall be fixed by the commissioners; provided the same shall not be sold for a profit exceeding 50 per cent above the actual cost thereof. The manager of the dispensary shall sell to no person except in sealed packages, and he shall not keep any broken packages in said dispensary. Said manager shall make a monthly report to the commissioners, showing amount of sales for the preceding month and stock on hand the last day of said month.

Sec. 8. Be it further enacted, That said commissioners shall cause an inspection and analysis of the stock on hand, to be made from time to time, by a competent chemist in such city, and no spirituous liquors shall be sold in such dispensary until the same shall have been so inspected and analyzed and pronounced pure by such chemist. No wines or malt liquors shall be sold in such dispensaries, that are not well known in the market as pure and unadulterated; and the commissioners are required to have samples of wine and malt liquors analyzed from time to time, to determine whether they are pure as represented. If any of such liquors are condemned by the chemist making the analysis as impure and unwholesome, such liquors shall not be sold by the managers, and payment for the same shall be refused to the persons from whom such liquors were bought; and if paid for, reclamation shall be made, and if necessary suit brought to recover the amount so paid in the name of the dispensary commissioners. If for any reason the services of a competent chemist cannot be had in such city, then the analysis herein provided for shall be made by any competent chemist in the state of Georgia designated by the commissioners. All analyses so made shall be exhibited by the manager to any person when requested. If the manager shall sell any liquors that have not been inspected and analyzed as herein provided, or that have been condemned as unwholesome, he shall be removed by the commissioners and punished as for a misdemeanor. Any dispensary commissioner who shall knowingly permit or allow the manager to sell any such unanalyzed and unwholesome and condemned liquors shall on conviction be punished as prescribed in section 4310 of the code of 1882, and the court shall declare the office vacant and the vacancy shall be filled as herein provided.

Sec. 9. Be it further enacted, That no liquors shall be sold in such dispensary to persons purchasing for the purpose of selling again, either lawfully or unlawfully, and in case said commissioners are satisfied that any person or persons are indirectly or directly purchasing for the purpose of reselling, the commissioners are authorized to direct the manager not to sell to such person or persons except upon the certificate of a reputable physician, that such liquors are needed for medicinal purposes.

Sec. 10. Be it further enacted, That the manager of the dispensary shall not allow any person to loiter in or about the dispensary and the premises on which it is situated, and for a failure to comply with the provisions of this section he shall be removed by the commissioners, and any person refusing to leave the dispensary or premises upon which it is situated, shall be punished upon conviction in the mayor's court as shall be prescribed by the ordinances of said city or town in which the dispensary is located. The mayor and council or like city authorities shall from time to time pass such ordinances as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this act and shall provide suitable penalties for violations of the provisions of this act, or the regulations of the commissioners, by the manager or other persons.

Sec. 11. Be it further enacted, That the dispensary commissioners are authorized to borrow a sufficient sum of money to establish such dispensary as provided by this act, or to purchase on time such fixtures and stock of liquors as are necessary to establish such dispensary, which amount shall be paid by the profits of the dispensary, and thereafter the dispensary shall be supported and maintained out of the profits arising from the sales in the dispensary.

Sec. 12. Be it further enacted, That the dispensary commissioners shall make an annual report to the grand jury at the spring term of the superior court in each year, showing the receipts and expenses of the dispensary for the calendar year preceding and the amount of the net profits, if any. Such net profits shall be divided between the city and the county in proportion to the population of each, according to the census of 1900. The part awarded to the county, town or city shall be paid over to the treasurer of the county, town or city, and may be appropriated to any purpose that the county, town or city authorities may lawfully appropriate money for.

Sec. 13. Be it further enacted, That no person holding any office or position of any kind under the charter of ordinances of such city or county shall be eligible to be chosen as a dispensary commissioner or manager of dispensary during the time for which he was elected to such office or position, and all persons chosen as dispensary commissioners, or as managers of dispensaries under this act, shall, for the time for which they are chosen and for the term of one year thereafter, be ineligible to election to any office or position under the charter or ordinances of such city or in said county; provided, that dispensary commissioners and the managers of dispensaries may be always reelected commissioners or managers respectively. The dispensary commissioners shall be paid for their services such sums as the dispensary electors shall determine. In all counties holding an election under the provisions of this act as provided for in sections 1543, 1544, 1545, 1546, 1547 of the local option laws, as contained in the code of 1895, when such county shall vote "for dispensary," no license shall thereafter be granted to sell intoxicating liquors as are mentioned in section 1548 of the code of 1895.

Sec. 14. Be it further enacted, That all laws and parts of laws in conflict with this act be, and the same are hereby repealed.



NEW SUBSCRIPTION OFFER.

Every New Subscriber who will mention this publication or cut out this slip and send it and $1.75 will receive:

FREE—All the issues for the remaining weeks of 1901.
FREE—Thanksgiving and Christmas Double Numbers.
FREE—The Companion Calendar for 1902, lithographed in twelve colors and gold.

Companion for 52 weeks of 1902—more than 200 stories, 50 special articles, anecdotes, etc., etc.

From now until January 1, 1903, for $1.75.

Prospectus and Sample Copies sent to any address, Free. LI 388

THE YOUTH'S COMPANION, 201 Columbus Ave., Boston, Mass.

500,000 WOMEN

Have been restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Their letters are on file and prove this statement to be a fact, not a mere boast. When a medicine has been successful in curing so many women, you cannot well say without trying it—"I do not believe it will help me."



PINKHAM'S Vegetable Compound

Is a positive cure for all those painful

Ailments of Women.

It will entirely cure the worst forms of Female Complaints, all Ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements of the Womb, and consequent Spinal Weakness, and is peculiarly adapted to the *Change of Life.*

Your medicine cured me of terrible female illness.
MRS. M. E. MULLER, 1A Concord Sq., Boston, Mass.

Backache.

It has cured more cases of Backache and Leucorrhœa than any other remedy the world has ever known. It is almost infallible in such cases. It dissolves and expels Tumors from the Uterus in an early stage of development, and checks any tendency to cancerous humors.

Your Vegetable Compound removed a Fibroid Tumor from my womb after doctors failed to give relief.
MRS. B. A. LOMBARD, Westdale, Mass.

Bearing-down Feeling

Womb troubles, causing pain, weight, and backache, instantly relieved and permanently cured by its use. Under all circumstances it acts in harmony with the laws that govern the female system, and is as harmless as water.

Backache left me after taking the second bottle. Your medicine cured me when doctors failed.
MRS. SARAH HOLSTEIN, 3 Davis Block, Gorham St., Lowell, Mass.

Irregularity,

Suppressed or Painful Menstruations, Weakness of the Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Flooding, Nervous Prostration, Headache, General Debility.

It is a grand medicine. I am thankful for the good it has done me.
Mrs. J. W. J., 76 Carolina Ave., Jamaica Plain (Boston), Mass.

Dizziness, Faintness,

Extreme Lassitude, "don't care" and "want to be left alone" feeling, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, flatulency, melancholy, or the "blues," and backache. These are sure indications of Female Weakness, some derangement of the Uterus.

I was troubled with Dizziness, Headaches, Faintness, Swelling Limbs. Your medicine cured me.
MRS. SARAH E. BAKER, Bucksport, Me.

The whole story, however, is told in an illustrated book which goes with each bottle, the most complete treatise on female complaint ever published.

For eight years I suffered with womb trouble, and was entirely cured by Mrs. Pinkham's medicine.
MRS. L. L. TOWNE, Littleton, N. H.

Kidney Complaints

and Backache of *either sex* the Vegetable Compound always cures.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Liver Pills cure Constipation, Sick Headache, 25c.

The Vegetable Compound is sold by all druggists or sent by mail, in form of Pills or Lozenges, on receipt of **$1.00.** *Correspondence freely answered.*

You can address in strictest confidence,
LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., Lynn, Mass.

Hard Colds—People whose blood is pure are not nearly so likely to take hard colds as are others. Hood's Sarsaparilla makes the blood pure; and this great medicine recovers the system after a cold as no other medicine does. Take Hood's.

We have a good book which is worth asking about. John M. Miller Co., 39 Marietta street.

TINTED STATIONERY.

There are some new colors in the right sort of stationery and we have a full line of them displayed in a showcase that shows the prevailing styles at a glance. John M. Miller Co., 39 Marietta street.

The show windows of the King Hardware Company, on Peachtree street, are said to be the largest hardware show windows in the world. They are certainly the largest in the United States, and the dressing of them, under the direction of Mr. John Webb, is making them one of the most attractive features of the city. His skill has made beautiful bazaars of these windows and that the public is not wanting in appreciation of his efforts, is made manifest by the crowds that are constantly stopping to admire them.

WHY SHIVER WITH COLD?

When We Have Weather Necessities For You at Manufacturer's Cost.

We do not wait for the season's business to get over before we make concessions, but are ready now to divide profits with you, giving exactly wholesale prices.

We manufacture our own Clothing, this fully explains why we go jolly along while others are tempest driven.

Come to see us this week, as it means a saving to you.

Manufacturer's prices on Men's Suits and Overcoats in broken lots.

38 Men's Suits, all wool Cheviots........ $4.98
24 Men's Suits, all wool Worsteds........ $4.98 to $6.00
18 Men's Suits, all wool Fancy Worsteds........ $6.50 to $8.50
43 Men's Suits, all wool Meltons and Cheviots... $8.50 to $10.00
61 Men's Suits, all wool Clay Worsteds and Thibets, $10 to........ $12.50
53 Men's Suits, all wool Fine Worsteds and Striped Plaids........ $12.50 to $15.00

YOU CAN'T GO WRONG HERE.

1090 Overcoats........ $4.50, $6.00, $7.50, $10.00 and $12.50

EXCELLENT VALUES.

1428 odd pairs Pants...... $1.50, $2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $3.50, $4.00

ABOUT HALF PRICE.

CHILDREN'S SUITS AND OVERCOATS, BOYS' SUITS AND OVERCOATS TO CLOSE AT A BARGAIN.

Hats, any price, any style, any color, marked way down. Shoes for Men, Women and Children—big bargains for all. $7,500 worth of Gents' Furnishing Goods, bought so as to exclude all middlemen's profits. All we ask is your presence to convince you. Come early and make your selections.

Wholesale and Retail. Don't Forget the Place.

ONE PRICE TO ALL.

J. SAUL & CO.

18 Decatur Street.

OPPOSITE KIMBALL HOUSE.

The KEELEY INSTITUTE
ATLANTA GA
For the Safe and Permanent Cure of Liquor, Opium, Morphine, Cocaine, Tobacco and Cigarette Habits.
Endorsed and Adopted by the U. S. Government. For information address Keeley Institute, Atlanta, Ga. [illegible] Whitehall St.

PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILA., PA.
Mention this paper.

DUCRO'S Alimentary ELIXIR
Is highly recommended as a remedy for lung diseases and as a preventive for typhoid, malarial and all kinds of fevers.
Agents, E. Fougera & Co., New York.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed to Prevent contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U.S.A.
[illegible] remedy for Gonorrhœa Gleet, Spermatorrhœa Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

We please the people at
Alexander's Hotel,
15 Marietta Street.

Sheriff's Sales for December, 1901.

Will be sold before the courthouse door, in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in December, 1901, within the legal hours of sale, the following described property, to-wit:

All that tract or parcel of land, to-wit: in land lot No. 85, in the 14th district of Fulton county, known as lot 1 of plat 8, lots sold by J. C. Hendrix & Co., on March 26, 1888; lot fronts 57 feet on north side of Orange street, between Windsor and Hood streets, and running back north 150 feet to a fence of E. R. Carr, bounded west by lot 2 of same plat, east by Turner's lot. Levied on as the property of John A. Calvin to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from J. P. and N. P. court 1026th district G. M., in favor of Fulton Savings Bank v. R. B. Harrison and John A. Calvin. Levy made by F. M. Barnes, L. C.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in land lot 54 of the 17th district of originally Henry, now Fulton, county, Georgia, commencing at the southwest corner of said land lot and running north on the land lot line between said land lot and land lot No. 106, eight hundred and eight (808) feet to the corner of Blakely avenue, thence east along the center of said avenue five hundred and four and one-sixth (504 1-16) feet, thence south parallel with the west side of said land lot 54 eight hundred and eight (808) feet to south line of said land lot, thence west along said south line five hundred and four and one-sixth (504 1-16) feet to beginning point, containing 9 352-100 acres, more or less. Levied on as the property of James M. Liddell to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from Fulton superior court in favor of William T. Ashford v. said James M. Liddell.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that parcel of land being a part of city lot No. 42 in block 13, land lot No. 76, of the 14th district of Fulton county, state of Georgia, commencing at the northeast corner of Crew and Richardson streets, extending thence east along the north side of Richardson street 120 feet to a 10-foot alley, thence north along said alley 50 feet, thence west, parallel with Richardson street 120 feet to Crew street, thence south along east side of Crew street 50 feet to beginning point, known in the present numbering of the streets of Atlanta as No. 176 Crew street. Levied on as the property of Lizzie G. Haden to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from city court of Atlanta in favor of John J. Harrington v. said Lizzie G. Haden.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: That tract or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the 7th ward of the city of Atlanta, county of Fulton, and state of Georgia, being part of land lot 117, commencing at a point on the north side of Gordon street 373 feet east of Holderness street, thence north parallel with Holderness street 375 feet, more or less, thence east parallel with Gordon street 110 feet, more or less, to property known as the Johnson-Egleston property, thence south parallel with Holderness street along said Johnson-Egleston property 175 feet, more or less, thence west parallel with Gordon street 50 feet, thence south parallel with Holderness street 200 feet, more or less, to the north side of Gordon street, thence west along the north side of Gordon street 60 feet to beginning point and being known in the present numbering of the streets of Atlanta as No. 403 Gordon street. A deed having been filed and recorded for purpose of levy and sale as required by law. Levied on as the property of W. A. Mathews to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from city court of Atlanta in favor of Howard S. Paine v. said W. A. Mathews.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land in land lot No. 139 of the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, beginning at a point on west side of Sandtown road 123 feet south of Lake avenue, and running thence south along the west side of Sandtown road 123 feet, thence west 334 feet, thence north 115 feet, thence east 379 feet to beginning point, known as lot No. 3 in block F, of West Woodward park. The above described property was deeded to said trustees by Laura Glover. See deed book 126, page 290. Levied on as the property of Laura Glover to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from Fulton superior court in favor of M. McDonald Prichard and W. R. Dimmock, trustees of the National Building and Loan Association, v. said Laura Glover.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All the undivided one-fourth (¼) interest in all that tract of land in Fulton county, Georgia, in the 14th district of said county, in land lot No. 28, being lots 3 and 4 of the sub-division of Morrison, fronting 50 feet on Marietta street, between Corput and Pine streets, in the city of Atlanta, and running back (178) one hundred and seventy-eight feet, more or less, northeast to an alley. Levied on as the property of George F. Wilby to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from J. P. court 1026 district G. M., in favor of C. F. Tyler v. said George F. Wilby. Levy made by J. G. Ahern, L. C.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in land lot 20 of the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, and more fully described as follows: Commencing on the northwest corner of South avenue (formerly Lee street) and Harold avenue formerly Jefferson street), thence running west along the north side of Harold avenue 100 feet, thence extending back north of same width as front 100 feet, being lots 57 and 58 of the Tolbert subdivision of the DeGraffenreid property, as per plat recorded in deed book P3, 832¼, of Fulton county records. Also the following lot in land lot 113 of the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, beginning at a point 58 feet east of northeast corner of Bellwood avenue and Saxon street, thence easterly along Bellwood avenue 58 feet to a 10-foot alley, thence north along said alley 148 feet to a 10-foot alley, thence west along said alley 50 feet, thence south 182 feet to the beginning point, being lot 111 of Ware & Owens' plat of the Elliott property; recorded in deed book 1-4, page 608¼, of record of Fulton county, a deed having been filed and recorded for purpose of levy and sale. Levied on as the property of L. G. Willbanks to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from city court of Atlanta in favor of H. A. Etheridge v. said L. G. Willbanks.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract of land in the city of Atlanta, in land lot 51, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 40 feet on Fort street and running back 60 feet, adjoining the property of White and known as house No. 140 Fort street. Levied on as the property of Caesar Miller to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from city court of Atlanta in favor of Celia Clark v. Rachel Miller and Caesar Miller.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the city of Atlanta, part of land lot 51, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, more fully described as fronting 28 feet on the west side of Butler street 175 feet south from the southwest corner of Butler and East Harris street, thence south along Butler street 28 feet, thence west 103¼ feet, thence north 28 feet, thence 103½ feet to beginning point. Levied on as the property of E. J. Fisher to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from J. P. court 1234 district G. M., in favor of Carlton & Smith v. said E. J. Fisher.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract of land lying and being in the fourth [illegible] ward of the city of Atlanta, said state and county, beginning at the northwest corner of the Boulevard and North avenue and extending thence northward along the west side of the Boulevard sixty (60) feet; thence west on a line parallel to North avenue one hundred and twenty (120) feet, more or less; thence south sixty (60) feet to North avenue; thence east along the north side of North avenue one hundred and twenty (120) feet, more or less, to the beginning point. Levied on the entire fee simple interest in said property and as the property of the defendant, Eliza B. Brown, to satisfy this fi. fa. Notice of this levy this [illegible] served upon the defendant, Mrs. Eliza B. Brown, by mailing said notice to her. Levied on as the property of Eliza B. Brown to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from city court of Atlanta in favor of Mrs. C. A. Elliott v. said Eliza B. Brown.

November 8, 1901.

JOHN W. NELMS, Sheriff.

11-9-16-23-30

COTTON MARKET DULL AND EASY

Prediction of Much Smaller Movement Made Bears Uneasy.

CLOSING TONE VERY STEADY

Prices Show a Slight Advance—Liquidation Brought Lower Tendency in the Chicago Markets. Stocks Closed Irregular.

New York, November 8.—The market for cotton futures opened steady with prices 2@6 points higher on a spurt of local and fair foreign buying started by unexpected strength in Liverpool and reports that trade conditions on the continent and at Manchester were improving rapidly. There was little public buying, however, and hedge selling by yesterday's buyers of spot cotton in the south soon filled up the initial demand. From this out the market was dull and easy with prices off to 7.39 for January before midday. Free receipts at the ports and interior towns, generally favorable weather conditions and a forecast for slightly higher temperatures in the belt for the next few days tended to discourage buying. On the decline prominent room bears sold freely for a break below the bottom figures of yesterday. But early in the afternoon conservative operators quickly picked up moderate lines of the late months on the belief that the market was heavily oversold and that the long interest had been eliminated by the recent decline. Near the close Wall street and commission houses bid the market up easily and forced the shorts to beat a hasty retreat. Bears feared another sharp bulge in Liverpool tomorrow and were made additionally uneasy by predictions for a much smaller movement next week. Trading was comparatively small, taking the session as a whole, but reflected a healthier tone to business. The close was very steady with prices net 1 to 6 points higher.

Review of the New Orleans Market.

New Orleans, November 8.—A very fair inquiry for spot cotton was noted today. During the afternoon the market stiffened up a bit in sympathy with the recovery in contract values, and buyers operated rather freely at board prices, the sales for the day making a total of 6,850 bales of spots, including 250 bales sold on f. o. b. terms and 1,600 bales to arrive. Market firm; prices unchanged.

Trading in contracts during the early hours was far from brisk today, but there was enough doing to keep ring men on the qui vive for openings, and many an honest penny was turned—both ways—by the ubiquitous scalpers. The first call showed gains of 2 points on December and declines of 4 to 6 points on all other positions. After the first call there were occasional upward fluctuations of a point or two, but always followed by a reactive decline that sent the figures a peg lower. During the latter part of the day a somewhat better feeling prevailed and prices were worked up several points all along the line. The appearance of profit taking on the short side, however, attached to the upward turn, since there was not a feature in evidence calculated to inspire the bulls to renewed effort. Toward the close the market was lacking in animation except at the final round up, and when the gong sounded the comparison with yesterday's figures showed a net gain of but a single point on each of the several months.

Spot Cotton Quotations.

Official closing quotations for spot cotton:
Atlanta—Steady; middling 7 1-16c.
Liverpool—Firmer; middling 4 5-16d.
New York—Quiet; middling 7 13-16c.
New Orleans—Firm; middling 7¼c.
Savannah—Steady; middling 7⅛c.
Galveston—Steady; middling 7 7-16c.
Norfolk—Steady; middling 7¼c.
Mobile—Quiet; middling 7c.
Memphis—Steady; middling 7¼c.
Augusta—Steady; middling 7 5-16c.
Charleston—Quiet; middling 7⅛c.
Houston—Steady; middling 7 7-16c.
St. Louis—Quiet; middling 7⅜c.

Following are the receipts, shipments and stock of cotton at Atlanta:

	RECEIPTS 1901	RECEIPTS 1900	SHIPM'TS 1901	SHIPM'TS 1900	STOCK 1901	STOCK 1900
Saturday	1698	539	2900	145	13658	9186
Monday	1712	869	1050	874	14320	9191
Tuesday	1282	1031	1155	....	14447	10222
Wednesday	1713	290	1150	640	15010	9872
Thursday	1583	945	1806	....	14787	10817
Friday	1527	688	1295	600	15019	10905
Totals	9515	4362	9356	2259	......	......

The following was the range of cotton futures in New York yesterday:

MONTHS.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Sale.	Closing bid and asked.
November	7 48	7 49	7 39	7 44	7 44-45
December	7 52	7 53	7 43	7 49	7 49-50
January	7 47	7 48	7 39	7 46	7 45-46
February	......	......	......	......	7 42-44
March	7 40	7 41	7 34	7 40	7 40-41
April	......	......	......	......	7 40-41
May	7 37	7 38	7 32	7 38	7 38-39
June	......	......	......	......	7 37-38
July	7 32	7 32	7 31	7 31	7 35-37
August	......	......	......	......	......
September	......	......	......	......	......
October	......	......	......	......	......

Futures closed very steady.

Following are the receipts, exports and stock at all United States ports yesterday:

	RECEIPTS 1901	RECEIPTS 1900	EXPORTS 1901	EXPORTS 1900	STOCKS 1901	STOCKS 1900
Saturday	46235	47761	8439	56801	644292	621570
Monday	61017	45690	18995	47575	677242	613277
Tuesday	76049	57986	55504	52600	696864	606382
Wednesd'y	55510	53302	55876	29670	692088	617415
Thursday	54353	42681	25917	32769	711429	625339
Friday	57616	48896	53253	60948	725727	610811
Total	350780	296316	217484	280363	......	......

The Liverpool Market.

Liverpool, November 8—12:15 p.m.—Cotton, spot demand fair with prices firmer; middling uplands 4 5-16; sales 8,000 bales; American 7,300; speculation and export 500; receipts 32,000; American 31,800.

Futures opened quiet.

	Open'g.	Closing.	
November	4 09-64	4 07	Buyers
November-December	4 05-64	4 02½	Sellers
December-January	4 04-64	4 02⅛	Sellers
January-February	4 04-64	4 02	Buyers
February-March	......	4 02	Buyers
March-April	......	4 02	Buyers
April-May	......	4 02	Buyers
May-June	4 01-64	4 02	Buyers
June-July	......	4 02	Sellers

Futures closed quiet.

The following were the closing bids for cotton futures in New Orleans:

November	7 25	May	7 17
December	7 28	June	7 16
January	7 20	July	.....
February	7 18	August	.....
March	7 18	September	.....
April	7 17	October	.....

Futures closed steady.

Movement at the Ports.

New York, November 8.—Cotton quiet; sales none; middling uplands 7 13-16; gulf 8 1-16; net receipts 41; gross 2,547; stock 70,206.

New Orleans, November 8.—Cotton firm; sales 8,450 bales; middling 7¼; receipts 12,120; stock 211,250.

Galveston, November 8.—Cotton steady; middling 7 7-16; receipts 12,933; stock 164,104.

Mobile, November 8.—Cotton quiet; middling 7; sales 500; receipts 887; stock 25,711.

Savannah, November 8.—Cotton steady; middling 7⅛; sales 702; receipts 8,584; stock 138,023.

Charleston, November 8.—Cotton quiet; middling 7⅛; sales 100; receipts 2,296; stock 22,276.

Wilmington, November 8.—Cotton firm; middling 7¼; receipts 3,177; stock 36,500.

Norfolk, November 8.—Cotton steady; middling 7¼; sales 481; receipts 4,340; stock 38,178.

Baltimore, November 8.—Cotton nominal; middling 7¾; receipts 6,073; stock 10,517.

Boston, November 8.—Cotton steady; middling 7 13-16; receipts net 430; gross 2,570.

Philadelphia, November 8.—Cotton quiet; middling 7⅝; receipts 753; stock 2,713.

St. Louis, November 8.—Cotton quiet; middling 7⅜; sales 400; receipts 6,540; stock 44,210.

Memphis, November 8.—Cotton steady; middling 7¼; receipts 7,210; shipments 4,185; sales 6,000; stock 101,761.

Augusta, November 8.—Cotton steady; middling 7 5-16; sales 1,022; receipts 2,216; stock 38,677.

Houston, November 8.—Cotton steady; middling 7 7-16; sales 401; receipts 9,325; stock 65,524.

Total Receipts at U. S. Ports.

New York, November 8.—Following are the total net receipts of cotton at all ports since September 1, 1901:

Galveston	744,459
New Orleans	630,755
Mobile	67,658
Savannah	445,319
Charleston	91,971
Wilmington	127,664
Norfolk	159,953
Baltimore	17,434
New York	31,440
Boston	13,550
Newport News	2,100
Philadelphia	7,534
Brunswick	34,477
Pensacola	27,662
Fernandina	1,450
Total	2,399,426

Comparative Cotton Statement.

New York, November 8.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending today:

Net receipts for the week	350,780
Same time last year	294,025
Increase	56,755
Total receipts since Sept. 1	2,399,426
Same time last year	2,510,044
Increase	110,618
Exports for the week	217,484
Same time last year	280,363
Decrease	62,879
Total exports since Sept. 1	1,696,215
Same time last year	1,798,037
Decrease	101,822
Stock at U. S. ports	725,727
Same time last year	610,811
Increase	114,916
Stock at interior towns	553,433
Same time last year	532,041
Increase	21,392
Stock at Liverpool	229,000
Same time last year	342,000
Decrease	113,000
American afloat for Great Britain	425,000
Same time last year	366,000
Increase	59,000

The Dry Goods Maret.

New York, November 8.—Borden is not bidding for any more print cloths, and the market is inactive at 3c for regulars. Prints are quieter, but steady. No change in demand for heavy brown cottons, and prices are showing some irregularity. Bleached and coarse colored cottons steady but quiet. Linens are firm, but in only moderate request. Burlaps continue inactive, and prices still tend in favor of buyers.

The Manchester Market.

Manchester, November 8.—Cloths quiet with very little business doing. Yarns quiet and unchanged.

Liverpool Weekly Cotton Statistics.

Liverpool, November 8.—Following are the weekly cotton statistics: Total sales of all kinds 47,000 bales; total sales American 42,000; English spinners' takings 62,000; total export 8,000; import of all kinds 139,000; import American 120,000; stock of all kinds 229,000; stock American 166,000; quantity afloat all kinds 454,000; quantity afloat American 425,000; total sales on speculation 600; total sales to exporters 1,400.

World's Visible Supply of Cotton.

New Orleans, November 8.—Secretary Hester's statement of the world's visible supply of cotton, made up from special cable and telegraphic advices, compares the figures of this week with last week, last year and the year before.

It shows an increase for the week just closed of 251,816 bales, against an increase of 109,523 last year and an increase of 176,184 the year before last.

The total visible is 3,009,013, against 2,757,197 last week, 2,960,548 last year and 3,801,049 year before last.

Of this the total of American cotton is 2,590,013, against 2,332,197 last week, 2,478,548 last year and 3,284,049 year before last, and of all other kinds, including Egypt, Brazil, India, etc., 419,000, against 425,000 last week, 482,000 last year and 517,000 the year before last.

The total world's visible supply of cotton shows an increase compared with last week of 251,816 bales, an increase compared with last year of 48,465 and a decrease compared with year before last of 792,036.

Of the world's visible supply of cotton, as above there is now afloat and held in Great Britain and continental Europe 1,472,000, against 1,529,000 last year and 1,870,000 year before last; in Egypt 130,000, against 106,000 last year and 142,000 year before last; in India 116,000, against 172,000 last year and 180,000 year before last, and in the United States 1,291,000, against 1,154,000 last year and 1,609,000 year before last.

Hubbard Bros. & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, November 8.—A sharp reaction in Liverpool failed to attract many buyers this morning. On the contrary, local buyers of yesterday were the sellers. They had anticipated a reaction on the expected lighter movement which brought about the advance here yesterday afternoon. The general temper here is more bullish than of late on the belief that the market will not decline further until the movement bears out the large crop estimates. Although Liverpool lost the greater portion of the improvement, there is little disposition to expect any further weakness abroad. Telegrams from New Orleans state that the strike among the steamboat men has seriously interfered with the receipts at that port. We expect there will be a good demand for cotton on the present basis, and the market with this steady undertone attracts much investment buying. The Manchester report for the last month is the best for several months.

Weekly Cotton Crop Statement.

New Orleans, November 8.—Secretary Hester's weekly New Orleans cotton exchange statement, issued before the close of business today, shows an increase in the movement into sight compared with the seven days ending this date last year in round figures of 83,000, an increase over the same days year before last of 120,000 and a decrease under the same in 1898 of 63,000.

For the eight days of November the totals show an increase over last year of 83,000, an increase over the same period year before last of 130,000 and a decrease under 1898 of 118,000.

For the 69 days of the season that have elapsed the aggregate is behind the 69 days of last year 109,000, ahead of the same days year before last of 110,000 and behind 1898 by 524,000.

The amount brought into sight during the past week has been 502,424, against 419,674 for the seven days ending November 8 last year, 382,460 year before last and 565,587 the same time in 1898, and for the eight days of November it has been 580,770, against 497,369 last year, 450,697 year before last and 698,326 the same time in 1898.

These make the total movement for the 69 days from September 1 to date 3,422,303, against 3,530,921 last year, 3,311,932 year before last and 3,946,817 the same time in 1898.

The movement since September 1 shows receipts at all United States ports of 2,412,163, against 2,469,703 last year, 2,188,956 year before last and 2,942,053 the same time in 1898; overland across the Mississippi, Ohio and Potomac rivers to northern mills and Canada 223,714, against 278,268 last year, 381,015 year before last and 239,748 the same time in 1898; interior stocks in excess of those held at the close of the commercial year 403,506, against 473,662 last year, 420,382 year before last and 484,837 the same time in 1898; southern mill takings 377,000, against 309,288 last year, 321,579 year before last and 280,179 the same time in 1898.

Foreign exports for the week have been 214,331, against 254,656 last year, making the total thus far for the season 1,708,610, against 1,748,430 last year, a decrease of 39,829.

Northern mill takings and Canada during the past seven days show a decrease of 36,693, as compared with the corresponding period last year, and their total takings since September 1 have decreased 24,137.

The total takings of American mills, north and south and Canada, thus far for the season have been 801,649, against 758,622 last year. These include 419,506 by northern spinners, against 443,643.

Stocks at the seaboard and the 29 leading southern interior centers have increased during the week 163,882 bales, against an increase during the corresponding period last season of 10,805, and are now 120,983 larger than at this date in 1900.

Including stocks left over at the ports and interior towns from the last crop, and the number of bales brought into sight thus far, the new crop, the supply to date is 3,782,070, against 3,653,455 for the same period last year.

H. & B. Beer's Cotton Letter.

New Orleans, November 8.—The expectation of lighter interior receipts and a smaller in-sight this week than looked for caused an early improvement in Liverpool. Our market, however, opened 2 to 4 points lower, owing to the absence of buyers, and on the subsequent easiness in Liverpool declined 5 points additional. Notwithstanding the insight and visible supply figures were bearish, the free covering by shorts and fresh buying occasioned a rally of 10 points from the bottom, but realizing caused a slight recession near the close, making the net gain 1 point on the day. The 29 leading interior towns during the week received 281,000, against 302,000 last year, excluding Houston, where all the decrease comes in the other towns are 19,000 in excess of last year. The amount brought into sight during the week was 502,000, against 420,000 last year, and the total marketed to date has been 3,422,000, against 3,531,000 last year. The visible supply of American increased 258,000 during the past seven days, against an increase of only 86,000 last year, a relative gain of 172,000, and the aggregate to date, which has been running under last year, is now 112,000 in excess. The total stock ashore and afloat of American in Liverpool is 591,000, against 657,000 last year, or a deficit of only 66,000. From the above it will be seen that the fear of a scarcity of supply in Liverpool has been dispelled, and it also demonstrates that the visible supply of American is gaining on last year, having wiped out the deficiency and is now 112,000 in excess. This feature proves conclusively that spinners are taking sparingly, corroborating the reports of unsatisfactory textile trade conditions in Europe. Therefore, as the statistical situation is growing weaker daily, the holding back of cotton in Texas does not warrant a permanent advance when we consider the apathy of spinners and the discouraging outlook for the disposition of the manufactured product. It is well known that stocks are very large in the interior, consequently if the movement decreases decidedly it will be brought about by the lack of demand, or holders refusing to meet the decline. While this may materialize and be instrumental in temporarily maintaining values, it will ultimately be a weak feature.

Southern Exchange Cotton Letter.

New York, November 8.—Cables reported an advance of 2 to 3 points on contracts and 1-16d on spots. This was some better than expected, and our market opened 2 to 6 points higher, which was a poor response to cables, due to selling to hedge against spot purchases. January opened at 7.48, and with heavy selling soon declined to 7.40. Trading was duller than it has been for some time, although prices held steady at the decline. Port receipts today 56,966, against 48,896 last year, and for the week 350,130, against 296,316 for the same week last year. In the late trading shorts covered and the market closed very steady 2 to 5 points net higher.

W. E. Small & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, November 8.—The steadiness here yesterday brought about an advance in Liverpool this morning. Yesterday's buyers then took profits. A few professionals sold for a reaction. Liverpool lost ground, the weather was good and the situation generally seemed lacking factors necessary to bring about general short covering and advancing prices. Yet from the action of the market it is evident that operators are not as aggressive on the short side as heretofore. It was also evident that some operators were ready to buy cotton on weak spots. A more moderate movement is looked for in the near future. For this reason many shorts were inclined to cover on the theory that most of the bad news has been received. The amount in sight this week was 500,000 bales, against 420,000 bales last year. Next week a more moderate movement is not unlikely, when figures will compare with about 435,000 last year. Before the end of next week prices should have an upturn. A decreased movement would start buying, and operators are awaiting developments. For the week Houston receipts were 40,000 less than last year.

Murphy & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, November 8.—Speculation in the cotton market fell off to small proportions this morning and the general disposition was to pause for a while and await further developments. Prices advanced on a demand to the extent of 3 to 6 points. Yesterday's forecast for colder weather was not verified, the lowest temperature being as a rule around 42 in the Atlantic, Augusta and central Texas districts. Receipts are still pretty full, but the feeling is growing that they will gradually shrink and continue to taper off until the extremely high crop views are once again revised to reasonable figures. Moderate crop views will be adhered to until last year's movement is reached and passed. Conservative houses regard this as the safest course. The market turned weak toward noon on reports from New Orleans of receipts being retarded by a strike on the Mississippi. Port receipts today 55,000, against 49,000 last year. Mail reports reached here today as to the effect of the cold weather last week in Texas, which showed that the freezing point had been reached at a number of points not previously heard from and that the top crop has been effectually destroyed thereby. The Liverpool weekly report today shows that the supply of all kinds of cotton there increased 70,000 bales during the week, while the American supply gained 65,000. The American stock afloat increased 65,000. Compared with last year, stocks of all kinds there now are 229,000, against 342,000, and the American supply only 166,000, against 291,000. Spinners there have been buying so sparingly of late that their takings must soon be increased. The following is The Chronicle weather and crop report: "Advices to us by telegraph from the south this evening indicate that in most sections the temperature has been lower during the week. Frost has been quite general, and at many points is reported to have been killing. As a rule, the conditions have favored the picking and marketing of cotton and where rain has fallen the precipitation has on the whole been light."

Sea Island Cotton.

Charleston, November 8.—Sea Island cotton: Receipts 408; sales 50; exports 331; stock 1,362.

Savannah, November 8.—Sea Island cotton: Weekly receipts 3,343; sales 1,742; exports 1,767; stock 7,801.

THE DAY IN WALL STREET.

New York, November 8.—There was a falling off in the volume of transactions in today's stock market, but the speculation continued notably active. There were conspicuous points of strength throughout, but the general list moved irregularly and a number of prominent stocks were at different times above and below last night's level. Realizing was very large in stocks which have been strongest recently, following the custom of the market for some time past. Notable in this respect were the Pacifics and St. Paul. An effort was made at one time to renew the upward movement in these stocks, with resulting advance in St. Paul of 1⅝ over last night's level, but the advance met fresh realizing and was wiped out. Union Pacific movement was similar. New York Central made another notable show of strength at an extreme advance of 3¼. Rumors continue current of the early adoption of a plan for a proprietary company to hold the stocks of the Vanderbilt railroads. Pennsylvania and its subsidiary stocks formed another center of strength, except Baltimore and Ohio, which was reactionary on realizing, and the Wheeling and Lake Erie stocks moved in sympathy with this group. The Southwestern stocks were generally strong to the accompaniment of reports of large earnings and pending increases in disbursements. An active demand continued for Louisville and Nashville and for the Atchison stocks—notably, the preferred, which touched 102⅛. The buying of this stock and of Louisville was based on the general argument that they were selling low compared with other stocks paying the same dividend. The settlement of the Northwestern railroad controversy continued to receive much attention, today's version pointing to the granting to Union Pacific of proportional control of the Burlington system by concessions of direct holdings in that company. The possibility of releasing locked up capital under this plan made it particularly attractive to the speculative imagination. The preliminary figures of cash movements for the past week indicate a small net change in the banks' reserves. The banks have lost a small amount on balance on the interior movement by express. The reported settlement of the Franco-Turkish difficulty was very slightly reflected here, except as it affected the feeling of hopefulness over the relaxation of the future foreign demand for gold. The market closed irregular at considerable reactions from the best caused by heavy realizing during the last hour.

There were sharp upward movements in Central of Georgia bonds and Kansas and Texas seconds. The bond market generally was active and irregular. Total sales, par value, $5,310,000.

United States bonds were all unchanged on the last call.

Total sales of stocks today were 916,800 shares, including Atchison 80,100; do. preferred 85,300; Baltimore and Ohio 9,700; Chesapeake and Ohio 23,900; Chicago, Indianapolis and Louisville 6,700; Chicago Terminal 5,600; Denver preferred 8,000; Erie 27,800; do. first preferred 6,100; Great Northern preferred 7,300; Illinois Central 11,000; Louisville and Nashville 50,850; Manhattan 9,900; Metropolitan Street Railway 11,300; Missouri Pacific 16,300; New York Central 40,400; Norfolk and Western 23,100; Ontario and Western 13,400; Pennsylvania 50,600; Reading 8,100; do. second preferred 8,800; St. Louis and San Francisco 5,900; St. Louis Southwestern preferred 5,900; St. Paul 71,500; Southern Pacific 32,500; Southern Railway 22,200; do. preferred 10,100; Union Pacific 130,800; do. preferred 5,750; Wabash preferred 5,300; Amalgamated Copper 11,300; American Smelting 5,900; Brooklyn Rapid Transit 9,100; Sugar 7,100; People's Gas 8,400; Pacific Mail 5,200; United States Steel 14,800; do. preferred 9,100.

Money on call 3¾@4 per cent; last loan 4; prime mercantile paper 4½@5 per cent.

Sterling exchange strong with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87 for demand and at $4.83⅝@4.83¾ for 60 days; posted rates $4.84½@4.85 and $4.87½@4.88; commercial bills $4.83@4.83⅛.

Bar silver 57⅜c.

Mexican dollars 45¼c.

Government bonds steady.

State bonds inactive.

Railroad bonds irregular.

RAILWAY STOCKS.

Atchison	83¾	Manhattan L	125⅛
do. preferred	101⅝	Metro. Street Ry	157¼
Baltimore & Ohio	108¼	Mexican Central	21½
do. preferred	94	Mexican National	13¼
Canadian Pacific	112	Minn. & St. Louis	108¼
Canada Southern	84⅝	Missouri Pacific	102⅝
Chesapeake & Ohio	48	Mo. Kansas & Tex.	27⅛
Chic. & Alton	36¾	do. preferred	54
do. preferred	77⅜	New Jersey Cent.	174
C. B. & Q.	——	New York Central	163¾
Chic. Ind. & L.	43	Norfolk & Western	57¾
do. preferred	73	do. preferred	90
Chicago & East Ill.	130	Northern Pacific	——
Chic. & Great West.	25	do preferred	102¾
do. pref. A	89	Ontario & Western	35⅛
do. pref. B	49	Pennsylvania	146⅞
Chicago & N. W.	210	Reading	43⅝
Rock Island	146⅝	do. 1st preferred	77⅝
Chic. Term. & Trans	19½	do. 2d preferred	54⅛
do. preferred	36¾	St. L. & S. F.	48⅝
C. C. C. & St. Louis	99¾	do. 1st preferred	80
Colo. Sou.	14¾	do. 2d preferred	70⅛
do. 1st preferred	55½	St. L. & S. W.	29
do. 2d preferred	25⅛	do. preferred	59¾
Del. & Hudson	173	St. Paul	172⅝
Del. L. & W.	236	do. preferred	191
Den. & Rio Grande	46	Southern Pacific	61⅛
do. preferred	94½	Southern Railway	34⅝
Erie (new)	42	do. preferred	90⅝
do. 1st preferred	71	Texas & Pacific	41
do. 2d preferred	56¾	Tol., St. L. & W.	21
Great Nor. pref.	196½	do. preferred	36⅛
Hocking Valley	58	Union Pacific	107
do. preferred	77¼	do. preferred	90¾
Illinois Central	141⅞	Wabash	21⅛
Iowa Central	40⅜	do. preferred	38¼
do. preferred	77½	Wheel & L. E.	18⅝
Lake Erie & W.	74	do. preferred	31
do. preferred	132	Wisconsin Central	21
Louisville & Nash	106¾	do. preferred	41½

EXPRESS COMPANIES.

Adams	185	United States	90
American	190	Wells Fargo	180

MISCELLANEOUS.

Amal. Copper	86⅝	North American	94¼
Am. Car F'dy	26¼	Pacific Coast	63
do. preferred	81¼	Pacific Mail	47
Am. Linseed Oil	15	People's Gas	101¾
do. preferred	44	Pressed Steel Car	41¾
Am. Smelt. & Ref.	43	do. preferred	83
do. preferred	97¼	Pullman Palace	218
American Tobacco	——	Republic Steel	15⅛
Anaconda Mining	34¼	do. preferred	66⅝
Brook. Rap. Tran.	64	Sugar	118
Col. F. & Iron	93	T. C & Iron	61¼
Consol. Gas	216⅛	Union Bag & Paper	15¼
Cont. Tobacco	——	do. preferred	72½
do preferred	114¾	U. S. Leather	12⅛
General Electric	255	do. preferred	81
Glucose Sugar	39¾	U. S. Rubber	15
Hocking Coal	14¼	do. preferred	48
International Paper	19	U. S. Steel	43⅜
do. preferred	75½	do. preferred	92⅝
Intern'l Power	88	Western Union	92
Laclede Gas	92¼	Va.-Car. Chem Co	61
National Biscuit	41½	do. preferred	122½
National Lead	19⅝	Seaboard Air Line	27⅝
National Salt	29½	do. preferred	51⅛
do. preferred	62	do. Bonds	86⅛

BONDS.

U. S. 2s ref reg.	109	F. W. & D. 1st	107¼
do. coupon	109	Hocking Val 4½s	107¼
U. S. 3s reg	108	L. & N. unified 4s	102
do. coupon	108	Mex. Cent. 4s	82¼
U. S. new 4s, reg	139	do. 1st income	29½
do. coupon	139	Min. & St. L. 4s	103¼
U. S. old 4s, reg	112¼	M., K. & T. 4s	100¼
do. coupon	112¼	M. K. & T. 2ds	84¼
U. S. 5s, reg	107	N. Y. Central	105¾
do. coupon	107	do. general 3½s	108¾
Atchison gen 4s	103¼	N. J. Cent. gen. 5s	131
do. adj. 4s	93	Northern Pac 4s	104¼
Balt & Ohio 4s	103¼	do 3s	72¼
do. 3½s	96¾	Nor. & West con4s	102⅛
do. conv. 4s	108¼	Reading gen. 4s	99
Canada So. 2ds	108	St. L. & I. M. con 5s	117
Cent. of Ga. 5s	107¼	St. L. & S. F. 4s	95
do. 1st incomes	71½	St. L. S. W. 1sts	97½
do. 2d incomes	29	do. 2ds	80¼
Ches & Ohio 4½s	107	San. An. & Ar. P. 4s	87½
Chic. & Alton 3½s	85	Sou. Pacific 4s	94⅝
C. B. & Q. new 4s	98¼	Southern Ry 5s	120¼
C., M. & St. P. g. 4s	110⅛	Tex. & Pacific 1st	119
Chic. & N. W. con 7s	137½	Tol., St. L. & W 4s	81¼
Chic., R. I & P 4s	106⅝	Union Pacific 4s	105⅝
C., C. C. & S. L. g 4s	103½	do. conv. 4s	108¼
Chicago Term 4s	91¼	Wabash 1sts	118¾
Col. & Sou 4s	88⅜	do. 2ds	110½
D. & R. G. 4s	103	do. deb. B	60¼
Erie prior lien 4s	99¼	West Shore 4s	113
Erie general 4s	88¾	Wheel. & L. E. 4s	91⅞

Commercial Advertiser's Financial Cable.

New York, November 8.—The Commercial Advertiser's London financial cablegram says: The stock market was brisker and more cheerful today, the rumor that Turkey had yielded to France exerting a favorable impression.

American shares were neglected till the close, London showing caution and taking profits before tomorrow's holiday, while New York showed apathy; but on the curb after the close of business on the floor of the exchange there was a sudden flare-up to the amazement of everybody. The market was furiously active, New York buying everything, particularly Atchison, Norfolk and Western and Chesapeake and Ohio. There was no explanation of this burst of activity, and London was much puzzled.

Gold to the amount of 50,000 pounds has gone out to the Cape.

STOCKS.	Opening.	High.	Low.	Last sale.	Closing bid.
Amalg. Copper	86⅝	87⅜	86⅝	86¾	86⅝
Am. Sugar Refin'ry	118	118⅜	117⅝	118¼	118
Atchison	82½	84¼	82½	83¾	83⅝
do. preferred	98⅞	102	98⅞	101½	101⅝
Am'n Car Foundry	26⅛	26⅛	26½	26½	26¼
do. preferred	81¾	81⅞	81⅞	81⅞	81¼
Am'n Cotton Oil	28¼	29½	28¾	28¾	28¾
Brooklyn R. T.	63⅛	64⅝	63¼	64¼	64
Baltimore & Ohio	108¾	109⅛	108⅛	108¼	108¼
do. preferred	......	......	......	......	94
C., C., C. and St. L.	101	101⅛	100	100	99¾
Canada Southern	84	84¼	84	84¼	84⅝
Col. Fuel and Iron	95	95	93¾	93¾	93
Ches. and Ohio	47½	48⅜	47½	48	48
Consolidated Gas	216½	216¾	216½	216½	216⅛
Del. and Hudson	173¾	174¼	173	173	173
Erie	42	42⅛	42	42⅛	42⅛
do. first prefer'd	71	71⅜	70¾	71¼	71
General Electric	259	259	257	257	255
Great Western	25¼	25½	25	25	25
Illinois Central	140⅛	142⅜	140⅛	142	141⅞
Internat'al Paper	20	20	19¼	19¼	19
Jersey Central	176	176	176	176	174
Kans. & Tex., pref.	53¼	54⅝	53⅞	54¼	54
Louisville & Nash	105¼	107⅛	105¼	106¾	106¾
Missouri Pacific	102¼	103⅛	101⅝	102⅝	102⅝
Manhattan	124¾	125¾	124¾	125⅜	125⅛
Metropol. Traction	155⅝	158¼	155⅝	157¼	157¼
New York Central	161⅛	164⅝	161½	164	163¾
Northwestern	211⅞	212	211⅞	212	210
National Lead	19¾	19⅝	19⅝	19¾	19⅛
Norfolk & Western	56⅜	58¼	56⅜	58	57⅞
Ontario & Western	34⅞	35⅛	34¾	35¼	35⅛
Pennsylvania	146	147½	146	147	146⅞
Pacific Mail	46⅜	47½	46½	47¼	47
People's Gas Co.	101⅝	102¾	101⅝	102¼	101¾
Rock Island	146¾	148	146¾	147	146⅝
Rep. Iron and Steel	15	15¼	15	15¼	15⅛
Reading	43½	44	43¼	43⅝	43⅝
do. first pref'd	77¾	77⅞	77½	77⅝	77⅝
do. sec. pref'd	54⅞	55¼	54⅝	54⅝	54½
Southern Pacific	61⅞	62⅛	61⅝	61¾	61⅛
St. Paul	173	174⅛	172¾	172⅞	172⅝
Southern Railway	34⅞	34¾	34¼	34¼	34⅝
do. preferred	91	91½	90⅝	90⅝	90⅝
St. L. & S. W.	28½	29¾	28½	29⅜	29
do. preferred	59½	60⅝	59½	59⅝	59¾
Texas Pacific	40⅝	41⅝	40¾	41¼	41
Tenn. Coal and Iron	61⅝	62	61¾	61⅞	61¼
U. S. Steel	43¼	43⅜	43	43¼	43⅜
do. preferred	92½	92¾	92⅛	92½	92½
Union Pacific	107⅞	108⅛	106¾	107⅛	107
do. preferred	90⅛	90¾	90	90½	90⅜
U. S. Rubber, com.	15	15	15	15	15
U. S. Leather	12¼	12⅜	11⅞	12⅛	12⅛
do. preferred	80⅞	81	80⅞	81	81
Western Union	38	38⅛	38	38⅜	38¼
Wabash, preferred	91¾	92	91⅝	92	92

W. E. Small & Co.'s Stock Letter.

New York, November 8.—London came lower, selling 30,000 shares. Transactions were not quite so heavy. There was profit taking in Missouri Pacific and Union Pacific. New York Central and Pennsylvania were active with heavy buying in the former. Atchison preferred was taken hold of and bid up, having lagged behind the common. Both issues were bought by Chicago houses, while there was talk of Pennsylvania interests taking in the stock. Enough bull news was circulated regarding Atchison to suggest heavy realizing by the Berwind pool. Louisville and Nashville and Southern Railway shares were in demand. Good buying appeared in the coalers with Chesapeake and Ohio moving up in a fashion that more than regained its dividend. Tractions were strong features, while good buying appeared in the Steels and People's Gas with some covering by shorts in Copper and Wabash, and the Southwestern shares displayed considerable strength with pool buying in the former. Bullish talk was heard on Southern Pacific with 70 predicted for the stock. Pacific Mail was a strong feature. Monon was in demand on earnings. Selling appeared in Chicago Great Western on denial that it would be acquired by St. Paul. Banks have gained from the sub-treasury $308,000 since Friday, and it would appear as if tomorrow's bank statement would make a favorable showing. During the afternoon heavy buying again appeared in Atchisons with Keene's brokers quite active, but there was a suspicion that the strength in this group was brought about in order to allow of selling under cover in St. Paul and Union Pacific which was on a large scale. It was reported in the room that the Northen Pacific settlement would be announced this afternoon. There is no question but that heavy realizations were in progress all through the market, more especially in the active rails, and with street sentiment bullish, as is usually the case when a good sized boom is on. It is undoubtedly true that wealthy interests have not been slow in taking advantage of the situation in sliding out from under. The closing was unsettled and feverish.

The Week's Bank Clearings.

New York, November 8.—The following table, compiled by Bradstreet's, shows the bank clearings at the cities named for the week ended Friday, November 8, with the percentage of increase and decrease as compared with the corresponding week last year. Totals include clearings of fifty-two other cities. Canadian totals including clearings of seven other cities in Canada.

		P. C. Inc.	P. C. Dec.
New York	$1,228,284,779	29.7	.....
Chicago	162,432,087	34.8	.....
Boston	131,404,885	15.1	.....
Philadelphia	99,697,112	28.8	.....
St. Louis	45,655,335	48.3	.....
Pittsburg	33,266,688	19.8	.....
Baltimore	22,499,725	25.6	.....
San Francisco	26,208,609	35.2	.....
Cincinnati	19,865,500	29.9	.....
Kansas City	20,049,415	28.0	.....
New Orleans	14,770,173	6.5	.....
Louisville	9,338,404	21.0	.....
Savannah	5,066,214	3.4	.....
Denver	3,992,143	11.3	.....
Richmond	3,747,921	21.6	.....
Memphis	4,190,590	16.0	.....
Washington	3,093,392	18.6	.....
Fort Worth	3,758,234	77.2	.....
Atlanta	3,068,010	20.5	.....
Norfolk	1,485,548	11.5	.....
Augusta	1,745,696	22.0	.....
Nashville	1,828,326	25.7	.....
Birmingham	1,128,740	39.6	.....
Macon	1,008,000	38.8	.....
Little Rock	956,903	22.8	.....
Knoxville	652,241	25.1	.....
Lexington	554,898	29.4	.....
Chattanooga	547,554	42.8	.....
Jacksonville	361,099	66.1	.....
*Galveston	8,880,000	5.7	.....
*Houston	11,892,200	3.7	.....
Totals U. S.	$2,007,388,158	28.4	.....
Totals outside of New York	$779,103,379	28.1	.....
DOMINION OF CANADA.			
Montreal	$20,978,943	28.8	.....
Totals	$46,879,801	28.0	.....

*—Not included in totals because containing other items than clearings.

Local Bonds and Stocks.

CITY BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.
Atlanta 4s, 1923	107	....
Atlanta 4½s, 1922	115	....
Atlanta 6s, 1914	120	....
Atlanta 7s, 1904	107	....
Atlanta 8s, 1902	102	....
Savannah 5s, 1909	107	....
Savannah 5s, 1913	109	....
Macon 4½s, 1926	107½	....
Macon 6s, 1910	115½	....
Augusta 4s, 1927	104	....
Augusta 5s, 1921	115	....
Augusta 6s, 1913	118	....
Columbus 5s, 1909	104	....
Columbus 4½s, 1927	107	....

STATE BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.
Georgia 3½s, 1915	105	....
Georgia 3½s, 1930	107½	....
Georgia 4s, 1926	115	....
Georgia 4½s, 1911	111½	....
Georgia 4½, 1915	115	116
Georgia 4½s, 1922	119	....
Alabama, class A	107	....
Alabama, class B	106	....
Alabama, class C	101	....

RAILROAD BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.
Georgia railroad 5s, 1922	108	....
Georgia railroad 6s, 1910	112	....
Georgia railroad 6s, 1922	120	....
Central of Georgia first 5s, 1945	117	....
Central of Georgia, Col. Trust 5s, 1937	101½	103
Central of Georgia Consol. 5s, 1945	106½	108
Central of Georgia, first incomes	70	72
Central of Georgia second incomes	26	28
Central of Georgia third incomes	14	16
Southern Ry. first 5s, 1994	117	117¼
Ga. Pacific first 6s, 1922	127	129
Ga. and Ala. first pf. 5s, 1945	107⅝	....
Ga. and Ala. consols, 1945	106½	107¼
Seaboard 4s, 1950	83⅝	84½
Seaboard g. ar. 5s, 1902	101	101½
Seaboard 10 year 5s	102	....

RAILROAD STOCKS.

	Bid.	Asked.
Ga. R. R. and Bkg. Co.	229	232
Southeastern	115	116
Augusta and Savannah	113½	115
Augusta and West Point	150	....
Southern Railway preferred	87½	....
Southern Railway common	31½	32
Seaboard preferred	49	51
Seaboard common	25	27

MISCELLANEOUS.

Prices corrected daily by CITY SAVINGS BANK, Atlanta.

	Last Sale.	Bid.
Atlanta Brewing Co.	115	100
Atlanta Home Ins. Co.	80	80
Atlanta National bank	450	....
Atlanta Savings bank	103	....
Capital City Natl. bank	130	....
Constitution Publishing Co. pref.	100	....
Exposition Cotton mills	125	100
Farmers and Traders' bank	115	....
Ga. Savings Bank and Trust Co.	100	....
Germania Savings bank	102	....
Lowry National bank*	150	....
Merchants and Mechanics' bank*	80	....
Third National bank	150	150
Trust Company of Georgia*	106	....
Atlanta Banking and Sav. Co.*	110	....
East Atlanta Land Co.*	100	....
Fourth National bank	110	110

*Asked.

Murphy & Co.'s Stock Letter.

New York, November 8.—The stock market today fell considerably behind the record of activity yesterday, but nevertheless the transactions were on a scale averaging well with the bullish records of a year ago. Profit taking sales were most pronounced in Union Pacific. St. Paul, while at one time 1⅝ above last night, lost ground for the day. On the other hand, buying of New York Central continued on an extensive scale, and the price rose over 3 per cent. Missouri Pacific was a strong feature and Pennsylvania, Rock Island and Illinois Central reflected the widening of the demand for high-class investment issues. The bull demonstration against shorts in Atchison was conducted further, and considerable influence was exerted by the rise of over 2 per cent in preferred stock. Louisville and Nashville was more active than for some time, and scored maximum gain of nearly 2 per cent. This movement was regarded as merely a belated recognition of the investment merits of this stock. The shares of the soft coal carrying roads were strong features, and the buoyancy of Atchison aroused new interest in Missouri, Kansas and Texas preferred, St. Louis Southwestern and Wabash issues. Some of the usually neglected railroad stocks were strong, including Chicago Eastern, Illinois, Wheeling issues and Chicago, Indianapolis and Louisville. Steels showed decided strength, although their net advances were not large. The general market closed somewhat heavy at fractions from best prices.

The Treasury Statement.

Washington, November 8.—Today's statement of treasury balances, exclusive of the gold reserve, shows: Available cash balances $175,271,107; gold $111,417,870; silver $11,865,711.

Government receipts $1,737,081; expenditures $1,600,000.

Fruit and Confections.

Atlanta, November 8.—Apples $2 to $3; fancy $4.00. Oranges $2.50@2.75. Bananas, straits $1.75; culls $1@1.25. Nuts, almonds 15@16. Peanuts, Virginia 5@5½ Georgia 2c. Pine apples $3.50 per crate; California fruit, pears $3.00; grapes $2.00. New York state grapes, Concord 16c; Niagara, 18@20; Calawba 18@20.

Country Produce.

Atlanta, November 7.—Eggs, 19@20c. Butter, fancy, 20@22½, fancy Jersey 22½@25; Tennessee butter, good sale, 18@20c. Live poultry, hens 30@32; fries, large, 22@23c; small 17@18c. Ducks, puddle 20c. Onions, $1.25@1.40 bushel. Irish potatoes, No. 1 95c@$1.00 per bushel. Peas, white $1.75@2.00; lady, $2.50@3.00; field $1.25@1.50.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, November 8.—Spirits turpentine firm at 35¼; receipts 1,024; sales 587; exports 235. Rosin firm; receipts 3,524; sales 839; exports 3,551. Quote: A, B, C, D, E, $1.15; F $1.20; G $1.25; H $1.40; I $1.45; K $2.00; M $2.50; N $3.10; windowglass $3.45; waterwhite $3.60.

Wilmington, November 8.—Spirits turpentine, nothing doing; receipts 56 casks. Rosin firm at 90@95; receipts 231. Crude turpentine steady at $1.10@2.00; receipts 67. Tar firm at $1.25; receipts 123.

Charleston, November 8.—Turpentine firm at 34½@35; sales 60 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; sales 350 barrels.

The Metal Market.

New York, November 8.—Tin steady at $24.75@25.

Spelter dull at $4.30@4.35.

Lake copper unchanged at $16.85@17.

Lead easy at $4.37½.

Pig iron warrants unchanged at $9.50@10.50.

St. Louis, November 8.—Lead dull at $4.27½. Spelter steady at $4.12@4.12½.

Cotton Seed Oil and Meal.

New York, November 8.—Cotton seed oil dull and barely steady; prime crude, barrels, nominal; prime summer yellow 35c; off summer yellow 34@34½c; prime white 39c; prime winter yellow 39c. Prime meal $25.

Memphis, November 8.—Cotton seed oil: Car lots, per gallon, prime crude 27½@28c; off crude 26@27c; prime summer yellow 31¼@32c; choice cooking steamer yellow, less than car lots, per gallon nominal. Cotton seed meal and cake: Prime $21.

The Liverpool Grain Market.

Liverpool, November 8.—Wheat, spot firm; No. 2 red western winter 5s 10d; No. 1 northern spring 5s 10¼d; futures quiet; December 5s 9¾d; March 5s 11¼d.

Corn, spot firm; American mixed new 5s ¾d; futures quiet; November 5s ¾d; December 5s 3⅛d; March 5s 1⅛d.



WHEN YOUR WORKING DAYS ARE OVER

you will bless the day you first opened an account in

OUR SAVINGS DEPARTMENT,

as saving habits formed in youth bear their fruits in old age. Save a part of your earnings, however small, and the fund for your old age will grow.

NEAL LOAN AND BANKING CO.

T. B. NEAL, President. E. H. THORNTON, Cashier. W. F. MANRY, Asst. Cashier.

W. L. PEEL, President. ROBT. F. MADDOX, Vice Pres. THOS. J. PEEPLES, Cashier. GEO. A. NICOLSON, Asst. Cashier.

MADDOX-RUCKER BANKING COMPANY

Capital	$200,000.00
Stockholders' liability	200,000.00
Surplus	50,000.00
Total	$450,000.00

Designated Depository of the City of Atlanta; Transact a General Banking Business

The officers of this bank will be pleased to meet or correspond with those who contemplate making changes or opening new accounts.

In our SAVINGS DEPARTMENT we furnish pass books and receive limited amounts, on which interest at the rate of 3½ per cent is credited quarterly—on January 1st, April 1st, July 1st and October 1st.

INVESTMENTS.

Municipal and Corporation Bonds at prices to net investor 4 1-2 to 6 per cent.

Write for list.

Roby Robinson, Atlanta, Georgia.

CHICAGO MARKET REVIEWED.

Chicago, November 8.—Liquidation for profits, induced by early bearish conditions, brought a lower tendency all around in grains today in spite of bullish reports toward the end of the session. December wheat closed a shade higher, December corn ⅛c lower and December oats ⅛@¼c down. Provisions closed unchanged to 2½c higher.

Profit taking was popular early in the wheat pit as a result of disappointing cables. There were advances both at Liverpool and on the continent, but not enough to stimulate more buying here of yesterday's sort. On this influence December opened a shade higher to a shade lower at 72⅞@72¾c, and sold rapidly down to 72½c. For a time the market took everything offered, and then it was suddenly discovered that the pit was oversold. Bullish news began to arrive. There was a report of scanty rainfall for the late sown crop, the flour situation was reported strong with prices up 10c. This brought a sudden bulge, frightened the shorts and December reacted to 73⅛@73⅜c. Prices west were still strong, but otherwise most outside markets were weaker. Professionals seemed to control the market, and near the end of the session, when they were satisfied with profits, December sagged off again and closed barely steady, a shade higher at 72⅝c. Local receipts were 170 cars, 17 of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 653 cars, making a total for the three points of 823 cars, against 871 last week and 551 last year. Primary receipts were 1,036,000 bushels, against 659,000 a year ago. Seaboard clearances in wheat and flour were 264,000 bushels. The seaboard reported 20 loads taken for export. Argentina shipments for the week were 172,000 bushels, against 136,000 last week.

Corn was somewhat irregular over a narrow range, with a moderate downward tendency. In the main this pit followed wheat without developing anything of individual importance. December opened unchanged to ⅛@¼c higher and never rose above its higher opening price. Liquidations for profits by prominent longs brought easier prices, and though there were occasional rallies, December closed weak ⅛c lower at 59⅛c. The cash demand was still good, receipts were still scanty, but the market could not stand the constant unloading. Receipts were 80 cars.

Oats held well considering the general liquidation. The commission house demand had eased off and prominent longs realized. December, which opened unchanged, fluctuated ⅛c and then closed easy ⅛@¼c lower at 38½@38⅝c. The cash situation still was good. Receipts were 145 cars.

Provisions were dull and steady. Prices were a shade easier at the start on lower prices for hogs, but some small buying orders by commission houses, supposedly for foreign account, steadied the pit. January pork closed unchanged at $14.92½. January lard 2½c up at $8.55 and January ribs a shade lower at $7.67½@7.70.

Estimated receipts for tomorrow: Wheat 120 cars; corn 90 cars; oats 190 cars; hogs 20,000 head.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
WHEAT—				
November	.....	.....	.....	72½
December	72⅝	73¼	72½	72⅝
May	75⅞	76½	75⅝	76
CORN—				
November	.....	.....	.....	58½
December	59⅜	59⅝	59⅛	59⅛
May	62¼	62⅝	61¾	61⅞
OATS—				
December	38⅝	38¾	38¼	38½
May	40½	40¾	40⅛	40½
MESS PORK—				
January	14.90	14.95	14.90	14.92½
May	15.02½	15.12½	15.02½	15.07½
LARD—				
November	8.45	8.47	8.42½	8.47½
December	8.50	8.52½	8.50	8.52½
January	8.52½	8.57½	8.50	8.55
May	8.65	8.70	8.65	8.70
SHORT RIBS—				
January	7.65	7.70	7.65	7.70
May	7.77½	7.85	7.77½	7.82½

Articles.	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, barrels	22,000	9,000
Wheat, bushels	183,000	189,000
Corn, bushels	96,000	125,000
Oats, bushels	175,000	124,000
Rye, bushels	14,000	1,000
Barley, bushels	62,000	12,000

Murphy & Co.'s Grain Letter.

Chicago, November 8.—Wheat: There was a less active market this morning with prices showing a little reaction from the final of last night. The reaction appeared to be on local profit taking. Cables were a little disappointing, however, although generally higher, and there was some buying for French account. Argentina reports were of better weather and improved crop conditions. The rains west have been beneficial, although more is needed in sections. Northwestern receipts were somewhat more liberal, and the claim is made that the car shortage is responsible to some extent for the shorter movement of all grain. Prices were heavy until noon, turning strong, reaching new high figures on export rumors, reports of 300,000 bushels. Southwest wheat sold to Mexico by Chicago and on commission buying, but later eased off, closing quiet.

Corn—There was a steadier opening, prices, however, quickly reacting with absence of active interest, moderate selling pressure affecting the market. Cables were quiet with very little export inquiry reported. Western advices claim scant offerings from the country and scant acceptances, and the actual receipts have shown a further decrease this week, but are only moderately behind last year. Prices were firm on the spurt in wheat, but promptly eased off again and closed quiet.

Provisions—In hog products there was a moderately active, lower market. Live hogs were lower again with the outside figures down to $6, and a general liquidation is reported at the west of all products. Provisions were quiet at the close.

W. E. Small & Co.'s Grain Letter.

Chicago, November 8.—Wheat: Seaboard exporters bought 39 loads; 300,000 bushels sold from Fort Worth, Tex., to Mexico. There was an early disposition to sell on disappointing cables in sympathy with corn and oats, scalpers selling out and going short, but the news was all bullish. Commission houses were liberal buyers, taking wheat in such a manner that it frightened shorts, who covered hastily. Considerable realizing appeared, and while the closing was easy there is a strong undertone to the market, and we would favor purchases on recessions.

Corn—Receipts light; 12 loads for export with a good demand from the southwest and south, but the heavy profit taking of yesterday was continued today in a speculative sense with the closing rather soft. Further rallies may appear, but would take advantage of them to secure profits.

Oats were in strong demand for the cash article, and while there was good commission house buying, realizing sales were heavy. Further rallies may appear on which we would favor sales.

Provisions were again sold by the packers, and what strength that appeared was mainly in sympathy with grain. Armour was a seller of lard with some buying for foreign account and by commission houses. Estimated stocks here of contract pork 33,000 barrels.

Coffee and Sugar.

New York, November 8.—Coffee, spot Rio firm; No. 7 invoice 7@7¼; mild steady; Cordova 7¼@11. Futures opened steady 5@10 points higher with trading active and excited. The factors today were much the same as in yesterday's market—notably, news of crop damage and smaller primary receipts. Around the opening Europe and the local street contingent were heavy purchasers, while the "metal clique" and prominent bears were the leading sellers. Later prices ruled easier under general profit taking and lower French market. But there was a bullish undertone apparent always, and before the close the market regained most of the loss on fresh investment buying; closed steady and unchanged to 10 points net higher; sales 89,250 bags; December 6.65@6.90; January 6.85@7; February 7.05; March 6.90@7.15; May 7.10@7.20; June 7.40; July 7.30@7.45; September 7.45@7.65.

Sugar, raw dull; fair refining 3¼; centrifugal 96-test 3¾; molasses sugar 3. Refined dull.

New Orleans, November 8.—Sugar quiet; open kettle 3; centrifugal 3¼@3½; centrifugal granulated 4.30@4.40; whites 3⅞@4; yellow 3⅛@3⅝; seconds 2½@3¼. Molasses steady; open kettle 24@32; centrifugal 10@23.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

Atlanta, November 8.—Flour, Diamond 1st patent, $4.75; 2d patent, $4.30; straight $3.85, extra fancy, $3.65; fancy, $3.55; extra family $3.20. First patent spring wheat $4.75. Corn, choice white, 80c; No. 2 do. 79c; No. 2 mixed 78c. Oats, white 56; mixed, 52. Texas rustproof, 65. Rye, Georgia, $1.10; western rye, $1. Hay, No. 1 timothy, large bales, $1.10; No. 1, small bales, $1; No. 2, 90c. Meal, plain, 78c; bolted 73c. Bran, small sacks, $1.10. Shorts $1.20. Stock meal, $1.15 per 100 pounds. Cotton seed meal, $1.15 per 100 pounds; Hudnut's grits $2.00.

New York, November 8.—Flour firm, held 5@10c higher. Wheat, spot firm; No. 2 red 83⅝; options opened firm on good buying by foreigners, but later weakened under general realizing and larger Argentine shipments. Subsequently they experienced a second sharp rise on export demand west, heavy local covering and light offerings, but finally eased off slightly under late realizing and closed steady at unchanged prices; May 81¼; December 79⅞. Corn, spot firmer; No. 2 66⅛; options firm early with wheat, sold off under realizing, but rallied with the late wheat advance. Finally yielded to sales for long account and closed easy at ¼c net decline; May 66⅛; December 65⅜. Oats, spot firm; No. 2, 45; options irregular and fairly steady.

St. Louis, November 8.—Flour quiet. Wheat easy; No. 2 red cash 73; December 73½@73⅝; May 76⅜@76⅞. Corn, No. 2 cash 61¼; December 60¼; May 62½@62⅝. Oats, No. 2 cash, 40½; May 42.

Chicago, November 8.—Cash quotations were as follows: Flour firm. No. 3 spring wheat 68¾@69½; No. 2 red 74@74½; No. 2 yellow corn 60½. No. 2 oats 40¼@40⅜; No. 2 white 42½@43½; No. 3 white 42¼@43. No. 2 rye 59.

Cincinnati, November 8.—Flour strong. Wheat firm; No. 2 red 76. Corn strong; No. 2 mixed 65. Oats firm; No. 2 mixed 41⅝.

Provisions.

Atlanta, November 8.—Clear rib sides boxed 9½, ribs 8⅞, rib bellies 9⅝@10¼; ice cured bellies 10¼. Sugar cured hams 10¾@14½. Lard 9⅞.

New York, November 8.—Lard steady; western steam 8.85; refined steady; continent 9.00; compound 7⅝@7¾. Pork steady; family $17@25; mess $15@16.

St. Louis, November 8.—Pork steady; jobbing 14.50@14.75. Lard higher at 8.67½. Dry salt meats, boxed steady; extra shorts 8.12½; clear ribs 8.25; clear sides 8.50. Bacon, boxed steady; extra shorts 9; clear ribs 9.12½; clear sides 9.37½.

Chicago, November 8.—Mess pork 13.85@13.90. Lard, per 100 pounds 8.50@8.52. Short ribs sides (loose) 7.80@7.90; dry salted shoulders (boxed) 7¼@7½; short clear sides (boxed) 8.10@8.20.

Cincinnati, November 8.—Lard quiet at 8.35. Bulk meats easy at 8.15. Bacon easy at 9.25.

Groceries.

Atlanta, November 8.—[illegible] coffee, per 100 pounds, Arbuckle [illegible] Lion $11.30. Green coffee, choice [illegible] fair, 9c; prime 7. Sugar, standard granulated 5¼. Sirup, New Orleans open kettle 30@45c; mixed, choice [illegible] South Georgia cane, 40@42c. [illegible] dairy, sacks, $1.20@1.40; barrel, bulk, [illegible] ice cream, $1.25. Common 60@70c. Cheese, fancy, full cream 12½@13. Matches 65s, 45c; 200s, $1.50@1.75; 300s $2.75. Soda, boxes, 3½. Crackers, soda, 6¼; cream [illegible] ginger snaps, 6½c. Candy, common stick, 5½c; fancy 10@14c. Oysters, F. W. $2.00. L. W., $1.25. Fancy head rice 8, head rice 6½.

W. E. Small & Co.

Private leased wires to New York, Chicago and New Orleans.
Members of New York Cotton Exchange.
Members of Chicago Board of Trade.
Members of New Orleans Cotton Exchange.
Phone 1417. P. O. Box 238.
Prudential Bldg. Ground Floor.

SOUTHERN EXCHANGE, GOULD BUILDING.
COTTON, STOCKS, GRAIN, & ETC.

MURPHY & CO., Inc.
Private Leased Wire Direct to New York, Chicago and New Orleans.
COTTON, STOCKS AND GRAIN.
No. 2 S. Pryor St. (Jackson Building). New York Office—No. 61 Broadway. Offices in Principal Cities Throughout the South. Write for our Market Manual and book containing instructions for traders.

W. H. PATTERSON & CO.
—DEALERS IN—
Investment Securities.

FOR SALE.
City of Augusta 4 per cent 30-year Bonds.
Legal investment for trust funds in Georgia and non-taxable for state and county purposes. Price on application.
JOHN W. DICKEY, Augusta, Ga.

S. M. STARK. D. W. MORGAN, Late of Jerry Lynch.
S. M. STARK & COMPANY, Merchant Tailors.
Empire Building, - 37 N. Broad Street, - Atlanta, Ga.

ORDER A BOTTLE OF ACME PURE RYE WHISKEY TODAY. DON'T FORGET IT.

POTTS-THOMPSON LIQUOR CO.
Both Phones. 9 North Pryor Street. Opp. Kimball

ROUND OF ENTERTAINMENTS IN HONOR OF VISITORS

Colonel and Mrs. Lowry Entertained at Luncheon.

MRS. JUDGE TOMPKINS GIVES ELEGANT DINNER

Mrs. E. L. Connally Will Entertain This Afternoon From 3 to 5 O'Clock and Miss Mary Brown Connally From 5 to 7 O'Clock.

COLONEL and Mrs. Robert J. Lowry gave an elegant luncheon at the Capital City Club yesterday in compliment to Mr. and Mrs. Whipple, of New York; Mr. Jefferson Coolidge, of Boston, and Mr. Charles L. Spence, of Baltimore. The guests were assembled in the reception room at 2 o'clock, and luncheon was served in the blue room, where the decorations were elaborate and artistic. The mantels and cabinets were banked in palms and chrysanthemums, and the table had as its centerpiece an elevated plateau of yellow and white chrysanthemums, combined with maidenhair ferns.

The guests invited by Colonel and Mrs. Lowry were Mr. and Mrs. Whipple, Mr. Jefferson Coolidge, Mr. Charles L. Spence, Judge and Mrs. Tompkins, Judge and Mrs. Pardee, Mr. and Mrs. Clark Howell, Mrs. Joseph Thompson, Mrs. Henry Porter, Miss Isma Dooly, Major Livingston Mims, Dr. Hunter P. Cooper and Mr. Thomas Egleston.

Mrs. Lowry wore a superb toilet of black chiffon, embroidered in violets, and elaborately applied in lace. Mrs. Whipple's smart toilet was of tan colored cloth, trimmed in lace. Mrs. Howell wore a handsome gown of black, the corsage lightened by a touch of white, and her picture hat trimmed in white plumes. Mrs. Pardee's becoming gown was of pale tan colored cloth. Mrs. Joseph Thompson was unusually handsome in a tailor gown of black cloth, the revers of the coat embroidered in the Dresden shades. Her hat of black velvet was finished with facings of pink and pink crush roses. Mrs. Henry Porter wore black thread lace over white satin. Mrs. Henry Tompkins wore a Parisian gown of gen d'arme blue cloth, tailor made, the coat opening over a corsage of white trimmed in lace, etched in gold threads. Her hat of white velvet is trimmed in gen d'arme blue velvet and white roses.

Brilliant Dinner Party.

JUDGE and Mrs. Henry B. Tompkins entertained at a brilliant dinner party last night in compliment to Mr. Whipple, of New York; Mr. Jefferson Coolidge, of Boston, and Mr. Charles L. Spence, of Baltimore. The table decorations were most artistic, the centerpiece being a silver loving cup filled with white chrysanthemums and salvia. The silver candelabras had shades of crimson silk, and all the appointments carried out the idea of crimson and white. The guests included Mr. and Mrs. Whipple, Mr. Coolidge, Mr. Spence, Colonel and Mrs. Lowry, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Atkinson, Mrs. Joseph Thompson, Miss Isma Dooly, Mr. Joel Hurt, Mr. Ernest Woodruff and Mr. Thomas Egleston.

Mrs. Tompkins wore an elegant toilet of Venetian lace over pink chiffon, with corsage trimmings of pink crush roses. Mrs. Whipple wore a becoming toilet in lace. Mrs. Lowry's smart gown was of pointe de Venise lace over ciel blue silk. Mrs. Atkinson wore white embroidered lisse. Mrs. Thompson wore a superb toilet of silver gray Louisine, the corsage hand embroidered in pearls and applied in lace.

Brilliant Reception Today.

MRS. E. L. CONNALLY will entertain this afternoon from 3 to 5 o'clock, and Miss Mary Brown Connally from 5 to 7 o'clock at receptions which will distinguish the day socially and will be in themselves notably brilliant events. Mrs. Connally's list of guests is composed of her married friends, including several hundred names, and Miss Connally has invited the maids and bachelors and young married set of her acquaintance.

Both occasions will exercise elaborately the cordial and beautiful hospitality which is a familiar feature of Dr. and Mrs. Connally's home. At frequent intervals their home is opened for the formal reception of all their friends, and notably at these times the welcome and entertainment they offer is marked by the graciousness, refinement and elegance of atmosphere and surrounding that illustrate the true spirit of southern hospitality. The number of guests to assemble this afternoon is unusually large, and the receptions are being looked forward to as exceptionally bright occasions of music, flowers, handsome toilets, and, above all, the enjoyment that results from appreciation of the sincerest and most generous spirit of welcome.

This afternoon the house will in itself be most inviting with its profuse decoration of potted plants and cut flowers. While the floral array will be unusually festive, it will be no unusual feature of the attractions of the house, however, which has always the emphatically homelike atmosphere that sweet flowers indoors afford. Mrs. Connally has her own green houses and flower gardens, which keep the house always pleasingly decorated, and will furnish most of the elaborate decorations for this afternoon. Potted plants of many kinds will make the foliage backgrounds wherever they are effective and chrysanthemums, roses and cosmos will be used in completing the floral plans. The prevailing color will be green, relieved by the frequent pink and white and yellow of the cut flowers.

An orchestra will be conveniently stationed to provide the music for the afternoon.

Mrs. Connally will be assisted in receiving by Mrs. Julius Brown, Mrs. Joseph Brown, Mrs. George M. Brown, Mrs. L. B. Rosser, Mrs. Mark W. Johnson, Mrs. W. W. Gray, Mrs. Alex Smith, Mrs. Richard Ellis, Mrs. W. P. Pattillo, Mrs. Howard Van Epps, Mrs. E. A. Werner, Mrs. G. A. Nicolson, Mrs. George McCarty, Mrs. A. W. Calhoun, Mrs. John King Ottley, Mrs. J. W. Morrow, Mrs. J. T. Dargan, Mrs. George Hillyer, Mrs. W. G. Raoul, Mrs. J. C. Bageley, Mrs. John E. White, Mrs. Isaac Boyd, Mrs. C. Cunningham and Mrs. Cornelia Goodwin.

Assisting Miss Brown will be Misses Ellen Hillyer, Martha Boynton, Martha Brown, Louise Todd, Annie Fitten, Ada Alexander, Mary and Nannie Nicolson, Florence Werner, Miss Love of Chattanooga, Annie May Hall, Susie Cunningham, Emma Connally and Mrs. James Young Swift, of Elberton.

Atlanta Woman's Club.

The Atlanta Woman's Club will celebrate its sixth birthday on the afternoon of Monday, November 11, by a reception in honor of the new members at the club rooms, the Grand, from 3:30 to 5 o'clock. All club members are expected to be present, and the new members are urged to be in the club rooms promptly.

Miss Akers' Reception.

One of the prettiest of the several receptions which have contributed to the gayety of the present busy social season was that at which Miss Ethel Akers entertained yesterday from 5 to 7 in honor of Miss Palmer, of Augusta, and Miss Laurie Davis. In the receiving line were half a dozen or more charming young women beautifully gowned, who cordially made welcome the hundred or more young men and women who called to meet the guests of honor.

The house was decorated in autumn leaves, palms and chrysanthemums, large vases holding perfect specimens of these last being striking features of the decorations. An orchestra in the lower hall sent pleasing strains of music throughout the rooms, and delicious ices, bonbons and punch were served.

Miss Akers was charming in a Frenchily fashioned gown of pink crepe de chine with lacing of black velvet ribbon and finished with a touch of blue.

Miss Palmer wore a graceful gown of white liberty satin, very elaborately trimmed, and Miss Tochie Davis was strikingly handsome in pink silk and lace inserting. Miss Lucy Cole wore a becoming gown of red cloth, and her guest, Miss Newton, of Toccoa, was much admired in a blue cloth gown finished in white liberty satin. Miss Vernon Williford was lovely in white organdie, her bouquet of yellow chrysanthemums. Miss Ethel Mobley was notably attractive in white organdie with a touch of blue. Miss Lillian King was a center of admiration in a lace covered gown of white satin. Mrs. Akers was handsome in black crepe de chine.

Bazaar a Great Success.

The bazaar held yesterday at the residence of Miss Florence Jackson was a great success and a large sum was realized for the hospital.

There was no trouble in disposing of the many pretty articles on sale, and the young ladies were kept busy supplying the demands of the large crowd that filled the house.

The Young Ladies' Auxiliary of the Presbyterian hospital, deserve the highest praise for their assistance to a worthy cause, and are to be congratulated upon the success of the bazaar.

Felker-Lewis.

Mr. and Mrs. George Walton Felker, of Monroe, Ga., announce the engagement of their daughter, Lena, to Mr. George Allen Lewis. The wedding will take place at 4 o'clock, November 27, at the Methodist church in Monroe.

The bride will be attended by her two sisters, Misses Irene and Clare Felker. The groom will have as his best man Mr. A. B. Mobley. The ushers will be Messrs. W. O. Dean, T. C. Hoyl and W. P. Muse.

Miss Felker is the eldest daughter of Mr. G. W. Felker, who is prominent as a banker and successful business man, not only in his native town, but in the state as well. She is a first honor graduate of Lucy Cobb institute, and is a young woman of rare attainments, both of mind and character.

Mr. Lewis is a young man of sterling worth and of marked ability. He is popular both in the social and business worlds, and is closely identified with all the leading interests of Monroe.

Kendrick-Sherlin.

A beautiful church wedding which was witnessed by a large number of relatives and friends of the contracting parties was that of Miss Annabel Kendrick, of Sharon, Ga., and Mr. George A. Sherlin, of Atlanta, which occurred Thursday afternoon at the Presbyterian church at 4 o'clock, the Rev. R. E. L. Harris officiating.

The church was prettily decorated. The entire altar was banked with palms, ferns and hot-house plants. Garlands of cedar were hung from the walls in empire style, through which gleamed countless tapers. During the ceremony "O Promise Me" was played by Miss Bertie Scott.

The bridal party entered as follows: Misses Mary and Louise Kendrick, nieces of the bride, came first and took their position on either side of the bell, from which graceful loops of green and white satin ribbon were suspended. Next came the ushers, Messrs. M. F. Leary, of Augusta, and J. A. Kendrick, of Sharon, entering by the right aisle, and Messrs. Boykin C. Wright and T. Seals Darden by the left aisle. Little Kathleen Kendrick preceded the bride as ring-bearer. The bride entered on the arm of her sister, Mrs. Leary.

Mrs. Sherlin has a piquant beauty that attracts while her charm of character speaks for itself. Mr. Sherlin is a prominent and successful young business man, and holds the respect and high esteem of the business world.

Mr. and Mrs. Sherlin left immediately after the ceremony for Atlanta, their future home, where a reception was tendered them at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Kendrick, the brother of the bride, No. 72 Capitol avenue, where the young couple will make their future home.

Miss Calhoun to Entertain.

Miss Susan Calhoun will entertain at luncheon today at her home on Peachtree in compliment to Miss Julia Porter and Miss Roline Clark. The guests are Miss Maude Tompkins, Miss Agnes Raoul, Miss Valeria Rankin, Miss Eugenia Oglesby, Miss Myrtice Scott, Miss Henrietta Collier, Miss Louise Black, Miss Adelaide Howell and Miss Hattie Scales.

Meetings.

Miss Blodgett will give the second of the series of Bible lessons at the Y. M. C. A. at 11 o'clock this morning.

The Manning Circle will meet Tuesday, November 12, at 3:30 o'clock at the residence of Miss Gertrude Corrigan, 115 East Fair street.

A Happy Occasion.

Little Miss Laura Wood gave a beautiful party last Monday afternoon in honor of her twelfth birthday.

Laura's teacher, Miss Ada Perrine, and her former teacher, Miss Julia Riordan, were special guests at the party. The other guests of honor were: Miss Maud Smith, Mrs. James E. Dickey, Mrs. Walter Ballard, Miss Alice Garland Davis, Mrs. Frank B. Dunlap, Mrs. Egion T. Morgan and Mrs. Charles Ledferd.

The younger guests of the happy occasion were: Julia, Annie, Jessie and Claire Dickey, Reinette Miller, Kathleen Douglas, Jennie Anita Morgan, Janie Gwin, Annie Sykes Rice, Anita Stewart, Maybelle Moore, LenaMae Ledferd, Isabel Ledferd, Bessie Davisson, Bessie Dobbs, Bessie Abbey, Valette Jones, Edna Jones, Edna Mooney, Eudora Spence, Daisy Dunlap, Odessa Greer, Lamar Jeter, Florence Dennis, Dorothy Breitenbucher, Helen Gullatt, Estelle Leyden, Mildred Thomson, Belle Thompson, Carrie Ingle, Louise Massey, Lida Mae Floyd, Eva Conaway, Ollie Jean Barmore, Jessie Goree, Leslie Witt, Jennie Lou Powell, Myrtle Stribling, Nellie Ballard, Edna Glenn, Pauline Miller, Ethel Thomas, Eva Wurm, Lebie Ewing, Pattie Harrison, Minnie McFall, Ethel Hollingsworth, Hattie Hunter, Nellie Wilson, Eva Wilson, Laura Wood, Hazel Wood and Emelize and Rose Wood; Masters Charley Boatenreiter and Hendrix Douglass were the only young gentlemen present.

MRS. J. K. OTTLEY'S ARGUMENT ON COLOR LINE IS INDORSED



MRS. J. K. OTTLEY, OF ATLANTA,

Whose Strong Paper Opposing Admission of Colored Clubs to General Federation Received Strong Indorsement from the Georgia Federation.

Athens, Ga., November 8.—The Georgia Federation of Women's Clubs closed its session here tonight. The feature of the morning session was the address by Mrs. John K. Ottley, of Atlanta, on the subject of the color line in the general federation. She gave a strong argument against the admission of colored clubs into the general federation and at the conclusion of her address the federation passed resolutions unanimously indorsing her views. The officers elected for the ensuing year are:

President, Mrs. A. O. Granger, of Cartersville.

First vice president, Miss Rosa Woodberry, of Athens.

Second vice president, Mrs. T. R. Mills, of Griffin.

Recording secretary, Miss Mabel Head, of LaGrange.

Corresponding secretary, Miss Ruth Evans, of LaGrange.

Treasurer, Mrs. R. H. Lester.

Directors, Mrs. J. Lindsay Johnson, of Rome; Mrs. James Jackson, of Atlanta; Mrs. Eugene Heard, of Beaumont; Mrs. J. K. Ottley, of Atlanta; Mrs. W. E. Jones, of Waynesboro.

State School Commissioner G. R. Glenn tonight spoke to the federation on "The Club Woman's Work for Education in Georgia."

Mrs. J. Lindsay Johnson, retiring president, made a few farewell remarks and the session adjourned.

The next meeting of the Georgia federation will be held in Atlanta.



Welsbach Reading Lights For the Long Winter Nights

ATLANTA GAS LIGHT CO.

Johnson's HIGH GRADE Chocolates AND Bon Bons.

19 East Alabama Street.

Social Items.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hill are at home to their friends at the Majestic hotel.

Mrs. Sarah Cooper Sanders, of Washington, Ga., is in the city on her way home from New York.

Miss Marion Colley, of Washington, will be the guest of Miss Bessie Chandler some time during the winter.

Miss Mamie B. Cantrell and Miss Annie O'Brien, of Charleston, S. C., are the guests of Mrs. F. A. Healy.

Mrs. Mary Cooper, of Washington, Ga., is the guest of relatives in Decatur.

Dr. J. W. Hurt returned yesterday from Columbus, Ga., where he attended the funeral of his brother, Henry Hurt, who died n Augusta last Tuesday.

Mr. J. H. Dinwiddie leaves Sunday for Baltimore, where he will make his home in the future.

Miss Francis Walter is the guest of her sister, Miss Hollins Randolph.

An informal reception will be given to Mrs. E. R. Greene, deputy supreme commander, Ladies of the Maccabees, on Saturday afternoon, at the home of Mrs. L. Goldsmith, 227 Central avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Whipple, of New York, return home today.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. English and Mrs. Laulie Ray Parrott leave on the 17th of this month for New York, where they will attend the horse show.

Mr. and Mrs. John Winfield returned to their home in Boston yesterday.

Mr. John L. Langdon, of Knoxville, was in the city yesterday.

Miss Marie Stone, of New Orleans, spent yesterday in the city.

Miss Oliver Sutton has returned to Washington.

Miss Elizabeth Rice spent last week with relatives in the city.

Colonel and Mrs. Lowry, Mrs. H. B. Tompkins, Miss Isma Dooly and Mrs. Leo Jordan, of Macon, leave today for New York. Mrs. Jordan will arrive in the city at 11 o'clock and join the party here.

Mr. Charles L. Spence, of Baltimore, leaves for home tomorrow.

Mrs. John A. Allen has returned to Chicago.

Mr. T. Jefferson Coolidge and Mr. Harry M. Atkinson leave this morning for a business trip to New Orleans.

Mrs. Annie Raine Mynatt is expected home today.

Dr. and Mrs. John Arton Harris will return to Macon next week.

Mr. George Lynch, of London, left yesterday for Washington. He will remain in this country until after the New York horse show.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel M. Sims, of south Georgia, are in the city until after Christmas.

Mr. Henry Brooks Vickers, of Cleveland, is in the city for several days.

Mrs. Harry Baker has returned from Augusta.

Mrs. Arthur Walton and Master William L. Walton, of Chattanooga, spent yesterday in the city.

Mrs. Francis A. Jones has returned from a visit to her daughter in Savannah.

Mr. John S. Dobbins, of New York, is in the city until after Sunday.

Mr. J. W. Ward leaves Sunday for New York.

Miss Ada Alexander will entertain the Spinster Club next week.

Mrs. Edward Hook, of Augusta, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. James L. Maude.

Miss Julia Romare is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Thomas, in Savannah.

Mrs. George Saunders and Miss Rebis Saunders, of Memphis, are in the city.

Mr. William A. Page, of Virginia, spent yesterday in the city.

Miss Willie Parker returns to her home in Henderson, N. C., next week.

Mrs. Ralph Hamilton Brown has issued invitations for a card party at her home, 365 Piedmont avenue, on Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

Mrs. Frank Dykes is in Chattanooga.

Mr. Philip Breitenbucher leaves today for New York, where he will study for two years.

Miss Ada Perrine will visit Columbus in December.

Miss Edith Thompson will visit Virginia this month.

Food Changed to Poison.

Putrefying food in the intestines produces effects like those of arsenic, but Dr. King's New Life Pills expel the poisons from clogged bowels, gently, easily but surely, curing Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Fevers, all Liver, Kidney and Bowel troubles. Only 25c, at all druggists.

"Clothes gave us individuality, distinction, social equality. Clothes have made men of us."



It looks all right in sunshine, and it is all right in rain, or cold. It combines dress and utility.

We refer to our GENUINE ENGLISH "GRAVENETTE" COATS, which we are showing in tan and oxford effects at $12.50 to $25 each. No bad smelling rubber and more dressy and practical than a mackintosh. See samples in window. If you're without it, you're not "in it."

Eiseman & Weil,

Every man is odd, but we can fit him.

26 Whitehall Street.

Exclusive agents for W. L. Douglas Shoes.

KREIS, 18 Trinity Avenue.

LADIES AND GENTS DYEING, CLEANING, PRESSING.

PHONE 880.

THE THEATERS

In a finished, artistic and well staged performance R. D. MacLean and Miss Odette Tyler presented at the Grand last night to an appreciative audience Shakespeare's well-known tragedy, "Coriolanus." Mr. MacLean, in the part of Coriolanus, and Miss Tyler as Virgilia, his wife, have surrounded themselves with a talented company of players, and their work upon its own artistic merit was of such excellence as to command frequent and marked approval from the audience.

Among those in the cast whose work was of special excellence were Max von Mitzel as Menenius, Augustus MacLean as Junius Brutus, Frank Henning as Tullus Aufidius and Mrs. Henry Vandenhoff as Volumnia. The others of the cast did well.

The play was splendidly staged, special scenery being carried for every scene and act, and the costuming was beyond criticism. "Coriolanus" will be repeated tonight, and this afternoon Mr. MacLean and Miss Tyler will present "School for Scandal."

At the conclusion of the third act last night, which brings one of the most intense climaxes of the play, Mr. MacLean and Miss Tyler were presented with two handsome bouquets of chrysanthemums and roses. The applause was so continued that the curtain was raised five times in response, while they made graceful acknowledgment. J. F. L.

The old saying "the play's the thing," has never been more forcibly proven than by the success which has attended "The Pride of Jennico," the romantic drama which will be given here at the Grand Monday and Tuesday evenings and Tuesday matinee, November 11 and 12.

"The Pride of Jennico" has such spirited climaxes, such consistent characters, such tender love episodes and such sparkling comedy that when all this wealth of dramatic literature is placed before an audience no individual there present can refrain from raising both hands in delighted applause and exclaiming aloud in unconscious enthusiasm, "This is indeed nature." Two seasons of uninterrupted prosperity have placed this play among the list of undoubted successes, and the simple announcement that it will be given here with all the original scenery and a first class company will be enough to draw a crowded house.

The Klimt-Hearn company will give two more performances this week at the Columbia theater. At the matinee this afternoon "The City of New York" will be put on. Tonight the engagement will be brought to a close with "The Fatal Card." After the last act tonight the management will give away $25 to those holding the lucky numbers.

A splendid audience was on hand to see "Eagle's Nest" last night, and if applause and curtain calls count for anything, those present got their full money's worth.

This will probably be the last engagement of the Klimt-Hearn company here this season.

A meritorious attraction is promised next week at the Columbia theater in the engagement of the Arnold stock company, presenting a list of plays that will appeal to all classes of theatergoers. The bill for Monday night will be the four-act comedy drama "In Honor Bound," which will be followed by "Storm Beaten," "The Vagabonds," a dramatization of Daudet's famous novel, "Sapho," and "Down the Slope." High class vaudeville will be introduced between acts by Lee Edmonds, Foster Hall, Miss Lee Glover, Professor Zera, Boston and Young and the Herald Square Quartet.

Matinees are announced for Wednesday and Saturday afternoons.

The usual popular prices of 10 cents, 20 cents and 30 cents will prevail for this engagement.

Hoyt's "A Day and a Night," the latest success of America's most popular playwright, comes to us this season abounding in bright and catchy comedy specialties, new and taking songs, smart dances and sparkling musical gems. The company has been selected with especial care and it is claimed that this season's production of the play outclasses any that has heretofore been given to it. The costuming is new and costly and every attention to detail is complete in its production.

"A Day and a Night" comes to the Grand Thursday next for a bargain matinee and a night performance.

Might Have Been Lynched.

Mobile, Ala., November 8.—Wesley Jones, a 13-year-old negro boy charged with assaulting the 6-year-old daughter of Rev. Reucher, a minister who resides at Stockton, Baldwin county, was brought to the Mobile jail today for safe keeping, as it was feared he would be lynched.

WILBUR'S COCOA

MONEY BACK means just this: if you do not like WILBUR'S COCOA, go and tell your grocer so, and he will without question return the money you paid for it.

H. O. WILBUR & SONS, Philadelphia — New York — Chicago

THE GRAND

R. D. MACLEAN and MISS ODETTE TYLER WILL PRESENT MATINEE TODAY: "THE SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL."

TONIGHT. "CORIOLANUS."

Monday and Tuesday—Matinee Tuesday. James K. Hackett's Great Success, "The Pride of Jennico." Presented by Special Arrangement with DANIEL FROHMAN. Original Scenery, Costumes and Effects. Sale now open.

DR. J. F. HANEY, Osteopathic Physician, SUITE 509 THE GRAND. Makes a specialty of Chronic, Nervous and Female Diseases.



Have Your Moles, Superfluous Hair, Scars, Pimples, Wrinkles, Blackheads, Freckles removed permanently by Mrs. Ella R. Berry, Celebrated Dermatologist, Aragon Hotel. Sample of Mrs. Berry's delightful CU-YOU-CAN FACE POWDER given free this week.

CAPTAIN GRANT LAID TO REST

With Simple Ceremonies His Body Rests at Oakland.

MANY TRIBUTES FROM FRIENDS

Service at the House Was Marked by Great Simplicity—Large Gathering Present.

The body of Captain William Daniel Grant was placed beside that of his distinguished father, the late John Thomas Grant, in the family vault at Oakland cemetery, yesterday afternoon.

The funeral services which preceded the last sad rites at the cemetery were held at the residence on Peachtree street at 2:30 o'clock, and were marked by a rare degree of simplicity. This was in accord with the life and wishes of the deceased, whose unostentatious life was one of his marked characteristics.

The funeral service was read by the Rev. C. B. Wilmer, rector of St. Lukes church. It was the simple burial service of the Episcopal church, and no formal sermon was preached.

Hundreds of friends and relatives visited the Grant residence during the day to pay their respects to the dead and to offer sympathy and consolation to the bereaved family. The floral tributes were many and beautiful.

Throughout the city, among all classes, the death of Captain Grant was keenly felt. One notable instance of the high regard in which he was held was evidenced in the action of the Georgia legislature in adopting a resolution of sympathy and regret introduced by Representative Houston. It is seldom that a man who had never entered or sought public life meets with the universal regret that his death occasioned.

SAYS SMITH IS SURE TO RUN.

A Legislator Asserts Hon. Jim Smith Will Be an Important Factor in Race for Governor.

Hon. John R. Hosch, a member of the house of representatives from Jackson county, is confident that Hon. James M. Smith, of Oglethorpe, will be an important factor in the race for governor. Speaking of the matter yesterday, he said:

"You can count on Colonel James M. Smith being an important factor in the race for governor to succeed Hon. Allen D. Candler, if things keep moving along as they have been in the past few days. I had a talk with Colonel Smith a few days ago and from that conversation I know he had no idea of making the race several months ago, but was giving Hon. F. G. duBignon hearty support, as he served in the house of representatives with Mr. duBignon, the latter representing Baldwin county.

"Colonel Smith is not a politician at all, although he was for ten years one of the legislators of the state, having been eight years in the house an two in the senate, and also a delegate to the democratic national convention at Chicago in 1892 from the state at large.

"He has made a success of his business. He has become a wealthy man by farming. However, he has other interests, such as manufacturing, mercantile, railroad and banks, and would at all times and under all circumstances do justice to every business in the state.

"As I stated before, Colonel Smith has not decided to run, but if he does, you may rest assured he will wage a vigorous and aggressive campaign."

Georgia State Fair, at Savannah, Ga., November 6 to 16.

The DeSoto Hotel has accommodations for 600 guests and will make a special rate of $2.50 per day and upward during the fair.

COLUMBIA THEATRE

Klimt-Hearn Co.

Will Present at Matinee Today "THE CITY OF NEW YORK."

Tonight, "THE FATAL CARD."

Prices, 10, 20 and 30 cents.

$25 GIVEN AWAY TONIGHT.

ALL NEXT WEEK. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.

Arnold Stock Co.

Monday Night. "IN HONOR BOUND."

Special Scenery for Every Play. The Greatest Vaudeville Between Acts Ever Presented at 10, 20 and 30c.

FIRST TIME HERE.

Two Complete Exhibitions Afternoon and Night. MONDAY, NOVEMBER 11TH.

Corner Wheat and Jackson Streets.

Walter L. Main's Shows.

The show that has been made the world talk. The press and clergy unite in pronouncing it the grandest moral and instructive exhibition ever placed before the public.

The Largest Traveling Menagerie in Existence.

The Model 20th Century Amusement Idea. Doors open 1 and 7 p. m. Performance one hour later.

Watch for the parade at 10 o'clock. All tents water proof.

Tickets on sale day of exhibition at Miller's book store, 39 Marietta st.



If you only knew what a world of pleasure is open to you by attaching an

ANGELUS ORCHESTRAL

to your piano. The silence that has reigned in your home most of the time for the want of a piano player would be broken by the most enchanting music. At your will, you can play the piano by it-elf, the organ by itself, or have an orchestra playing sacred, operatic, rag-time, or any kind of music you may desire.

It makes the whole family musicians and enables you to entertain your visitors for hours most delightfully.

Will convince you that you can play as well as many professional pianists, if you will call at 96 Whitehall street at any time or attend the

Angelus Recital,

Saturday, Nov. 9th, from 10:30 till noon, at

The Hall of The Cable Co., 96-98 Whitehall Street,

to which you are cordially invited.

F. L. FREYER, Southern Agent

DOMINION LINE. To EUROPE With Safety and Speed.

Average voyage less than 7 days. Boston to Queenstown and Liverpool. Take one of the Palatial New Twin Screw Steamers of the DOMINION LINE

NEW ENGLAND, 11,000 tons. Nov. 9; Dec. 4. Saloon passage, $60 and up; 2d in, $40; 3d class lowest rates. For passage, plans and illustrated folder apply at company's office, 77 State st., Boston, Mass.

SIX MONTHS' TREATMENT FOR ONE DOLLAR OF Dr. Burkhart's VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

POSITIVELY CURES pain in side, back, under shoulder blade, smothering sensations, tired feeling, poor appetite, coated tongue, pimples on face, bad taste, sick or blotted stomach, dizziness, headache, restlessness at night, night sweats, and all blood disorders. All druggists.

Dr. W. S. Burkhart, Cincinnati, O.

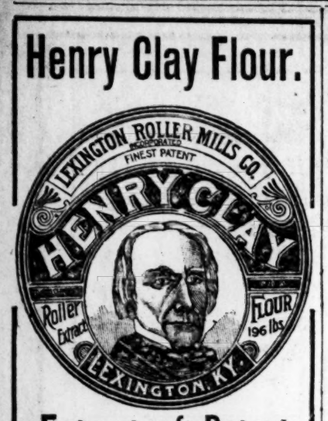
A Good Watch Is The Best Friend to Present to Your Boy.

Our kind we can recommend and guarantee. They won't run away from you nor make you tardy.

DAVIS & FREEMAN, Jewelers, 47 Whitehall Street.

Sole Atlanta agents for Libbey's Cut Glass. Sole Atlanta agents for Tiffany Art Glass.

Henry Clay Flour.



Extract of Patent

made from the best winter wheat in the world, selected on account of being especially rich in Gluten and Phosphates, producing a healthy, appetizing and nutritious bread, with a handsome, light, white loaf which will keep sweet and moist.

Sold Everywhere.

OPIUM COCAINE AND WHISKY Habits Cured at my Sanatorium, in 30 days. Hundreds of references. 25 years a specialty. Book on Home Treatment sent FREE. Address B. M. WOOLLEY, M. D., Atlanta, Ga.

Alexander's Hotel,
15 MARIETTA STREET.
Only up-to-date European Hotel for men only in the city.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

NORTHERN COLLEGE

We wish to correspond with young men and women in the south who are now ready to take a Commercial or Stenographer's course. We offer a moderate winter climate and one of the most famous commercial colleges in America. Large salaries paid here. For information that will interest you, write today for new catalogue "B." Address:
Coldey College, Wilmington, Del.

Sullivan, Crichton & Smith's
Business College
The Complete Business Course, Total Cost, $30.00. "Actual Business from start to finish." Most thorough Shorthand Dep't in 5 cities. 4000 graduates. Cat. free.

POSITIONS! May deposit money in bank till position is secured or give notes. Car fare paid. Cheap board. Send for 150-p Catalogue.
Draughon's PRACTICAL (Write Either Place) BUSINESS Colleges
Cor. Alabama & Whitehall, Atlanta, Nashville St. Louis, Montgomery, Little Rock, Ft. Worth Galveston and Shreveport. Endorsed by business men from Maine to California. Over 3,000 students last year. Bookkeeping four text books. Bookkeeping sales on same $25 to $50 per day. No vacation. Enter anytime. Bookkeeping, Shorthand, etc., taught by mail.

TEXTILES
Eighteen Courses in Yarn and Cloth Manufacture, including Carding, Spinning, Weaving, Designing and Mill Calculations for mill workers, and all interested in textiles. The Original and only school. Established for years. Prepares you for a higher position.
Learn and earn at the same time.
Taught by Mail Write for illustrated catalogue.
C. P. BROOKS, Director.
American Correspondence School of Textiles, Dept. 11
NEW BEDFORD, Massachusetts.

SOUTHERN SHORTHAND AND Business University
ATLANTA GA
8,000 Graduates. Receives from 1 to 5 applications daily for bookkeepers and stenographers. Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Telegraphy taught. Refers to Atlanta's business men and bankers. Write for catalogue. Address A. C. Briscoe, Pres., or L. W. Arnold, V. Pres., Atlanta, Ga.

W. H. LYCETT ATLANTA GA
It means best of CHINA PAINTING, lessons, materials. White China for painters. Painted China for presents. 30 years in the business. 18 years on Whitehall st. Write for catalogue.

Dresser Trunks, Traveling Bags, all kind Pocketbooks.
FOOTE'S TRUNK FACTORY,
17 E. Alabama St. Phones 230.

OPIUM Morphine and Whiskey habits treated without pain or confinement. Cure guaranteed or no pay. B. H. VEAL, Man'gr Lithia Springs Sanitarium, Box 3, Austell, Ga.

E & W MARK
MOHONK COLLAR

IF YOU NEED SHINGLES
...Come to See Us...
The timber from which our Shingles were manufactured has not been bled, therefore our Shingles last longer than others. Prompt delivery—Low Prices—'Phone 532.
SOUTH GEORGIA LUMBER COMPANY.
O. STEWART, Proprietor—62 W. Hunter St., Corner Madison Ave.

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS

Notable Opinions Handed Down Yesterday Morning.

LOCAL CASES ARE DECIDED

Court of Last Resort Brings to a Close a Number of Issues Long Pending.

Decisions Rendered Friday, November 8, 1901.

77. Larned v. Wentworth et al. Injunction. Before Judge Brinson. Richmond superior court.

Little, J.—1. When by the terms of a written contract an option to purchase, within a stated time, lands at a named price is given to another for a valuable consideration, the performance of or offer to perform the conditions stated, within the time limited, is necessary to entitle the party to whom the option is given to the right to demand a conveyance of the land; no rights thereunder will accrue by an offer to perform after the time limited has expired.

2. To be effective, the acceptance and performance of the conditions named must be absolute and unconditional. Notice given within the time, that the conditions are accepted, and the payment of a nominal sum as earnest money to an agent not authorized to change the terms of the contract, under an agreement with him that the title shall be examined and if found good the entire purchase-money shall then be paid, is not, when these things fall short of compliance with such conditions, such an acceptance as will authorize a decree for a specific performance of the contract.

3. An agent who is authorized by the owner to give to a prospective buyer an option to purchase described land at a given price, if exercised within a named time, has no implied authority to consent to a conditional acceptance of the terms of the option, to be performed after the time limit has expired.

4. The acceptance of the terms of the option, under the evidence in this case, was not unconditionally made within the limit of the time expressed in the written contract of option; and therefore performance could not properly have been decreed. It follows that the grant of injunction to restrain the owner from changing the status of the title to the land pending litigation was erroneous.

Judgment reversed. All the justices concur. J. R. Lamar, for plaintiff in error. S. F. Garlington, contra.

78. Western and Atlantic Railroad Company v. Robinson. Damages. Before Judge Fite. Catoosa superior court.

Simmons, C. J.—Where in the trial of a suit against a railroad company for the killing of live stock the plaintiff shows the killing by one of the defendant's trains, the law raises a presumption of negligence against the company. Where, however, positive and uncontradicted evidence of the defendant's employees shows that the injury could not be avoided by the exercise of all ordinary and reasonable care and diligence, the presumption is rebutted and must give way to such evidence, and a verdict against the company is contrary to law. Western and Atlantic Railroad Company v. Beason, 12 Ga. 553. Judgment reversed. All concur. (No further opinion).

Payne & Tye and R. J. & J. McCamy, for plaintiff in error.
Payne & Payne, contra.

79. Southern Railway Company v. Wood. Damages. Before Judge Fite. Whitfield superior court.

Cobb, J.—The evidence authorized the verdict, and none of the grounds of the motion for a new trial contain assignments of error which required the trial judge to set aside the verdict of the jury and award a new trial. Judgment affirmed. All concur.
Shumate & Maddox, for plaintiff in error.
Jones & Martin, contra.

80. Western and Atlantic Railroad Company v. Herndon. Damages. Before Judge Fite. Whitfield superior court.

Lewis, J.—In order for the widow of a deceased employee of a railroad company to recover from the company for the homicide of her husband in a railroad collision, it must appear that the deceased was free from any fault contributing to the same. The evidence for both the plaintiff and the defendant in the present case showing that the plaintiff's decedent was guilty of negligence, and that this negligence contributed to the homicide, a verdict for the plaintiff was unwarranted and should have been set aside as contrary to the evidence.

Judgment reversed. All concur.
Payne & Tye and R. J. & J. McCamy, for plaintiff in error.
C. T Ladson and Jones & Martin, contra.

81. Lumsden, constable, for use, etc., v. Lawrence et al. Motion to dismiss the writ of error.

Lumpkin, P. J.—The judge's certificate does not unequivocally verify the bill of exceptions, and as a result the writ of error must be dismissed. See Johnson v. Equitable Loan Company, 113 Ga., 1153 (in press), July 24, 1901.

Writ of error dismissed. All concur. (No further opinion).
I. L. Oakes and J. J. Kimsey, for plaintiff in error.
H. H. Dean and J. C. Edwards, contra.

82. Norcross Butter and Cheese Manufacturing Company, for use, etc., v. Summerour. Complaint. Before Judge Gober. Milton superior court.

Cobb, J.—1. When a contract is entered into between two persons, in which one of them subscribes money for the purpose of building a factory, and the other agrees to construct such factory when a certain amount shall have been subscribed, and it is further agreed that when this is done the subscribers shall have themselves incorporated into a company for the purpose of operating the factory, the liability of the subscribers on their subscriptions is, in the first instance, to the person agreeing to construct the factory, but after the corporation is formed such liability is to the corporation only, and it becomes liable, to the extent of the unpaid subscriptions, to the person who agreed to build the factory.

2. Though an amendment making entirely new parties plaintiff may have been improperly allowed, yet if allowed without objection from the defendant, the suit can proceed in the name of the new plaintiffs, and if a liability to them is established, a recovery can be had.

3. The mere fact that a plaintiff in his pleadings declares his intention of suing for the use of a third person does not raise any question as to the liability either of the plaintiff or of the defendant to such third person. The words declaring an intention to use the recovery for the fienefit of another are, as to the defendant, harmless surplusage. He is not concerned in what disposition is to be made of the recovery.

Judgment reversed. All concur.
H. L. Patterson, for plaintiff in error.
T. L. Lewis, B. F. Simpson and Enoch Faw, contra.

83. Stover v. Adams. Garnishment. Before Judge Harris. City court of Cartersville.

Lewis, J.—1. Exceptions pendente lite upon which no error is assigned in the main bill of exceptions, and upon which counsel makes no assignment before the argument of the case, cannot be considered by this court.

2. Where an answer to a garnishment is accepted by the court over the objection of the plaintiff that it was not filed within the time prescribed by law, and the plaintiff in garnishment files exceptions pendente lite to this ruling, he is bound thereby until it is set aside or reversed, and cannot at a subsequent term of court reopen the question by a motion to strike the garnishee's answer.

Judgment affirmed. All concur.
James B. Conyers, for plaintiff in error.
Milner & Anderson and J. W. & P. F. Akin, contra.

84. Adams et al. v. Candler, Governor. Forfeiture of recognizance. Before Judge Estes. White superior court.

Little, J.—An obligation binding the principal and sureties in a penal sum named, payable to the governor of Georgia and his successors in office, conditioned for the personal appearance of the principal at a stated term of a superior court to answer to a bill of indictment which has been preferred against such principal, is a contract to which the state of Georgia and the principal and sureties executing the bond are the only parties. Although a contract of this character is executed on Sunday by the obligatory parties, it cannot be classed as a contract made in the pursuit of a business, or the performance of a work within the ordinary calling of one of the parties to the contract.

Judgment affirmed. All concur.
J. W. H. Underwood and J. J. Kimsey, for plaintiffs in error.
W. A. Charters, solicitor general, contra.

85. Stamey v. Hill. Complaint. Before Judge Jones. City court of Clarkesville.

Lumpkin, P. J.—A city court cannot lawfully try upon its merits a case which has been appealed from a justice's court to a superior court; and when such a case is for any reason entered upon the docket of a city court, its only proper course is to strike the same therefrom. Kirkman v. Gillespie, 112 Ga. 507. As was ruled in that case, "When a trial court, in a case over which it has, as to subject-matter, no jurisdiction, renders therein any judgment except one of dismissal, this court will reverse the same, whether exception to it for want of jurisdiction in the court below be taken in the bill of exceptions or not."

Judgment reversed, with direction. All concur. (No further opinion.)
J. C. Edwards, for plaintiff in error.

86. White v. Bleckley et al. Complaint for land. Before W. A. Chambers, judge pro hac vice. Rabun superior court.

Little, J.—1. When in a case which involves title to land an adjudication has been had that the title is in certain named persons, parties thereto, the adverse parties are concluded thereby, and neither of them can lawfully raise the question of title against the prevailing parties or their privies.

2. When, as a result of such adjudication, one who claims title as administrator has prevailed over the adverse party, it is a conclusive reply to an action brought to recover the land from him as an individual that the defendant holds title in his representative character as administrator, and not individually.

3. As against the plaintiff, title to the premises in dispute has, under the records shown, been adjudicated to be in the defendants; that is to say, one in his own right, one as administrator, and the third as a privy in estate of the other two. See White v. Bleckley, 105 Ga. 173.

Judgment affirmed. All concur. (No further opinion.)
John J. Strickland and J. C. Edwards, for plaintiff in error.
W. S. Paris and H. H. Dean, contra.

87. Thornton v. Lemon, McMillan & Co. Certiorari. Before Judge Gober. Cobb superior court.

Lumpkin, P. J.—1. A promissory note executed and delivered by a married woman for the purpose of settling a pending action against her husband and herself, wherein the plaintiff alleged that both were liable, is binding upon her, although in point of fact the debt declared upon was exclusively that of her husband. The consideration of such a note is not the husband's debt, but the settlement of the litigation.

2. There being, on the trial in the magistrate's court, sufficient evidence to support the plaintiff's contention that the notes sued upon were given in settlement of litigation of the nature above indicated, there was no abuse of discretion in overruling the defendant's certiorari.

Judgment affirmed. All concur. (No further opinion.)
T. C. Battle, for plaintiff in error.
J. J. Northcutt, contra.

88. Neal v. Fox. Certiorari. Before Judge Fite. Gordon superior court.

Simmons, C. J.—1. Even if it is necessary that a petition for certiorari should be signed by the petitioner or his counsel, it is sufficient if the petitioner sign the affidavit to the petition.

2. Where upon the trial of a case before a magistrate in a justice's court the plaintiff closes his evidence and the defendant moves to dismiss the case because of an insufficiency of the plaintiff's evidence, the magistrate should not dismiss the case, but, if the plaintiff's evidence is not sufficient to authorize a judgment in his favor, should grant a non-suit or find in favor of the defendant. If the magistrate erroneously makes an entry on his docket that the case is dismissed, it amounts in law to a non-suit or a judgment for the defendant. In such a case the plaintiff has a right to appeal to a jury; and on the call of the appeal it is error for the magistrate to dismiss it on the ground that the case has been dismissed and that there was nothing to appeal from. Hollis v. Dozier, 113 Ga. 115 (in press), 39 S. E. 308, decided March 27, 1901.

3. Where an appeal has been entered from a judgment in a justice's court, the appellant cannot by certiorari review the same judgment. Burrows v. White, 69 Ga. 841.

Judgment affirmed. All concur. (No further opinion.)
Starr & Erwin, for plaintiff in error.
George A. Coffee, contra.

89. Weaver v. Stoner. Complaint. Before Judge Harris. City court of Cartersville.

Cobb, J.—1. The court committed no error in the ruling on evidence which was complained of; and the verdict for the plaintiff, under the facts of the case, was properly directed.

2. Where counsel for plaintiff in error is compelled by the court, at the instance of counsel for the defendant in error, to embody in the bill of exceptions a mass of documentary evidence which could have been properly briefed and thereby would have occupied a very small space in the bill of exceptions, this court will direct that the cost of bringing so much of such documentary evidence as was unnecessary and useless be taxed against the defendant in error.

Judgment affirmed, with direction. All concur.
G. G. Conyers and B. J. Conyers, for plaintiff in error.
J. M. Neel, contra.

90. Holtzclaw, administrator, v. Edmondson. Ejectment. Before Judge Fite. Murray superior court.

Simmons, C. J.—1. A certified copy of a deed, taken from the proper records, is, when the loss or destruction of the original has been shown, admissible in evidence to prove the existence, genuineness, and contents of the original. Havlen v. Mitchell, 103 Ga. 431.

2. There was sufficient evidence to authorize the jury to find that the defendant had acquired a good prescriptive title to the land in dispute, and a verdict in his favor was not contrary to law.

Judgment affirmed. All concur. (No further opinion.)
R. J. & J. McCamy, for plaintiff in error.
Jones & Martin, contra.

91. Southern Railway Company v. Loughridge. Damages. Before Judge Fite. Whitfield superior court.

Little, J.—1. While the evidence of the defendant was sufficient to rebut the presumption of negligence which arose on proof of the killing of the animal by the operation of the defendant's train, there was evidence on the part of the plaintiff tending to show that the company was negligent at the time of the killing. The question whether the company was negligent was for the jury. There was sufficient evidence to support the verdict.

2. If there was any error in the charge complained of, it was not, under the facts of this case, sufficient to disturb the verdict.

3. The failure to charge, of which complaint was made was not, in the absence of a request so to charge, error.

Judgment affirmed. All concur. (No further opinion.)
Shumate & Maddox, for plaintiff in error.

92. Southern Railway Company v. Watson. Appeal. Before Judge Henry. Floyd superior court.

Lewis, J.—The evidence discloses no negligence on the part of the railroad company in the erection or maintenance of the stock-gap in passing over which the plaintiff's mule was injured; and the verdict awarding damages to the plaintiff was therefore unwarranted.

Judgment reversed. All concur. (No further opinion.)
Shumate & Maddox and Harris, Chamlee & Harris, for plaintiff in error.
Harper Hamilton, contra.

93. Dannenberg v. Mayor and Council of Macon et al. Petition for injunction. Before Judge Felton. Bibb superior court.

Cobb, J.—1. The charter of the city of Macon confers upon the corporate authorities of such city the power in their discretion to grant encroachments upon its streets; but it is required that the city authorities should pay "due regard to the interests of property holders who are affected" by an encroachment granted in a given case. Kirkland v. Macon, 66 Ga. 385; Daly v. Railroad Company, 80 Ga. 793.

2. The record in the present case does not disclose such an abuse of discretion, either on the part of the corporate authorities of the city of Macon or of the judge whose decision is under review, as would authorize this court to reverse his judgment refusing to grant an injunction to prevent the city authorities from carrying into effect the ordinance granting an encroachment upon one of the streets of the city.

Judgment affirmed. All concur. (No further opinion.)
Hardeman, Davis, Turner & Jones, for plaintiff in error.
Minter Wimberly and Roland Ellis, by Spencer R. Atkinson, contra.

He Kept His Leg.

Twelve years ago J. W. Sullivan, of Hartford, Conn., scratched his leg with a rusty wire. Inflammation and blood poisoning set in. For two years he suffered intensely. Then the best doctors urged amputation, "but," he writes, "I used one bottle of Electric Bitters and 1½ boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve and my leg was sound and well as ever." For Eruptions, Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Sores and all blood disorders Electric Bitters has no rival on earth. Try them. All druggists will guarantee satisfaction or refund money. Only 50 cents.

$8.87.

Atlanta to Savannah and Return via Central of Georgia Railway.

Account Georgia State Fair, Savannah, Central of Georgia railway will sell round-trip tickets from all points in the state of Georgia at one fare, plus 50 cents for admission to fair grounds, November 4 to 15, inclusive, and for trains scheduled to arrive Savannah prior to noon November 16, final limit November 18. For full particulars apply to any agent Central of Georgia railway. W. H. FOGG, Trav. Pass. Agent, 16 Wall St., Atlanta, Ga.

We have a good book which is worth asking about. John M. Miller Co., 39 Marietta street.

RAILWAY NOTES.

General Passenger Agent S. H. Hardwick, of the Southern railway, has issued a letter to the passenger representatives of the Southern in reference to the South Carolina Interstate and West Indian exposition requesting them to give this event all the advertisement possible. He speaks of the progress of the work at the exposition grounds as most satisfactory, and says that everything will be done for the comfort of visitors.

This work on the part of the Southern will doubtless carry a large number of visitors to Charleston, as this road is represented in every part of the country, and its passenger representatives are in close touch with tourists everywhere.

In its folder recently issued the Seaboard Air Line announces that it now has on sale mileage books good for 2,000 miles for $40, a rate of 2 cents per mile. The mileage books are good for one year from date of issue between Richmond, Portsmouth, Wilmington, Columbia, Rutherfordton, Atlanta and intermediate stations including branches.

This is an innovation on the part of the Seaboard which will be appreciated by the traveling public, and especially by commercial travelers.

The Liberty Bell train will go from Philadelphia to Charleston via Harrisburg, Bristol, Morristown, Asheville, Spartanburg, Columbia and Savannah. After reaching Bristol it will travel over the Southern. This itinerary has been arranged with an idea of sending the bell through cities where it has never been seen before.

J. W. Brown, Jr., of Norfolk, city passenger agent for the Seaboard Air Line, is in the city.

The conference committee of the Southern Passenger Association meets in Washington on Tuesday, the 12th. Several matters of importance are to come up at this meeting.

O. L. Mitchell, district passenger agent for the Queen and Crescent, and C. C. Clark, traveling passenger agent for the Big Four, two popular railway men from Chattanooga, were in Atlanta yesterday.

It is understood that George Forrester, traveling freight agent for the Western and Atlantic, will in a short time leave the service of that road to accept the position of auditor with a large compress combine, and that Ed Smith, now with the Western and Atlantic, is slated as his successor.

I. E. Rehlander, traveling passenger agent for the St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern, was in the city yesterday.

The Atlanta and West Point and the Western of Alabama has just had a handsome floor sign put in at its Pryor street office.

The Santa Fe has adopted a new design for its trade mark. It is a plain Greek cross in a blue circle on a white field lettered with the name Santa Fe in white. Its origin is the cross used by the Spanish missionaries in New Mexico.

Colonel B. W. Wrenn, the popular passenger traffic manager of the Plant system, is the author of the following which appeared in a late issue of Saxby's Magazine:

When a lady
Rather sadly,
Or it may be,
Rather gladly,
Tells you that with her you've failed to
Make a hit;
When she springs the
"Don't mind, do you?"
Or the "Be a
Sister to you;"
Then the proper diagnosis
Is: "You're IT."

When the bunko
Steerer praises
Off with all of
Your finances;
When the street car gong rings after
You have hit;
When the auto-
Mobile slams you
Into hitching posts
And jams you—
Then the proper diagnosis
Is: "You're IT."

There will always
Be a witness,
When you take the
Rank of It-ness,
And the title nearly always
Is a fit.
But when you're in
Grip's hot clutches,
And it gives the
Final touches,
Then the proper diagnosis
Is: "It's IT."

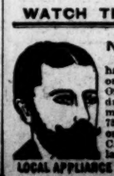
An English Author Wrote:

"No shade, no shine, no fruit, no flowers, no leaves—November!" Many Americans would add no freedom from catarrh, which is so aggravated during this month that it becomes constantly troublesome. There is abundant proof that catarrh is a constitutional disease. It is related to scrofula and consumption, being one of the wasting diseases. Hood's Sarsaparilla has shown that what is capable of eradicating scrofula, completely cures catarrh and taken in time prevents consumption. We cannot see how any sufferer can put off taking this medicine, in view of the widely published record of its radical and permanent cures. It is undoubtedly America's Greatest Medicine for America's Greatest Disease—Catarrh.

HONOR ROLL

R. H. Comer, No. 2 Hemphill avenue.
G. Y. Pierce, No. 782 Marietta street.
J. W. Cotton, No. 114 Forsyth street.
Wells & Willis, No. 273 Peters street.
J. J. Childress, Nos. 290 and 292 Peters street.
W. F. Matthews, Nos. 238 and 240 McDaniel street.
C. G. Hannah, Nos. 374 and 376 Windsor street.
L. S. Prorano & Co., No. 504 Decatur street.
C. A. Tappan & Co., No. 57 Highland avenue.
J. W. Sharpe, No. 116 Baker street.
Paul Toland & Co., Battle Hill.
J. S. Holland, Big Bonanza Cigar Store.
A. L. Garrison, No. 190 Peters street.

SELL
ROMAN KNIGHT
CIGARS.
WATCH THIS FOR ADDITIONS.



NO CURE, NO PAY.
MEN.—Stop taking medicine. If you have small, weak organs, lost power or weakening drains, our Vacuum Organ Developer will restore you. No drugs. Stricture and Varicocele permanently cured in 1 to 4 weeks; 75,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned; effect immediate; no C. O. D. frauds; write for free particulars, sent sealed in plain envelopes.
LOCAL APPLIANCE CO., 156 Nicollet Blk., Indianapolis, Ind.

..... A GOOD THING .....

We are now offering the best rent paying plant in the city, consisting of three six-room houses and two two-room houses, renting for $44 per month.

These houses are bran new and situated in a splendid renting neighborhood.

We can sell this property for $3,400.00.

$528.00 PER ANNUM FOR $3,400.00

or over 15 per cent on the investment. There is no use to hesitate about this when conservative investors are glad to get 7 to 8 per cent from any property.

Call and see us about this if you want a bargain.

G. W. ADAIR.

If it's Printing, and you want the "Best," call on us
THE FOOTE & DAVIES COMPANY
The Best in Printing and the Allied Arts
65 E. Alabama St. Atlanta, Georgia

STEAM **COAL** LUMP
FOR DEALERS AND MANUFACTURERS.
ON TRACK IN ATLANTA AT MINE PRICES.
Keiley Coal & Ice Co.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.



School Boy's Pride Shoes, $2.00.
The best shoe you can find for the price.
KNOTT & AWTRY SHOE CO.,
25 Whitehall Street.



H. M. ASHE,
Smith Premier Typewriters and Automobiles
Atlanta, Ga.
WANTED
A young man stenographer. Salary about $40 and up.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, November 8, 1901.—Arminius Wright has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Mary E. Coles, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in December next.
JOHN R. WILKINSON, Ordinary.
11-9-14-21-28

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, November 8, 1901.—George W. Adair has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Jack Adair, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in December next.
JOHN R. WILKINSON, Ordinary.
11-9-14-21-28

EISEMAN BROS.
ANNOUNCEMENT PAGE 3.



Gentlemen's Furnishings



Besides our clothing, shoes, hats, etc., we have the choicest selection in the South of neckwear and gloves.

Four-in-Hands, Butterfly Bows, Puffs, String Ties, Etc., Etc., Etc.
Imperials, Bat Wings, Ascots, Band Bows, Etc., Etc., Etc.

The above are in all shades, light or dark, and are made of gros grains, foibles, liberty satins, dimities, piques, etc. All that's good to see and good to wear is our motto here as everywhere.

GLOVES $1.00 to $5.00—Fisk, Clark and Flagg gloves, Mocha lined and unlined.
CAPE GLOVES—Coachmen's gloves of all kinds.

Remember the ten per cent discount and that we are

Sole Atlanta Agents for Hess Shoes and Stuttgarter Underwear.

Eiseman Bros.,
Temporary Quarters Corner Alabama and Pryor Streets, Half Block South of Union Depot.

SPECIAL NOTICES

M. M. Mauck, 42 Peachtree Street. Paints, paper, painting, paper hanging.

THE WEATHER.

Washington, November 8.—Forecast for Saturday and Sunday:

Virginia—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday; light west to north winds, becoming variable.

North Carolina—Fair Saturday and Sunday; light north to northeast winds.

South Carolina and Eastern Florida—Fair Saturday and Sunday; variable winds.

Western Florida and Alabama—Fair Saturday and Sunday; light north to east winds.

Mississippi—Fair Saturday and Sunday; probably colder Sunday in western portion; light easterly winds, becoming variable.

Louisiana—Fair Saturday and Sunday; probably colder Sunday in northern and western portions; light east to south winds, shifting to northerly.

Eastern Texas—Fair Saturday; colder in northwestern portion. Sunday partly cloudy; possibly showers in extreme southern portion; fresh winds, shifting to northerly.

Western Texas—Fair Saturday and Sunday; variable winds.

Tennessee—Fair Saturday and Sunday; probably colder Sunday in western portion; easterly winds, becoming variable.

Kentucky—Fair, warmer Saturday. Sunday fair; colder; southerly winds, shifting to northerly.

From Various Stations.

STATIONS.	Temperature 7 p. m.	Highest Temperature.	Rainfall in past 24 hours.
Abilene, clear	72	76	.00
Augusta, clear	54	70	.00
Buffalo, cloudy	44	44	T
Charleston, clear	58	66	.00
Charlotte, clear	54	60	.00
Chattanooga, clear	54	62	.00
Chicago, cloudy	48	50	.00
Cincinnati, clear	46	52	.00
Corpus Christi, clear	70	72	T
Detroit, partly cloudy	44	46	.00
Dodge City, partly cloudy	52	70	.00
Galveston, clear	70	74	.00
Huron, clear	30	44	.00
Jacksonville, clear	62	72	.00
Jupiter, clear	64	76	.00
Kansas City, clear	64	66	.00
Key West, clear	72	76	.00
Knoxville, clear	48	58	.00
Memphis, clear	58	64	.00
Mobile, clear	62	72	.00
Montgomery, clear	62	70	.00
New Orleans, clear	66	74	.00
New York, clear	46	54	.00
Norfolk, clear	52	58	.00
North Platte, partly cldy	46	56	.00
Omaha, clear	50	58	.00
Palestine, partly cloudy	68	78	.00
Raleigh, clear	50	58	.00
Rapid City, clear	52	62	.00
St. Louis, clear	56	60	.00
St. Paul, clear	38	44	.00
Savannah, clear	60	72	.00
Tampa, clear	62	72	.00
Vicksburg, clear	64	74	.00
Wilmington, clear	54	62	.00

T indicates trace of rain or snow.
J. B. MARBURY, Local Forecast Official.

SEAMAN IS AN OLD OFFENDER.

He Is Charged With Swindling by Stock Operations.

New York, November 8—Alexander Seaman is in prison here, charged with a series of alleged swindling stock operations under the name of M. F. Phillips. The police say Seaman advertised himself as a stock exchange broker and secured a number of out-of-town accounts. No return was ever made and several of the customers wrote to the detective bureau complaining. Seaman was caught when he called at a branch postoffice for mail. It is said that Seaman served a year in Kings county penitentiary for passing worthless checks in Brooklyn in 1898.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

CENTRAL OF GEORGIA RAILWAY.

Arrive From		Depart To	
Jonesboro	8 45 am	*Jonesboro	8 50 am
*Savannah	7 25 am	*Savannah	8 00 am
*Jonesboro	8 05 am	Hapeville	8 30 am
Hapeville	9 40 am	Jonesboro	12 10 pm
*Macon	11 20 am	Hapeville	3 40 pm
Jonesboro	2 05 pm	*Macon	4 05 pm
Hapeville	4 50 pm	Hapeville	5 00 pm
Hapeville	6 15 pm	Jonesboro	6 10 pm
Savannah	7 45 pm	*Savannah	8 00 pm
Jonesboro	9 10 pm	Jonesboro	11 10 pm
Following Trains Sunday Only:		Following Trains Sunday Only:	
Hapeville	10 45 am	Hapeville	5 10 am
Hapeville	2 05 pm	Hapeville	12 50 pm

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

Arrive From		Depart To	
*Nashville	7 30 am	*Nashville	8 15 am
Marietta	8 40 am	Marietta	12 10 pm
*Nashville	11 35 am	*Nashville	5 00 pm
Marietta	2 55 pm	Marietta	5 30 pm
*Nashville	7 30 pm	*Nashville	8 30 pm

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILROAD.

Arrive From		Depart To	
*Norfolk	8 00 am	*Clinton	8 35 am
*Washington	3 55 pm	*Washington	12 00 n'n
*Clinton	7 00 pm	*Norfolk	8 00 pm

GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Arrive From		Depart To	
*Augusta	8 00 am	*Augusta	7 55 am
Conyers	8 45 am	Lithonia	10 05 am
Covington	7 45 am	*Augusta	3 10 pm
*Augusta	12 20 pm	Conyers	5 00 pm
Lithonia	3 25 pm	Covington	6 10 pm
*Augusta	8 00 pm	*Augusta	11 35 pm

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.

Arrive From		Depart To	
*Montgomery	11 40 am	*Montgomery	3 30 am
*Selma	7 30 pm	*Montgomery	12 30 pm
*Selma	11 40 pm	*Selma	4 20 pm
LaGrange	8 25 am	Palmetto	12 01 pm
Palmetto	2 15 pm	LaGrange	4 30 pm
Sunday Only		Sunday Only	
LaGrange	10 30 am	LaGrange	8 10 am

ATLANTA, KNOXVILLE AND NORTHERN.
(Via W. and A. R. R. to Marietta).
Leave Atlanta for Knoxville | 8 15 am
Arrive Atlanta from Knoxville | 7 30 pm
*Daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.

Southern Railway,

Famous for Its Great Through Trains and Dining Car Service.

THROUGH COACHES AND SLEEPERS IN ALL DIRECTIONS.

The Standard Route To the East.

"The Washington and Southwestern Limited."
One of America's Finest Trains
Runs solid Atlanta to Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York. Club Cars, Library Observation Cars, Palace Drawing Room Sleepers and Dining Cars. Leaves Atlanta 12 noon daily, arrives Washington 7 a. m., and New York 12:40 noon.

The United States Fast Mail.
Solid Vestibuled Train, Atlanta to Washington and New York. Through Modern Vestibuled Coaches, Pullman Sleepers and Dining Cars. Sleeping Cars for Asheville, Richmond and Norfolk. Connections for all Virginia and Carolina Resort Places. Leaves Atlanta 11:50 p. m.; arrives Washington 8:30 p. m., New York 6 a. m.

"The Cincinnati and Buffalo Limited"
Through to Cincinnati without change. Sleeping Cars to Louisville, Cincinnati and Buffalo. Leaves Atlanta 5:15 p. m., arrives Cincinnati 8 a. m., Louisville 8:10 a. m. and Buffalo 7:30 p. m. next day.

"The Cincinnati and Louisville Day Express."
High Class Coaches, Sleepers and Dining Cars. Leaves Atlanta 5:30 a. m., arrives Cincinnati 7:30 p. m., and Louisville 7:50 p. m.

"The Kansas City Limited."
Through Chair and Observation Car Atlanta to Memphis; Day Coaches and Pullman Sleeping Cars Leaves Atlanta 6 a. m., Arrives Memphis 8:10 p. m., Kansas City 9:40 a. m. Hours the Quickest to Kansas City, Denver and the West.

"The Florida Limited."
Through Coaches and Sleepers to Jacksonville. Leaves Atlanta 10:45 p. m., arrives Jacksonville 8:30 a. m.

For rates, information, sleeping car berths, etc., apply Kimball House Corner, 'Phone 146, or Union Depot, 'Phone 178.